

1. CONVENTION CONCERNING THE USE OF WHITE LEAD IN PAINTING

Objectives

To protect workers from exposure to white lead and sulphate of lead and of all products containing these pigments.

Summary of provisions

(a) Parties to prohibit the use of white lead and sulphate of lead and of all products containing these pigments in the internal painting of buildings, except where such use is considered necessary by the competent authority after consultation with the employers' and workers' organizations concerned, or where white pigments contain a maximum of 2 per cent of lead;

(b) Employment of males under eighteen years of age and of all females to be generally prohibited in any painting work of an industrial character involving the use of white lead or sulphate of lead or other products containing these pigments;

(c) Parties to regulate the use of white lead, sulphate of lead and all products containing these pigments in operations for which their use is not prohibited, in accordance with the principles laid down in the Convention;

(d) Statistics with regard to lead poisoning among working painters to be obtained.

Membership

Open for accession to all States members of the International Labour Organization. Instruments of accession to be deposited with the Director-General of the International Labour Office.

Date of adoption	25.10.1921
Place of adoption	Geneva
Date of entry into force	31.08.1923
Languages	English, French
Depositary	International Labour Organization

(Status as of 15 December 2005)

Participant	Entry into Force
Afghanistan	12.06.1939
Algeria	19.10.1962
Argentina	26.05.1936
Austria	12.06.1924
Azerbaijan	19.05.1992
Belgium	19.07.1926
Benin	12.12.1960
Bosnia and Herzegovina	02.06.1993
Bulgaria	06.03.1925

Participant	Entry into Force
Burkina Faso	21.11.1960
Cambodia	24.02.1969
Cameroon	07.06.1960
Central African Republic	27.10.1960
Chad	10.11.1960
Chile	15.09.1925
Colombia	20.06.1933
Comoros	23.10.1978
Congo	10.11.1960
Côte d'Ivoire	21.11.1960
Croatia	08.10.1991
Cuba	07.07.1928
Czech Republic	01.01.1993
Djibouti	03.08.1978
Estonia	08.09.1922
Finland	05.04.1929
France	19.02.1926
Gabon	14.10.1960
Greece	22.12.1926
Guatemala	05.01.1990
Guinea	21.01.1959
Hungary	08.06.1956
Iraq	19.04.1966
Italy	22.10.1952
Lao People's Democratic Republic	23.01.1964
Latvia	09.09.1924
Luxembourg	16.04.1928

Participant	Entry into Force
Madagascar	01.11.1960
Mali	22.09.1960
Malta	09.06.1988
Mauritania	20.06.1961
Mexico	07.01.1938
Morocco	13.06.1956
Netherlands	15.12.1939
Nicaragua	12.04.1934
Niger	27.02.1961
Norway	11.06.1929
Panama	19.06.1970
Poland	21.06.1924
Romania	04.12.1925
Russian Federation	10.10.1991
Senegal	04.11.1960
Serbia and Montenegro	24.11.2000
Slovakia	01.01.1993
Slovenia	29.05.1992
Spain	20.06.1924
Surinam	15.06.1976
Sweden	27.11.1923
The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	17.11.1991
Togo	07.06.1960
Tunisia	12.06.1956
Uruguay	06.06.1933
Venezuela	28.04.1933

Secretariat

International Labour Office
4, route des Morillons
CH-1211 Geneva 22, Switzerland
Tel: +41 22 799 6111
Fax: +41 22 798 8685
E-mail: infonorm@ilo.org
Website: <http://www.ilo.org>

2. CONVENTION RELATIVE TO THE PRESERVATION OF FAUNA AND FLORA IN THEIR NATURAL STATE

Objectives

To preserve the natural fauna and flora of certain parts of the world, particularly of Africa, by means of national parks and reserves, and by regulation of hunting and collection of species.

Summary of provisions

- (a) Parties to establish national parks and strict natural reserves in their territories (art. 3), and to control all human settlements therein (art. 4);
- (b) Preservation of forest areas and domestication of economically utilizable wild animals to be encouraged (art.7);
- (a) Protection of species listed in annex to be of special urgency and importance (art. 8);
- (b) Trade in trophies and manufacture of articles from them to be controlled (art. 9);
- (c) Certain methods of hunting to be generally prohibited, e.g. poison, explosives, dazzling lights, nets, pits, snares, etc. (art. 10).

Membership

Open for accession to any Government. Instruments of accession to be deposited with the depositary Government.

Date of adoption	08.11.1933
Place of adoption	London
Date of Entry into Force	14.01.1936
Languages	English, French
Depositary	United Kingdom

(Status as of January 2005)

Participant	Signature	Acceptance (At)/ Accession (Ac)	Date of deposit	Entry into Force
Belgium	08.11.1933	At	29.07.1935	14.01.1936
Egypt	08.11.1933	At	21.02.1935	14.01.1936
France	08.11.1933			
India ¹		Ac	09.05.1939	09.08.1939
Italy	08.11.1933	At	27.06.1939	27.09.1939
Portugal	08.11.1933	At	13.07.1950	13.10.1950
South Africa	08.11.1933	At	19.11.1935	14.01.1936
Spain	08.11.1933			

¹ Signifies that a reservation or declaration was deposited upon or following accession.

Participant	Signature	Acceptance (At)/ Accession (Ac)	Date of deposit	Entry into Force
Sudan	08.11.1933	At	14.10.1935	14.01.1936
United Kingdom	08.11.1933	At	09.04.1935	14.01.1936
United Republic of Tanzania		Ac	09.12.1962	03.03.1963

Secretariat

Treaty Section
Information Management Department
Foreign and Commonwealth Office
Old Admiralty Building
London, SW1A 2PA
United Kingdom
Telephone: 020 7008 1109
Fax: 020 7008 1115
E-Mail: treaty.fco@gtnet.gov.uk
Website: <http://www.fco.gov.uk>

3. CONVENTION ON NATURE PROTECTION AND WILDLIFE PRESERVATION IN THE WESTERN HEMISPHERE

Objectives

To preserve all species and genera of native American fauna and flora from extinction, and to preserve areas of extraordinary beauty, striking geological formations or aesthetic, historic or scientific value.

Summary of provisions

- (a) Parties to establish national parks, national reserves, nature monuments and strict wilderness reserves (art. 2);
- (b) National parks to provide recreational and educational facilities to the public (art. 3);
- (c) Strict wilderness areas to be maintained inviolate (art. 4);
- (d) Cooperation to be maintained between Governments in the field of research (art. 6);
- (e) Species listed in annex to enjoy special protection (art. 8);
- (f) Controls to be imposed on trade protected fauna and flora and any part thereof (art. 9).

Membership

The Convention is open for signature by American Governments. Instruments of ratification to be deposited with the Organization of America States.

Date of adoption	12.10.1940
Place of adoption	Washington, D.C.
Date of Entry into Force	01.05.1942
Languages	English, French, Portuguese, Spanish
Depositary	General Secretariat of the Organization of American States

Participant	Signature	Ratification
Argentina	19.05.1941	27.06.1946
Bolivia	12.10.1940	
Brazil	27.17.1940	26.08.1965
Chile	22.01.1941	04.12.1967
Colombia	17.01.1941	
Costa Rica	24.10.1940	12.01.1967
Cuba	12.10.1940	
Dominican Republic	12.10.1940	03.03.1942
Ecuador	12.10.1940	20.10.1944
El Salvador	12.10.1940	02.12.1941

Participant	Signature	Ratification
Guatemala	09.04.1941	14.08.1941
Haiti	29.04.1941	31.01.194
Mexico	20.11.1940	27.03.1942
Nicaragua	12.10.1940	22.05.1946
Panama	16.12.1965	16.03.1972
Paraguay	10.04.1979	30.01.1981
Peru	12.10.1940	22.11.1946
Suriname	30.04.1985	30.04.1985
Trinidad and Tobago	24.04.1969	24.04.1969
United States of America	02.10.1940	28.04.1941
Uruguay	09.12.1940	09.04.1970
Venezuela	12.10.1940	03.11.1941

Note: The General Assembly of OAS, in its resolution AG/RES. 1357 (XXV-O/95) adopted at its twenty-fifth session on 9 June 1995, resolved, inter alia, the following:

“To note the conclusion reached by the Permanent Council to the effect that it would be neither necessary nor expedient to update the text of the 1940 Convention on Nature Protection and Wildlife Preservation in the Western Hemisphere, or to adopt a new convention, on the premise that existing international and regional juridical instruments, in particular, the United Nations Convention on Biological Diversity, would suffice to ensure progress toward the common goal of conserving and making rational use of our Hemisphere's biological resources.”

“To recommend that the Permanent Council consider the usefulness of the 1940 Convention as an instrument for inter-American cooperation within the broadest possible context of efforts to evaluate and update the Inter-American Program of Action for Environmental Protection.”

Secretariat:

Organization of American States
 17th Street and Constitution Ave.
 N.W. Washington D.C. 20006
 U.S.A.
 Tel: (202)458-3000
 Website: <http://www.oas.org/>

4. INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION FOR THE REGULATION OF WHALING (AS AMENDED)

Objectives

To promote all species of whales from overfishing and safeguard for future generations the great natural resources represented by whale stocks. To establish a system of international regulation for the whale fisheries to ensure proper conservation and development of whale stocks. To establish a system of international regulation for the whale fisheries to ensure proper conservation and development of whale stocks.

Summary of provisions

- (a) An International Whaling Commission established (art. 3);
- (b) The Commission to encourage research and investigation, to collect and analyse statistical information, and to appraise and disseminate information concerning whaling and whale stocks (art. 4);
- (c) The Commission to meet annually to adopt regulations for the conservation and utilization of whale stocks, dealing with protected and unprotected species, open and closed seasons, open and closed areas, size limits for species, maximum catches for any one season, types of gear and apparatus to be used (art. 9)

Membership

Any Government may adhere to the Convention by notification in writing to the depositary Government.

		Amendment
Date of adoption	02.12.1946	
Place of adoption	Washington, D.C.	19.11.1956
Date of entry into force	10.11.1948	04.05.1956
Language	English	
Depositary	United States of America	

(Status as of 5 October 2005)

Participant	Entry into force
Antigua and Barbuda	21.07.1982
Argentina ²	18.05.1960
Australia	10.11.1948
Austria	20.05.1994
Belgium	15.07.2004
Belize	17.06.2003
Benin	26.04.2002

² With a reservation.

Participant	Entry into force
Brazil	04.01.1974
Cameroon	14.06.2005
Chile ²	06.07.1979
China	24.09.1980
Costa Rica	06.05.1981
Côte d'Ivoire	08.07.2004
Czech Republic	26.01.2005
Denmark	23.05.1950
Dominica	18.06.1992
Finland	23.02.1983
France	03.12.1948
Gabon	08.05.2002
Germany	02.07.1982
Grenada	07.04.1993
Guinea	21.06.2000
Hungary	01.05.2004
Iceland	10.10.2002
India	09.03.1981
Ireland	02.01.1985
Italy	06.02.1998
Japan	21.04.1951
Kenya	02.12.1981
Kiribati	28.12.2004
Luxembourg	10.06.2005
Mali	17.08.2004
Mauritania	23.12.2003
Mexico	30.06.1949

Participant	Entry into force
Monaco	15.03.1982
Mongolia	16.05.2002
Morocco	12.02.2001
Nauru	15.06.2005
Netherlands ³	14.06.1977
New Zealand	15.06.1976
Nicaragua	05.06.2003
Norway	03.03.1948
Oman	15.07.1980
Palau	08.05.2002
Panama	12.06.2001
Peru	18.06.1979
Portugal	14.05.2002
Republic of Korea	29.12.1978
Russian Federation	10.11.1948
San Marino	16.04.2002
Saint Kitts and Nevis	24.06.1992
Saint Lucia	29.06.1981
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	22.07.1981
Senegal	15.07.1982
Slovak Republic	22.03.2005
Solomon Islands	10.05.1993
South Africa	10.11.1948
Spain	06.07.1979
Suriname	15.07.2004
Sweden	15.06.1979

³ The Convention was extended to the Netherlands Antilles on 16.02.1982.

Participant	Entry into force
Switzerland	29.05.1980
Togo	15.06.2005
Tuvalu	30.06.2004
United Kingdom	10.11.1948
United States of America	10.11.1948

Secretariat

The International Whaling Commission
The Red House
135 Station Road, Impington,
Cambridge, Cambridgeshire CB4 9NP, UK.
Tel: +44 (0) 1223 233 971
Fax: +44 (0) 1223 232 876
Email: secretariat@iwcoffice.org

5. CONVENTION FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF AN INTER-AMERICAN TROPICAL TUNA COMMISSION

Objectives

To maintain populations of yellow fin and skipjack tuna in the eastern Pacific Ocean to permit maximum sustained catches year after year.

Summary of provisions

- (a) An Inter-American Tropical Tuna Commission established (art. 1);
- (b) The Commission to investigate the abundance, biology and ecology of the tuna, and of fishes used as bait in the tuna fisheries, collect and analyse information, publish such information and make recommendations for joint action by the parties to maintain tuna stocks (art. 2).

Membership

Any Government whose nationals participate in the fisheries covered by the Convention may adhere to the Convention; notification shall be made to each of the contracting parties, whose unanimous consent is required. Thereafter such Government shall deposit an instrument of adherence with the depositary Government.

Date of adoption	31.05.1949
Place of adoption	Washington, D.C.
Date of entry into force	03.03.1950
Languages	English, Spanish
Depositary	United States of America

(Status as of 1 January 2005)

Participants
Costa Rica ⁴
Ecuador
El Salvador
France
Guatemala
Japan
Mexico
Nicaragua
Panama
Peru

⁴ Costa Rica denounced the Convention effective 27.04.1979 and resumed its participation in the Commission ⁴ At its 22nd Session held in Rome from 13-16 October 1997 General Fisheries Council for the Mediterranean (GFCM) changed its name into "General Fisheries Commission for the Mediterranean" (See 1997 Amendments) effective 29.05.1989.

Participants
United States of America
Vanuatu
Venezuela

Secretariat

Inter-American Tropical Tuna Commission

8604 La Jolla Shores Drive

La Jolla CA 92037-1508

USA

Tel: (858) 546 7100

Fax: (858) 546 7133

Webmaster@iattc.org

6. AGREEMENT FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A GENERAL FISHERIES COUNCIL FOR THE MEDITERRANEAN (as amended)⁵

Objectives

The development and proper utilization of the resources of the Mediterranean and contiguous waters through international cooperation.

Summary of provisions

(a) A General Fisheries Council for the Mediterranean established, within the framework of FAO (art. 1);

(b) The Council to encourage and coordinate research, to undertake research, to publish information, and to propose measures regarding standardization of equipment, techniques and nomenclature, and the development and proper utilization of aquatic resources.

Membership

Open to members and associate members of FAO and such other States as are members of the United Nations, any of its specialized agencies or IAEA.

Method of participation

(a) For members and associate members of FAO: by deposition an instrument of acceptance with the Director-General of FAO, which takes effect on the date of receipt;

(b) For other States that are members of the United Nations, any of its specialized agencies or IAEA: by submitting to the General Fisheries Council for the Mediterranean an application for admission and a declaration made in a formal instrument that they accept the Agreement as in force at the time of admission. Admission to membership is decided by the Council by a two-thirds majority of its members.

Amendments

Date of adoption	24.09.1949	
Place of adoption	Rome	
Dates of entry into force	20.02.1952	02.12.1963 09.12.1976
Language	English, French, Spanish	
Depositary	Director-General of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations	

(Status as of 15 December 2005)

Participant	Acceptance
Albania	10.04.1991
Algeria	11.12.1967
Bulgaria	03.11.1969
Croatia	22.05.1995

⁵ At its 22nd Session held in Rome from 13-16 October 1997 General Fisheries Council for the Mediterranean (GFCM) changed its name into "General Fisheries Commission for the Mediterranean" (See 1997 Amendments).

Participant	Acceptance
Cyprus	10.06.1965
Egypt	19.02.1951
European Community	25.06.1998
France	08.07.1952
Greece	07.04.1952
Israel	20.02.1952
Italy	29.05.1950
Japan	12.06.1997
Lebanon	14.11.1960
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	13.05.1963
Malta	29.04.1965
Monaco	14.05.1954
Morocco	17.09.1956
Romania	19.02.1971
Serbia and Montenegro ⁶	27.04.1992
Slovenia	25.05.2000
Spain	19.10.1953
Syrian Arab Republic	12.12.1975
Tunisia	22.06.1954
Turkey	06.04.1954
United Kingdom ⁷	20.11.1950

⁶ On 8 January 2003, Director-General of FAO received a notification of succession from the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia as a successor State of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia. On 6 February 2003 the Director-General received a further notification informing of the change of name to Serbia and Montenegro.

⁷ United Kingdom deposited a notification of withdrawal on 25.03.1968.

Secretariat

Food and Agriculture Organization
of the United Nations (FAO)
Viale delle Terme di Caracalla, 00100 Rome, Italy
Telephone: +39 06 5705 1
Fax: +39 06 5705 3152
Telex: 625852/610181 FAO I/
Cable address: FOODAGRI ROME
Email: FAO-HQ@fao.org

7. INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION FOR THE PROTECTION OF BIRDS

Objectives

To protect birds in the wild state, considering that in the interests of science, the protection of nature and the economy of each nation, all birds should as a matter of principle be protected.

Summary of provisions

- (a) In general, protection to be given to all birds during the breeding season, to migrants during their flight to their breeding grounds, and to endangered species throughout the year (art. 2);
- (b) In general, the taking of eggs, shells and young birds to be prohibited (art. 4);
- (c) Certain methods of hunting birds to be prohibited or restricted, e.g. snares, nets, poisoned bait, blinded decoy birds, motor boats and motor vehicles (art. 5);
- (d) A species found to be a pest in a region may be excepted from protection (art. 6);
- (e) Exceptions may also be made in the interests of science and education (art. 7);
- (f) Each party to draw up lists of birds which may be lawfully taken or killed in compliance with this Convention (art. 8);
- (g) Parties to take measures to prevent destruction of birds by water pollution, electric cables, insecticides and poisons, and to educate children and the public in the need for protection of birds (art. 10);
- (h) Parties to establish reserves for breeding birds (art. 11).

Membership

Open for accession to any State. Instruments of accession to be deposited with the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the depositary Government.

Date of adoption	18.10.1950
Place of adoption	Paris
Date of entry into force	17.01.1963
Language	French
Depositary	France

Participant	Entry into force
Belgium	17.01.1963
Iceland	17.01.1963
Italy	08.06.1979
Luxembourg	17.01.1963
Netherlands	17.01.1963
Spain	17.01.1963
Sweden	23.07.1963
Switzerland	17.01.1963

Participant	Entry into force
Turkey	12.09.1967
Yugoslavia	26.09.1973

8. CONVENTION FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE EUROPEAN AND MEDITERRANEAN PLANT PROTECTION ORGANIZATION (as amended)

Objectives

To prevent the introduction and spread of pests and diseases of plants and plant products.

Summary of Provisions

- (a) A European and Mediterranean Plant Protection Organization established (art. 1);
- (b) The Organization to act, with FAO, as a regional plant protection organization under article 8 of the International Plant Protection Convention, 1951;
- (c) The Organization to advise, assist and coordinate Government measures to prevent the introduction and spread of plant pests and diseases (art. 5), and to obtain, exchange, study and publish information relating to the same;
- (d) Schedule II contain a list of pests and diseases to be given special attention.

Membership

Restricted to those countries listed in schedule III of the Convention, and any other country the Council of the Organization may invite to become a member.

Date of adoption	18.04.1951	09.05.1962
Place of adoption	Paris	13.05.1964
Date of entry into force	01.11.1953	10.03.1966
		18.09.1968
Languages	English, French	
Depositary	France	

Participant	Entry into force	Withdrawals
Algeria	04.08.1962	
Austria	01.11.1953	
Belgium	01.11.1953	
Bulgaria	16.04.1959	
Cyprus	06.11.1961	
Czechoslovakia	29.04.1960	
Denmark	01.11.1953	
Finland	01.06.1960	
France	01.11.1953	
Germany	26.07.1954	
Greece	09.03.1956	
Hungary	05.05.1960	

Participant	Entry into force	Withdrawals
Iran, Islamic Republic of	06.05.1976	19.02.1982
Ireland	01.11.1953	
Israel	01.11.1953	
Italy	01.11.1953	
Luxembourg	01.11.1953	
Morocco	26.11.1972	
Netherlands	01.11.1953	
Norway	01.04.1956	
Poland	05.09.1958	
Portugal	03.11.1953	
Romania	05.04.1959	
Russian Federation	17.07.1957	
Spain	01.11.1953	
Sweden	01.11.1953	
Switzerland	01.11.1953	
Turkey	09.09.1965	
United Kingdom ⁸	01.11.1953	
Yugoslavia	01.11.1953	

⁸ Applied to Guernsey and Jersey.

9. INTERNATIONAL PLANT PROTECTION CONVENTION

Objectives

To maintain and increase international cooperation in controlling pests and diseases of plants and plant products, and in preventing their introduction and spread across national boundaries.

Summary of provisions

- (a) Parties undertake to adopt the legislative, technical and administrative measures specified in the Convention (art. 1);
- (b) Specific and regional agreements to be made in conjunction with the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO) (art. 2);
- (b) Each Party to set up an official plant protection organization to:
 - (i) Inspect areas under cultivation and consignments of plants in international traffic for existence or outbreak of plant pests or diseases;
 - (ii) Issue certificates relating to the phytosanitary condition and origin of plants and plant products;
 - (iii) Carry out research in the field of plant protection (art. 4);
- (d) Parties to regulate very strictly the import and export of plants and plant products, by means, where necessary, of prohibitions, inspections and destruction of consignments (art. 6).

Membership

Open to any State interested in the purposes of the Convention, whether or not a member or associate member of FAO.

Method of Participation

Open to any State interested until 1 May 1952. Signatures subject to the deposit of instruments of ratification with the Director-General of FAO, without time-limit. After ratification by three signatory Governments it entered into force, and then remained open for adherence by non-signatory Governments, without time-limit, by depositing an instrument of adherence with the Director-General.

		Amendments	
Date of adoption	06.12.1951	November 1979	November 1997
Place of adoption	Rome	Rome	Rome
Date of entry into force	03.04.1952	04.04.1991	02.10.2005
Languages	English, French, Spanish		
Depositary	Director-General of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations		

At its twentieth session, in November 1979, the FAO Conference approved a revised text of the Convention which incorporated amendments. In accordance with article XIII, paragraph 4 of the Convention, the revised text came into force with respect to all contracting parties as from the thirtieth day after acceptance by two-thirds of the contracting parties, i.e. 4 April 1991.

At its twenty-ninth session, in November 1997, the FAO Conference approved wide-ranging amendments to the Convention. In accordance with article XIII, paragraph 4 of the Convention, the new revised text came into force with respect to all Contracting Parties as from the thirtieth day after acceptance by two-thirds of the Contracting Parties, i.e. on 2 October 2005.

(Status as of 15 December 2005)

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/Definitive Signature (DS)/Adherence (Ad)/Succession (Sc)	Date of Deposit
Albania		Ad	29.07.1999
Algeria		Ad	01.10.1985
Argentina		Ad	23.09.1954
Australia ⁹	30.04.1952	R	27.08.1952
Austria	06.12.1951	R	22.10.1952
Azerbaijan		Ad	18.08.2000
Bahamas		Ad	19.09.1997
Bahrain		Ad	29.03.1971
Bangladesh		Ad	01.09.1978
Barbados		Ad	06.12.1976
Belarus		Ad	21.02.2005
Belgium	06.12.1951	R	22.07.1952
Belize		Ad	14.05.1987
Bhutan		Ad	20.06.1994
Bolivia		Ad	27.10.1960
Bosnia and Herzegovina		Ad	30.07.2003
Brazil	06.12.1951	R	14.09.1961
Bulgaria		Ad	08.11.1991
Burkina Faso		Ad	08.06.1995
Cambodia		Ad	10.06.1952
Canada	06.12.1951	R	10.07.1953

⁹ Extended to Nauru and Norfolk Island on 9.08.1954.

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/Definitive Signature (DS)/Adherence (Ad)/Succession (Sc)	Date of Deposit
Cape Verde		Ad	19.03.1980
Central African Republic		Ad	27.10.2004
Chad		Ad	15.03.2004
Chile		DS	03.04.1952
China ¹⁰		Ad	20.10.2005
Colombia	29.04.1952	R	26.01.1970
Congo		Ad	14.12.2004
Cook Islands		Ad	02.12.2004
Costa Rica	28.04.1952	R	23.07.1973
Côte d'Ivoire		Ad	17.12.2004
Croatia		Ad	14.05.1999
Cuba	06.12.1951	R	14.04.1976
Cyprus		R	11.02.1999
Czech Republic ¹¹		Ad	05.08.1983
Democratic People's Republic of Korea		Ad	25.08.2003
Denmark ¹²	06.12.1951	R	13.02.1953
Dominican Republic		Ad	20.06.1952

¹⁰ In accordance with the Basic Law of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and the Basic Law of the Macao Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China, the Government of the People's Republic of China decides that new revised text of the International Plant Protection Convention applies to the Macao Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China. Unless otherwise notified by the Government of the People's Republic of China, the Convention shall not apply to the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China.

¹¹ Czechoslovakia had deposited the instrument of adherence on 05.08.1983.

¹² Until further notice, the new revised text of the Convention (1997) shall not apply to the Faeroe Islands and Greenland.

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/Definitive Signature (DS)/Adherence (Ad)/Succession (Sc)	Date of Deposit
Ecuador	12.03.1952	R	09/05/1956
Egypt	06.12.1951	R	22.07.1953
El Salvador	06.12.1951	R	12.02.1953
Equatorial Guinea		Ad	27.08.1991
Eritrea		Ad	06.04.2001
Estonia		Ad	07.12.2000
Ethiopia		Ad	20.06.1977
European Community		Ad	06.10.2005
Fiji		Ad	10.08.2005
Finland		Ad	22.06.1960
France	06.12.1951	R	20.08.1957
Germany ¹³	30.04.1952		03.05.1957
Ghana		Ad	22.02.1991
Greece		Ad	09.12.1954
Grenada		Ad	27.11.1985
Guatemala	23.04.1952	R	25.05.1955
Guinea		Ad	22.05.1991
Guyana		Ad	31.08.1970
Haiti		Ad	06.11.1970
Honduras		Ad	30.07.2003
Hungary		Ad	17/05/1960
Iceland		Ad	11.04.2005
India	30.04.1952	R	09.06.1952

¹³ On 3 October 1990, The German Democratic Republic acceded to the Federal Republic of Germany.

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/Definitive Signature (DS)/Adherence (Ad)/Succession (Sc)	Date of Deposit
Indonesia	06.12.1951	R	21.06.1977
Iran (Islamic Republic of)		Ad	18.09.1972
Iraq		Ad	01.07.1954
Ireland	06.12.1951	R	31.03.1955
Israel	06.12.1951	R	03.09.1956
Italy	02.02.1952	R	03.08.1955
Jamaica		Ad	24.11.1969
Japan	06.12.1951	R	11.08.1952
Jordan		Ad	24.04.1970
Kenya		Ad	07.05.1974
Korea, Republic of		Ad	08.12.1953
Kyrgyzstan		Ad	11.12.2003
Laos		Ad	28.02.1955
Latvia		Ad	18.08.2003
Lebanon		Ad	18.09.1970
Liberia		Ad	02.07.1986
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya		Ad	09.07.1970
Lithuania		Ad	12.01.2000
Luxembourg	16.01.1952	R	13.01.1955
Malawi		Ad	21.05.1974
Malaysia		Ad	17.05.1991
Mali		Ad	31.08.1987
Malta		Ad	13.05.1975
Mauritania		Ad	29.04.2002

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/Definitive Signature (DS)/Adherence (Ad)/Succession (Sc)	Date of Deposit
Mauritius		Ad	11.06.1971
Mexico		Ad	26.05.1976
Moldova		Ad	25.01.2001
Morocco		Ad	12.10.1972
Netherlands	06.12.1951	R	29.10.1954
New Zealand	06.12.1951	R	16.09.1952
Nicaragua		Ad	02.08.1956
Niger		Ad	04.06.1985
Nigeria		Ad	17.08.1993
Niue		Ad	27.10.2005
Norway		Ad	23.04.1956
Oman		Ad	23.01.1989
Pakistan		Ad	10.11.1954
Panama		Ad	14.02.1968
Papua New Guinea		Ad	01.06.1976
Paraguay		Ad	05.04.1968
Peru		Ad	01.07.1975
Philippines		R	03.12.1953
Poland		Ad	29.05.1996
Portugal		Ad	20.10.1955
Romania		Ad	17.11.1971
Russian Federation		Ad	24.04.1956
Samoa		Ad	02.03.2005
Saudi Arabia		Ad	07.08.2000
Senegal		Ad	03.03.1975

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/Definitive Signature (DS)/Adherence (Ad)/Succession (Sc)	Date of Deposit
Serbia and Montenegro		Sc	27.04.1992
Seychelles		Ad	31.10.1996
Sierra Leone		Ad	23.06.1981
Slovenia		Ad	27.05.1998
Solomon Islands		Ad	18.10.1978
South Africa	06.12.1951	R	21.09.1956
Spain	10.12.1951	R	18.02.1952
Sri Lanka	07.12.1951	R	12.02.1952
St. Kitts & Nevis		Ad	17.04.1990
St. Lucia		Ad	23.10.2002
St. Vincent and the Grenadines		Ad	15.11.2001
Sudan		Ad	16.07.1971
Suriname ¹⁴	29.10.1954	Sc	
Swaziland		Ad	12.07.2005
Sweden	11.12.1951	R	30.05.1952
Switzerland	06.12.1951	R	26.09.1966
Syria		Ad	05.11.2003
Thailand	01.12.1951	R	16.08.1978
The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia		Ad	09.08.2004
Togo		Ad	02.04.1986

¹⁴ On 22.04.1977 the Director-General received from Suriname a formal declaration of succession stating that Suriname considers itself bound by the Convention previously declared applicable to it by the Kingdom of the Netherlands.

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/Definitive Signature (DS)/Adherence (Ad)/Succession (Sc)	Date of Deposit
Tonga		Ad	23.11.2005
Trinidad and Tobago		Ad	30.06.1970
Tunisia		Ad	22.07.1971
Turkey		Ad	29.07.1988
United Arab Emirates		Ad	02.04.2001
United Kingdom ¹⁵	06.12.1951	R	07.09.1953
United Republic of Tanzania		Ad	21.02.2005
United States of America ¹⁶	06.12.1951	R	18.08.1972
Uruguay	30.04.1952	Ad	15.07.1970
Venezuela		Ad	12.05.1966
Viet Nam		R	22.02.2005
Yemen		Ad	20.12.1990
Zambia		Ad	24.06.1986

Secretariat

Food and Agriculture Organization
of the United Nations (FAO)
Viale delle Terme di Caracalla, 00100 Rome, Italy
Telephone: +39 06 5705 1
Fax: +39 06 5705 3152
Telex: 625852/610181 FAO I/
Cable address: FOODAGRI ROME
Email: FAO-HQ@fao.org

¹⁵ Extended to the Isle of Man and Jersey on 01.10.1953, and to the Bailiwick of Guernsey on 09.03.1966.

¹⁶ Extended upon ratification to all territories for the international relations of which the United States of America is responsible.

**10. AGREEMENT CONCERNING MEASURES FOR PROTECTION OF
THE STOCKS OF DEEP-SEA PRAWNS (*Pandalus borealis*),
EUROPEAN LOBSTERS (*Homarus vulgaris*), NORWAY LOBSTERS
(*Nephrops norvegicus*) AND CRUBS (*Cancer pagurus*) (as
amended)**

Objectives

To protect the stocks of the four species of crustacea.

Summary of provisions

- (a) Covers only the seas lying between Denmark, Sweden and Norway (art. 1);
- (b) Size of mesh of nets and minimum size of crustaceans to be caught are regulated (art. 2, 3, 4);
- (c) The provisions of articles, 2, 3 and 4 do not apply to fishery research (art. 5).

Membership

Restricted to the signatory States.

		Amending Protocol
Date of adoption	07.03.1952	14.10.1959
Place of adoption	Oslo	
Date of entry into force	26.01.1953	14.10.1959
Language	Norwegian	
Depositary	Norway	

Participant	Ratification	Entry into force	Protocol: Entry into force
Denmark	26.11.1952	26.01.1953	14.10.1959
Norway	26.11.1952	26.01.1953	14.10.1959
Sweden	26.11.1952	26.01.1953	14.10.1959

11. INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION FOR THE HIGH SEAS FISHERIES OF THE NORTH PACIFIC OCEAN (AS AMENDED)¹⁷

Objectives

To ensure maximum sustained productivity of the fishery resources of the north Pacific Ocean. To coordinate research and conservation measures to this end.

Summary of provisions

- (a) All the waters of the North Pacific Ocean and adjacent seas, other than territorial waters, are included (art. 1);
- (b) An International North Pacific Fisheries Commission established (art. 2);
- (c) Commission to study fish stocks and decide and recommend joint conservation measures (art. 3);
- (d) Strong enforcement measures are included (arts. 9 and 10);
- (e) Annex contains conservation measures for halibut, herring and salmon.

Membership

Restricted to the signatory States.

Date of adoption	09.05.1952
Place of adoption	Tokyo
Date of entry into force	12.06.1953
Language	English, Japanese

¹⁷ Terminated and replaced by the 1978 Protocol.

12. INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION FOR THE PREVENTION OF POLLUTION OF THE SEA BY OIL, LONDON, 1954 (as amended in 1962 and 1969)

Objectives

To take action to prevent pollution of the sea by oil discharged from ships.

Summary of provisions

(a) Applies to all ships, except tankers of under 150 tons gross tonnage and other ships of under 500 tons gross tonnage, registered in the territory of, or having the nationality of, a Party. Naval ships and ships engaged in whaling are also excepted (art. 2);

(b) Prohibition of discharges, except when a ship is proceeding en route or when the instantaneous rate of discharge does not exceed 60 litres per mile. The prohibition is not applicable when the following conditions are satisfied: in the case of a ship - the oil content of the discharge is less than 100 parts per million parts of the mixture, or the discharge is made as far as practicable from land; in the case of a tanker - the total quantity of oil discharged on a ballast voyage does not exceed one fifteen-thousandth of the total cargo-carrying capacity, or the tanker is more than 50 miles from the nearest land (art. 3);

(c) Exceptions to article 3 in cases of necessity to secure safety of ships, save life or prevent damage to cargo, or where leakage is unavoidable and all measures have been taken to minimize it (art. 4);

(d) Ships to be fitted within 12 months to prevent escape of oil into the bilges (art. 7)\

(e) Parties to provide appropriate facilities at ports and oil-loading terminals (art. 8);

(f) All ships covered by the Convention to carry an oil record book in a form specified in the annex, to be completed whenever certain operations take place (art. 9);

(g) Parties to send texts of laws, decrees, orders and regulations giving effect to the Convention to the United Nations.

Membership

Open to all States for acceptance; instruments of acceptance to be deposited with the International Maritime Organization (IMO).

		1962 Amendments	1969 Amendments
Date of adoption	12.05.1954	11.04.1962	21.10.1969
Place of adoption	London	London	London
Date of entry into force	26.07.1958	28.06.1967 (art.XIV) 18.05.1967 (others)	20.01.1978
Languages	English, French		
Depositary	International Maritime Organization		

Participant	Entry into force
Algeria	20.04.1964
Argentina ¹⁸	30.12.1976

¹⁸ With a reservation/declaration.

Participant	Entry into force
Austria	19.08.1975
Bahamas ¹⁸	22.10.1976
Bahrain	21.01.1986
Bangladesh	28.12.1981
Belgium	26.07.1958
Canada	26.07.1958
Chile ¹⁸	02.11.1977
Congo	10.12.1985
Côte d'Ivoire	17.06.1967
Cyprus	10.09.1980
Denmark	26.07.1958
Djibouti	01.06.1984
Dominican Republic	29.08.1963
Egypt	22.07.1963
Fiji ¹⁸	15.11.1972
Finland	31.03.1959
France	26.07.1958
Ghana	17.08.1962
Greece	28.06.1967
Guinea	19.04.1981
Iceland	23.05.1962
India	04.06.1974
Ireland	26.07.1958
Israel	11.02.1966
Italy ¹⁸	25.08.1964
Japan	21.11.1967
Jordan	08.08.1963

Participant	Entry into force
Kenya	12.12.1975
Kuwait	27.02.1962
Lebanon	31.08.1967
Liberia ¹⁸	28.06.1962
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	18.05.1972
Madagascar	01.05.1965
Maldives	17.08.1982
Malta	10.04.1975
Mexico	26.07.1958
Monaco	25.06.1970
Morocco	29.05.1968
New Zealand	01.09.1971
Nigeria	22.04.1968
Norway	26.07.1958
Panama	25.12.1963
Papua New Guinea	12.06.1980
Philippines	19.02.1964
Poland ¹⁸	28.05.1961
Portugal ¹⁸	28.06.1967
Qatar	01.05.1980
Republic of Korea	31.10.1978
Russian Federation ¹⁸	04.23.2969
Saudi Arabia ¹⁸	30.03.1972
Senegal	27.06.1972
Slovenia	25.06.1991
Spain	22.04.1964
Sri Lanka	30.11.1983

Participant	Entry into force
Suriname	01.03.1977
Sweden	26.07.1958
Switzerland	12.04.1966
Syrian Arab Republic	24.03.1969
Tunisia ¹⁸	11.09.1973
United Arab Emirates	15.03.1984
United Kingdom ¹⁹	26.07.1958
United States of America ²⁰	08.12.1961
Uruguay	09.03.1976
Vanuatu	02.05.1983
Venezuela	12.03.1964
Yemen	06.06.1979
Yugoslavia	11.06.1974

States which have denounced the Convention

Australia	14.10.1988
Bulgaria	12.12.1985
Germany	30.03.1989
Netherlands (and the Netherlands Antiles)	01.06.1984

Secretariat

International Maritime Organization
 4 Albert Embankment
 London SE1 7SR, United Kingdom
 Telephone 0171-587-3210
 Telex: 23588 IMOLDN G

¹⁹ Extended to Bermuda.

²⁰ Extended to American Samoa, Guam, The Panama Canal Zone, Puerto Rico, the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands and the United States Virgin Islands on 09.09.1975 and to the Midway Islands, Johnston Island and Wake Island on 18.03.1976.

13. PLANT PROTECTION AGREEMENT FOR ASIA AND PACIFIC REGION²¹ (as amended)

Objectives

To prevent the introduction into and spread within the region of destructive plant diseases and pests.

Summary of provisions

- (a) A Plant Protection Commission for the Asia and Pacific Region established (art. 2)
- (b) Trade in plants and plant products to be regulated by certification, prohibition, inspection, disinfection, quarantine, destruction, etc., as necessary (art. 3);
- (c) Special measures (enumerated in appendix B) to be taken to exclude South American leaf blight of the *Hevea* rubber tree from the region (art. 4).

Membership

Open to any State situated in the region, or any Government which is responsible for the international relations of any territory or territories in the region, by way of signature, signature subject to ratification or adherence.

	Amendments					
Date of adoption	27.02.1956	03.11.1967	22.06.1979	24.11.1983	Nov.1983	Nov.1999
Place of adoption	Rome	Rome	Rome	Rome		
Date of entry into force	02.07.1956	16.08.1969	16.02.1983	23.05.1990	Not yet in force	Not yet in force
Languages	English, French, Spanish					
Depository	Director-General of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations					

(Status as of 15 December 2005)

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Adherence (Ad)/ Definitive Signature (DS)	Date
Australia	DS	27.02.1956
Bangladesh	Ad	04.12.1974
Cambodia	Ad	27.01.1969
China	Ad	06.06.1990
Democratic People's Republic of Korea	Ad	16.01.1996
Fiji	Ad	16.12.1970
France	Ad	20.08.1957
India	DS	02.07.1956
Indonesia	R	21.12.1967

²¹ Formerly Plant Protection Agreement for the South-East Asia and Pacific Region. The present title was adopted as a result of amendments to the Agreement, which entered into force on 16.02.1983.

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Adherence (Ad)/ Definitive Signature (DS)	Date
Lao People's Democratic Republic	R	17.03.1960
Malaysia	Ad	20.11.1957
Myanmar	Ad	04.11.1959
Nepal	Ad	12.08.1965
Netherlands	R	19.07.1957
New Zealand ²²	Ad	17.12.1975
Pakistan	Ad	08.01.1958
Papua New Guinea	Ad	01.06.1976
Philippines	R	11.06.1962
Portugal	R	02.07.1956
Republic of Korea	Ad	04.11.1981
Samoa	Ad	23.12.1971
Solomon Islands	Ad	20.06.1979
Sri Lanka	R	27.02.1956
Thailand	Ad	26.11.1956
Tonga	Ad	05.11.1981
United Kingdom	R	03.12.1956
Viet Nam	DS	02.07.1956

Secretariat

Food and Agriculture Organization
of the United Nations (FAO)
Viale delle Terme di Caracalla,
00100 Rome, Italy
Telephone: +39 06 5705 1
Fax: +39 06 5705 3152
Telex: 625852/610181 FAO I/
Cable address: FOODAGRI ROME
Email: FAO-HQ@fao.org

²² Applies to the Cook Islands and Niue but not to Tokelau.

14. INTERIM CONVENTION ON CONSERVATION OF NORTH PACIFIC FUR SEALS (as amended)

Objectives

To achieve maximum sustainable productivity from the fur seal resources of the north Pacific, and to conduct adequate scientific research to this end.

Summary of provisions

(c) Parties to coordinate scientific research programmes to determine measures necessary to maximize the sustainable yield from fur seal resources, and to establish the relationship between fur seals and other living marine resources (art. 2);

(d) A North Pacific Fur Seal Commission established to formulate and coordinate research programmes, study the results of such research and make recommendations to the parties on the basis of the findings for measures to achieve the objectives of the Convention (art. 5);

(e) Enforcement measures for boarding and arresting boats believed to be in violation of the Convention (art. 6);

(f) Indigenous peoples practicing traditional sealing methods are exempted from the Convention's provisions (art. 7).

Membership

Restricted to signatory States; no provision for adherence or accession.

Amendments

Date of adoption	09.02.1957	08.10.1963 07.05.1976 10.12.1984	03.09.1969 14.10.1980
Place of adoption	Washington, D.C.		
Date of entry into force	14.10.1957	10.04.1964 12.10.1976 Not yet in force	03.09.1969 02.07.1981
Languages	English, Japanese, Russian		
Depositary	United States of America		

Participant	Entry into force
Canada	14.10.1957
Japan	14.10.1957
Russian Federation	14.10.1957
United States of America	14.10.1957

15. CONVENTION CONCERNING FISHING IN THE WATERS OF THE DANUBE

Objectives

The rational utilization and expansion of the fish stocks in the Danube through cooperation on a scientific basis.

Summary of provisions

(a) Parties to apply the Regulations for Fishing in the River Danube, annexed to the Convention, relating to prohibited times and places for fishing, prohibited tackle and fishing methods and sizes of mesh of nets (art. 4);

(b) Parties to improve natural conditions for fish breeding and, in the event of erecting engineering works, to safeguard the normal migratory movements of fish (art. 5);

(c) Artificial breeding to be undertaken as necessary (art. 6);

(d) Parties to take measures to prevent contamination and pollution of the river by untreated sewage and industrial/municipal wastes, and to regulate blasting (art. 7);

(e) Parties to cooperate in the exchange of information and in scientific and technical agreements (arts. 8 and 9);

(f) A mixed Commission established to work out measures for the regulation of fishing and the augmentation of fish stocks, to make proposals to the parties, to organize exchanges of information and to coordinate scientific research (art.11 and 12).

Membership

Open for accession to other Danubian States.

Date of adoption	29.01.1958
Place of adoption	Bucharest
Date of entry into force	20.12.1958
Languages	Bulgarian, Romanian, Russian, Serbo-Croat
Depositary	Romania

Participant	Instrument: Ratification (R)/Accession (Ac)	Date	Entry into force
Bulgaria	R	18.11.1958	20.12.1958
Czechoslovakia	Ac	29.06.1972	29.06.1972
Hungary	Ac	18.12.1961	18.12.1961
Romania	R	20.12.1958	20.12.1958
Russian Federation	R	16.09.1958	20.12.1958
Yugoslavia	R	21.10.1958	20.12.1958

Secretariat

Ministry of Foreign Affairs
Str. Modrogan nr. 14
Bucharest, Romania

16. CONVENTION ON THE CONTINENTAL SHELF

Objectives

To define and delimit the rights of States to explore and exploit the natural resources of the continental shelf.

Summary of provisions

(a) Coastal States have sovereign and exclusive rights over the continental shelf for the purpose of exploration and exploitation (art. 1);

(b) Such exploration or exploitation must not cause unjustifiable interference with navigation, fishing or the conservation of the living resources of the sea, or with oceanographic or other scientific research (art. 5).

Membership

Open to all States Members of the United Nations or of any of the specialized agencies and any other State invited by the General Assembly of the United Nations to the Convention.

Date of adoption	29.04.1958
Place of adoption	Geneva
Date of entry into force	10.06.1964
Languages	Chinese, English, French, Russian, Spanish
Depositary	Secretary-General of the United Nations

(Status as of 30 December 2005)

Participant	Signature	Instrument: Ratification (R) / Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date
Afghanistan	30.10.1958		
Albania		Ac	07.12.1964
Argentina	29.04.1958		
Australia	30.10.1958	R	14.05.1963
Belarus	31.10.1958	R	27.02.1961
Bolivia	17.10.1958		
Bosnia and Herzegovina		S	12.01.1994
Bulgaria		Ac	31.08.1962
Cambodia		Ac	18.03.1960
Canada	29.04.1958	R	06.02.1970
Chile	31.10.1958		
Colombia	29.04.1958	R	08.01.1962

Participant	Signature	Instrument: Ratification (R) / Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date
Costa Rica	29.04.1958	R	16.02.1972
Croatia		S	03.08.1992
Cuba	29.04.1958		
Cyprus		Ac	11.04.1974
Czech Republic		S	22.02.1993
Denmark	29.04.1958	R	12.06.1963
Dominican Republic	29.04.1958	R	11.08.1964
Ecuador	31.10.1958		
Fiji ²³		S	25.03.1971
Finland	27.10.1958	R	16.02.1965
France		Ac	14.06.1965
Germany	30.10.1958		
Ghana	29.04.1958		
Greece		Ac	06.11.1972
Guatemala	29.04.1958	R	27.11.1961
Haiti	29.04.1958	R	29.03.1960
Iceland	29.04.1958		
Indonesia	08.05.1958		
Iran, Islamic Republic of	28.05.1958		
Ireland	02.10.1958		
Israel	29.04.1958	R	06.09.1961
Jamaica		Ac	08.10.1965
Kenya		Ac	20.06.1969
Latvia		Ac	02.12.1992

²³ Date of deposit of formal notification of succession with the Secretary-General.

Participant	Signature	Instrument: Ratification (R) / Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date
Lebanon	29.05.1958		
Lesotho ²³		S	23.10.1973
Liberia	27.05.1958		
Madagascar		Ac	31.07.1962
Malawi		Ac	03.11.1965
Malaysia		Ac	21.12.1960
Malta		S	19.05.1966
Mauritius ²³		S	05.10.1970
Mexico		Ac	02.08.1966
Nepal	29.04.1958		
Netherlands	31.10.1958	R	18.02.1966
New Zealand	29.10.1958	R	18.01.1965
Nigeria		Ac	28.04.1971
Norway		Ac	09.09.1971
Pakistan	31.10.1958		
Panama	02.05.1958		
Peru	31.10.1958		
Poland	31.10.1958	R	29.06.1962
Portugal	28.10.1958	R	08.01.1963
Romania		Ac	12.12.1961
Russian Federation	31.10.1958	R	22.11.1960
Senegal		Ac	25.04.1961
Serbia and Montenegro		S	12.03.2001
Sierra Leone		Ac	25.11.1966
Slovakia		S	28.05.1993
Solomon Islands ²³		S	03.09.1981

Participant	Signature	Instrument: Ratification (R) / Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date
South Africa		Ac	09.04.1963
Spain		Ac	25.02.1971
Sri Lanka	30.10.1958		
Swaziland		Ac	16.10.1970
Sweden		Ac	01.06.1966
Switzerland	22.10.1958	R	18.05.1966
Thailand	29.04.1958	R	02.07.1968
Tonga		S	29.06.1971
Trinidad and Tobago		Ac	11.07.1968
Tunisia	30.10.1958		
Uganda		Ac	14.09.1964
Ukraine	31.10.1958	R	12.01.1961
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	09.09.1958	R	11.05.1964
United States of America	15.09.1958	R	12.04.1961
Uruguay	29.04.1958		
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	30.10.1958	R	15.08.1961

17. CONVENTION ON FISHING AND CONSERVATION OF THE LIVING RESOURCES OF THE HIGH SEAS

Objectives

Through international cooperation, to solve the problems involved in the conservation of the living resources of the high seas, considering that through the development of modern techniques some of these resources are in danger of being over-exploited.

Summary of provisions

(a) All States have a duty to adopt, or cooperate with other States in adopting, measures necessary for the conservation of the living resources of the high seas (art. 1);

(b) Such measures should be formulated with a view to securing a supply of food for human consumption (art. 2);

(c) Coastal States have special interests in the high seas adjacent to their territorial seas and may unilaterally adopt conservation measures for such areas which shall be valid for other States if there is an urgent need for such measures, and if the measures are based on scientific findings and do not discriminate against foreign fishermen (arts. 6 and 7);

(d) Disputes to be settled by a special commission of five members whose decision shall be binding on the States concerned (arts. 9 and 11).

Membership

Open to all States Members of the United Nations or of any of the specialized agencies and any other States invited by the General Assembly of the United Nations to become a Party to the Convention.

Date of adoption	29.04.1958
Place of adoption	Geneva
Date of entry into force	20.03.1966
Languages	Chinese, English, French, Russian, Spanish
Depositary	Secretary-General of the United Nations

(Status as of 30 December 2005)

Participant	Signature	Instrument: Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date
Afghanistan	30.10.1958		
Argentina	29.04.1958		
Australia	30.10.1958	R	14.05.1963
Belgium		Ac	06.01.1972
Bolivia	17.10.1958		
Bosnia and Herzegovina		S	12.01.1994
Burkina Faso		Ac	04.10.1965
Cambodia		Ac	18.03.1960

Participant	Signature	Instrument: Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date
Canada	29.04.1958		
China			
Colombia	29.04.1958	R	03.01.1963
Costa Rica	29.04.1958		
Cuba	29.04.1958		
Denmark	29.04.1958	R	26.09.1968
Dominican Republic	29.04.1958	R	11.08.1964
Fiji		S	25.03.1971
Finland	27.10.1958	R	16.02.1965
France	30.10.1958	R	18.09.1970
Ghana	29.04.1958		
Haiti	29.04.1958	R	29.03.1960
Iceland	29.04.1958		
Indonesia	08.05.1958		
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	28.05.1958		
Ireland	02.10.1958		
Israel	29.04.1958		
Jamaica		S	16.04.1964
Kenya		Ac	20.06.1969
Lebanon	29.05.1958		
Lesotho ²⁴		S	23.10.1973
Liberia	27.05.1958		
Madagascar		Ac	31.07.1962

²⁴ Date of deposit of formal notification of succession with the Secretary-General. The ratification specifies that Lesotho is bound from the date of accession to independence, 04.10.1966.

Participant	Signature	Instrument: Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date
Malawi		Ac	03.11.1965
Malaysia		Ac	21.12.1960
Mauritius ²⁵		S	05.10.1970
Mexico		Ac	02.08.1966
Nepal	29.04.1958		
Netherlands	31.10.1958	R	18.02.1966
New Zealand	29.10.1958		
Nigeria		S	26.06.1961
Pakistan	31.10.1958		
Panama	02.05.1958		
Portugal	28.10.1958	R	08.01.1963
Senegal		Ac	25.04.1961
Serbia and Montenegro		S	12.03.2001
Sierra Leone		S	13.03.1962
Solomon Islands ²³		S	03.09.1981
South Africa		Ac	09.04.1963
Spain		Ac	25.02.1971
Sri Lanka	30.10.1958		
Switzerland	22.10.1958	R	18.05.1966
Thailand	29.04.1958	R	02.07.1968
Tonga ²⁵		S	29.06.1971
Trinidad and Tobago		S	11.04.1966
Tunisia	30.10.1958		
Uganda		Ac	14.09.1957

²⁵ Date of deposit of formal notification of succession with the Secretary-General.

Participant	Signature	Instrument: Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	09.09.1958	R	14.03.1960
United States of America	15.09.1958	R	12.04.1961
Uruguay	29.04.1958		
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	30.10.1958	R	10.07.1963

18. CONVENTION ON THE HIGH SEAS

Objectives

To codify the rules of international law relating to the high seas.

Summary of environmentally related provisions

(a) States to draw up regulations to prevent pollution of the sea by oil from ships and pipelines or resulting from the exploration and exploitation of the sea-bed (art.24)

(b) States to take measures to prevent pollution of the sea by dumping of radioactive waste and to cooperate with international agencies in taking such measures to prevent pollution of the sea or airspace above them resulting from radioactive materials or other harmful agents (art. 25).

Membership

Open to all States Members of the United Nations or of any of the specialized agencies and any other State invited by the General Assembly of the United Nations to become a Party to the Convention.

Date of adoption	29.04.1958
Place of adoption	Geneva
Date of entry into force	30.09.1962
Languages	Chinese, English, French, Russian, Spanish
Depositary	Secretary-General of the United Nations

(Status as of 30 December 2005)

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date
Afghanistan	30.10.1958	R	28.04.1959
Albania		Ac	07.12.1964
Argentina	29.04.1958		
Australia	30.10.1958	R	14.05.1963
Austria	27.10.1958	R	10.01.1974
Belarus	30.10.1958	R	27.02.1961
Belgium		Ac	06.01.1972
Bolivia	17.10.1958		
Bosnia and Herzegovina		S	01.09.1993
Bulgaria	31.10.1958	R	31.08.1962
Burkina Faso		Ac	04.10.1965
Cambodia		Ac	18.03.1960
Canada	29.04.1958		

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date
Central African Republic		Ac	15.10.1962
China			
Colombia	29.04.1958		
Costa Rica	29.04.1958	R	16.02.1972
Croatia		S	03.08.1992
Cuba	29.04.1958		
Cyprus		Ac	23.05.1988
Czech Republic		S	22.02.1993
Denmark	29.04.1958	R	26.09.1968
Dominican Republic	29.04.1958	R	11.08.1964
Fiji ²⁶		S	25.03.1971
Finland	27.10.1958	R	16.02.1965
France	30.10.1958		
Germany	30.10.1958	R	26.07.1973
Ghana	29.04.1958		
Guatemala	29.04.1958	R	27.11.1961
Haiti	29.04.1958	R	29.03.1960
Holy See	30.04.1958		
Hungary	31.10.1958	R	06.12.1961
Iceland	29.04.1958		
Indonesia	08.05.1958	R	10.08.1961
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	28.05.1958		
Ireland	02.10.1958		
Israel	29.04.1958	R	06.09.1961

²⁶ Date of deposit of formal notification of succession with the Secretary-General.

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date
Italy		Ac	17.12.1964
Jamaica		S	08.10.1965
Japan		Ac	10.06.1968
Kenya		Ac	20.06.1969
Latvia		Ac	17.11.1992
Lebanon	29.05.1958		
Lesotho		S	23.10.1973
Liberia	27.05.1958		
Madagascar		Ac	31.07.1962
Malawi		Ac	03.11.1965
Malaysia		Ac	21.12.1960
Mauritius ²⁶		S	05.10.1970
Mexico		Ac	02.08.1966
Mongolia		Ac	15.10.1976
Nepal	29.04.1958	R	28.12.1962
Netherlands	31.10.1958	R	18.02.1966
New Zealand	29.10.1958		
Nigeria		S	26.06.1961
Pakistan	31.10.1958		
Panama	02.05.1958		
Poland	31.10.1958	R	29.06.1962
Portugal	28.10.1958	R	08.01.1963
Romania	31.10.1958	R	12.12.1961
Russian Federation	30.10.1958	R	22.11.1960
Senegal		Ac	25.04.1961
Serbia and Montenegro		S	12.03.2001

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date
Sierra Leone		S	13.03.1962
Slovakia		S	28.05.1993
Slovenia		S	06.07.1992
Solomon Islands ²⁶		S	03.09.1981
South Africa		Ac	09.04.1963
Spain		Ac	25.02.1971
Sri Lanka	30.10.1958		
Swaziland		Ac	16.10.1970
Switzerland	24.05.1958	R	18.05.1966
Thailand	29.04.1958	R	02.07.1968
Tonga ²⁶		S	29.06.1971
Trinidad and Tobago		S	11.04.1966
Tunisia	30.10.1958		
Uganda		Ac	14.09.1964
Ukraine	30.10.1958	R	12.01.1961
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	09.09.1958	R	14.03.1960
United States of America	15.09.1958	R	12.04.1961
Uruguay	29.04.1958		
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	30.10.1958	R	15.08.1961

19. NORTH-EAST ATLANTIC FISHERIES CONVENTION²⁷

Objectives

To ensure the conservation and rational exploitation of the fish stocks of the north-East Atlantic Ocean and adjacent waters.

Summary of provisions

- (a) Includes seas lying north of latitude 36° west and longitude 51° east but excluding the Mediterranean and the Baltic. The area to be divided into regions (art. 1);
- (b) A North-East Atlantic Fisheries Commission established (art. 3);
- (c) The Commission to consider what measures may be required to conserve fish stocks and make recommendations to the parties based on the results of scientific research and investigation (art. 6);
- (e) All sea-fish and shellfish are included, but not sea mammals (art. 7).

Membership

Open to all States for accession by notification in writing addressed to the depositary Government.

Date of adoption	24.01.1959
Place of adoption	London
Date of entry into force	27.06.1963
Languages	English, French
Depositary	United Kingdom

Participant	Entry into force	Withdrawals
Belgium	27.06.1963	30.12.1977
Bulgaria	01.09.1976	24.07.1985
Cuba	09.12.1976	
Denmark	27.06.1963	29.12.1977
Denmark, for the Faeroe Islands	1977	01.11.1983
Finland	22.06.1976	06.01.1982
France	27.06.1963	31.12.1977
Germany	27.06.1963	07.02.1978
Iceland	27.06.1963	11.03.1982
Ireland	27.06.1963	11.03.1982
Ireland	27.06.1963	24.02.1978

²⁷ Superseded by the Convention on Future Multilateral Cooperation in North-East Atlantic Fisheries (London, 18.11.1980).

Participant	Entry into force	Withdrawals
Netherlands	27.06.1963	29.12.1977
Norway	27.06.1963	01.07.1978
Poland	27.06.1963	29.04.1984
Portugal	27.06.1963	30.11.1983
Russian Federation	27.06.1963	23.04.1982
Spain	27.06.1963	24.02.1985
Sweden	27.06.1963	13.09.1979
United Kingdom	27.06.1963	31.12.1977

20. CONVENTION CONCERNING FISHING IN THE BLACK SEA (as amended)

Objectives

To ensure the rational utilization of the fishery resources and the development of marine fishing in the Black Sea.

Summary of provisions

(a) Cooperation between parties in improving fishing techniques and scientific research (art. 1);

(b) Ports of refuge from bad weather for fishing boats from the contracting States established in each State (art. 2);

(c) Minimum sizes of fish to be taken (art. 5);

(d) Parties to exchange information concerning fish migrations, scientific research and fishing techniques (arts. 6 and 7);

(e) A Mixed Commission established to work out measures to regulate fishing, to amend article 5, to coordinate research and to exchange information (arts. 8 and 9).

Membership

Open for accession to Black Sea States.

		Amendment
Date of adoption	07.07.1959	
Place of adoption	Varna, Bulgaria	
Date of entry into force	21.03.1960	30.06.1965
Languages	Bulgarian, Romanian, Russian	
Depositary	Bulgaria	

Participant	Entry into Force
Bulgaria	21.03.1960
Romania	21.03.1960
Russian Federation	21.03.1960

21. THE ANTARCTIC TREATY

Objectives

To ensure that Antarctica is used for peaceful purposes, for international cooperation in scientific research, and does not become the scene or object of international discord

Summary of provisions

- (a) No military bases, military manoeuvres or weapon testing in Antarctica (art. 1);
- (b) Freedom of scientific investigation and cooperation in the exchange of information regarding plans for such investigation and of personnel engaged in such investigation, and of information resulting from such investigation (arts. 2 and 3);
- (c) Territorial claims in Antarctica not affected by the Convention (art. 4);
- (d) Observers to inspect stations, installations and equipment, to be appointed by each party (art. 7);
- (e) Meetings of parties to be held for consultation and to formulate and recommend measures to further the objectives of the Treaty;
- (f) Detailed agreed measures for the conservation of Antarctic fauna and flora.

Membership

Open for accession by any State Member of the United Nations, or any other State by unanimous invitation of the parties. Instruments of accession to be deposited with the Government of the United States of America.

Date of adoption	01.12.1959
Place of adoption	Washington, D.C.
Date of entry into force	23.06.1961
Languages	English, French, Russian, Spanish
Depositary	United States of America

(Status as of 1 January 2005)

Participant	Entry into force
Argentina	23.06.1961
Australia	23.06.1961
Austria	25.08.1987
Belgium	23.06.1961
Brazil	16.05.1975
Bulgaria	11.09.1978
Canada	04.05.1988
Chile	23.06.1961
China	08.06.1983
Colombia	31.01.1989

Participant	Entry into force
Cuba	16.08.1984
Czech Republic	01.01.1993
Democratic People's Republic of Korea	21.01.1987
Denmark	20.05.1965
Ecuador	15.09.1987
Estonia	17.05.2001
Finland	15.05.1984
France	23.06.1961
Germany	05.02.1979
Greece	08.01.1987
Guatemala	31.07.1991
Hungary	27.01.1984
India	19.08.1983
Italy	18.03.1981
Japan	23.06.1961
Netherlands ²⁸	30.03.1967
New Zealand	23.06.1961
Norway	23.06.1961
Papua New Guinea	16.09.1975
Peru	10.04.1981
Poland	23.06.1961
Republic of Korea	28.11.1986
Romania	15.09.1971
Russian Federation	23.06.1961
Slovakia	01.01.1993
South Africa	23.06.1961

²⁸ Extended to the Netherlands Antilles and Suriname.

Participant	Entry into force
Spain	31.03.1982
Sweden	24.04.1984
Switzerland	15.11.1990
Turkey	24.01.1996
Ukraine	28.10.1992
United Kingdom	23.06.1961
United States of America	23.06.1961
Uruguay	11.01.1980
Venezuela	24.03.1999

22. AGREEMENT CONCERNING COOPERATION IN THE QUARANTINE OF PLANTS AND THEIR PROTECTION AGAINST PESTS AND DISEASES

Objectives

To expand cooperation in the quarantine of plants and their protection from pests, diseases and weeds, and to coordinate measures in respect of quarantine of plants, the control of pests and diseases of agricultural plants, and the control of weeds.

Summary of provisions

- (a) Parties to take necessary measures against pests, weeds and diseases listed in annex (art. 1);
- (b) Parties to exchange information concerning plant pests and diseases and their control (art. 2);
- (c) Parties to give one another technical assistance in the control of such pests, diseases and weeds (art. 3);
- (d) Parties to cooperate in applying uniform phytosanitary regulations for the import and export of plant matter from one country to another (art. 4).

Membership

Open to any State of accession. Instruments of accession to be deposited with the Secretariat of the Council for Mutual Economic Assistance (CMEA).

Date of adoption	14.12.1959
Place of adoption	Sofia
Date of entry into force	19.10.1960
Language	Russian
Depositary	Council for Mutual Economic Assistance (CMEA)

Participant	Entry into force
Albania	19.11.1960
Bulgaria	19.10.1960
Czechoslovakia	19.10.1960
Democratic People's Republic of Korea	15.11.1960
Hungary	19.10.1960
Mongolia	23.08.1961
Poland	27.10.1960
Romania	19.10.1960
Russian Federation	19.10.1960

23. CONVENTION CONCERNING THE PROTECTION OF WORKERS AGAINST IONIZING RADIATIONS

Objectives

To protect workers, as regards their health and safety, against ionizing radiations.

Summary of provisions

(a) The parties undertake to give effect to the Convention by means of laws or regulations, codes of practice or other appropriate means (art. 1);

(b) The Convention applies to all activities involving exposure of workers to ionizing radiations in the course of their work (art. 2);

(c) Maximum permissible doses of ionizing radiations shall be established for various categories of workers (art. 6).

Membership

Open to all States Members of the International Labour Organization.

Date of adoption	22.06.1960
Place of adoption	Geneva
Date of entry into force	17.06.1962
Languages	English, French
Depositary	Director-General of the International Labour Office

(Status as of 15 December 2005)

Participant	Ratification
Argentina	15.06.1978
Azerbaijan	19.05.1992
Barbados	08.05.1967
Belarus	26.02.1968
Belgium	02.07.1965
Belize	15.12.1983
Brazil	05.09.1966
Chile	14.10.1994
Czech Republic	01.01.1993
Denmark	07.02.1974
Djibouti	03.08.1978
Ecuador	09.03.1970
Egypt	18.03.1964
Finland	16.10.1978

Participant	Ratification
France	18.11.1971
Germany	26.09.1973
Ghana	07.11.1961
Greece	04.06.1982
Guinea	12.12.1966
Guyana	08.06.1966
Hungary	17.11.1975
India	26.10.1962
Iraq	05.05.1971
Japan	31.07.1973
Kyrgyzstan	31.03.1992
Latvia	08.03.1993
Lebanon	06.12.1977
Mexico	19.10.1983
Netherlands	29.11.1966
Nicaragua	01.10.1981
Norway	17.06.1961
Paraguay	10.07.1967
Poland	23.12.1964
Portugal	17.03.1994
Russian Federation	22.09.1967
Slovakia	01.01.1993
Spain	17.07.1962
Sri Lanka	18.06.1986
Sweden	12.04.1961
Switzerland	29.05.1963
Syrian Arab Republic	15.01.1964

Participant	Ratification
Tajikistan	26.11.1993
Turkey	15.11.1968
Ukraine	19.06.1968
United Kingdom	09.03.1962
Uruguay	22.09.1992

Secretariat

International Labour Office
4, route des Morillons
CH-1211 Geneva 22
Switzerland
Tel: +41 22 799 6111
Fax: +41 22 798 8685
E-mail: infonorm@ilo.org

24. CONVENTION ON THIRD PARTY LIABILITY IN THE FIELD OF NUCLEAR ENERGY (as amended)

Objectives

To ensure adequate and equitable compensation for persons who suffer damage caused by nuclear incidents, whilst ensuring that the development of nuclear energy for peaceful purposes is not thereby hindered. To unify the basic rules in various countries relating to liability incurred for such damage.

Summary of provisions

(a) The operator of a nuclear installation to be liable for damage to or loss of life of any person and damage to or loss of any property upon proof that such loss or damage was caused by a nuclear incident involving either nuclear fuel or radioactive products or waste in, or nuclear substances coming from, such an installation (art. 3);

(b) Maximum liability of operator defined (art. 7);

(c) Actions must be brought within 10 years from the date of the nuclear incident (art. 8);

(d) Operator not liable if incident caused by act of armed conflict, invasion, civil war or grave natural disaster of an exceptional character (art. 9);

(e) Operator must maintain insurance to cover his liability (art. 10).

Membership

Open for accession by any State, subject to the unanimous consent of the parties, by notification in writing to the Secretary-General of the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD).

		Amendments		
Date of adoption	29.07.1960	28.01.1964	16.11.1982	12.02.2004
Place of adoption	Paris			
Date of entry into force	01.04.1968	01.04.1968	07.10.1988	-
Languages	Dutch, English, French, German, Italian, Spanish			
Depositary	OECD			

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)	Date	Entry into force
Belgium	R	03.08.1966	01.04.1968
Denmark	R	04.09.1974	04.09.1974
Finland	Ac	16.06.1972	16.06.1972
France	R	09.03.1966	01.04.1968
Germany	R	30.09.1975	30.09.1975
Greece	R	12.05.1970	12.05.1970
Italy	R	17.09.1975	17.09.1975
Netherlands	R	28.12.1979	28.12.1979

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)	Date	Entry into force
Norway	R	02.07.1973	02.07.1973
Portugal	R	29.09.1977	29.09.1977
Slovenia	Ac	16.10.2001	
Spain	R	31.10.1961	01.04.1968
Sweden	R	01.04.1968	01.04.1968
Turkey	R	10.10.1961	05.04.1968
United Kingdom ²⁹	R	23.02.1966	01.04.1968

Secretariat

Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development
 Nuclear Energy Agency
 Legal Affairs
 Le Seine Saint Germain
 12, Boulevard des Iles
 92130 Issy-les-Moulineaux, France
 Telephone: (33 1) 4524 8200
 Telex: 620160
 Fax: (33 1) 45241795

²⁹ Extended to British Virgin Islands, Gibraltar, Cayman Islands, Hong Kong, Montserrat, Falkland Islands, St. Helena, Isle of Man and Bailiwick of Guernsey.

25. PROTOCOL CONCERNING THE CONSTITUTION OF AN INTERNATIONAL COMMISSION FOR THE PROTECTION OF THE MOSEL AGAINST POLLUTION

Objectives

To protect the Mosel river against pollution.

Summary of provisions

(a) An International Commission for the Protection of the Mosel against Pollution established;

(b) The Commission to be responsible for research into the nature, importance and sources of pollution, and to propose measures to the parties to protect the Mosel;

(c) The Commission to establish relations as necessary with other organizations concerned with water pollution.

Membership

Restricted to the three riparian signatory States.

Date of adoption	20.12.1961
Place of adoption	Paris
Date of entry into force	01.07.1962
Languages	French, German
Depositary	Germany

Participant	Entry into force
France	01.07.1962
Germany	01.07.1962
Luxembourg	01.07.1962

26. INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION FOR THE PROTECTION OF NEW VARIETIES OF PLANTS (as amended)

Objectives

To recognize and protect the rights of breeders of new varieties of plants and their successors in title, and to do so in a harmonized way.

Summary of provisions

(a) The Parties constitute a Union for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants (UPOV) and set up its organs;

(b) The breeder has a right to authorize specified acts of production or commercial marketing of the new variety. These rights may only be restricted for reasons of public interest, and the breeder must receive equitable remuneration in certain cases;

(c) Titles of protection are issued after official examination of the variety. Titles are granted for a limited period;

(d) Nationals of Member States of the Union enjoy the same treatment;

(e) The Convention also provides for annulment and forfeiture of the rights protected as well as for the denomination of the new varieties.

Membership

Open to ratification, acceptance, approval and accession by any State and, in the case of the 1991 Act, certain intergovernmental organizations.

	Amendments			
Date adoption	02.12.1961	10.11.1972	23.10.1978	19.03.1991
Place of adoption	Paris	Geneva	Geneva	Geneva
Date of entry into force	10.08.1968	11.02.1977	08.11.1981	-
Languages	French	French	French, English, German	French, English, German
Depositary	France	France	UPOV	UPOV

(Status as of 15 September 2005)

Participant	Entry into force
Albania	15.10.2005
Argentina	25.12.1994
Australia	01.03.1989
Austria	14.07.1994
Azerbaijan	09.12.2004
Belarus	05.01.2003
Belgium	05.12.1976
Bolivia	21.05.1999
Brazil	23.05.1999

Participant	Entry into force
Bulgaria	24.04.1998
Canada	04.03.1991
Chile	05.01.1996
China	23.04.1999
Colombia	13.09.1996
Croatia	01.09.2001
Czech Republic	01.01.1993
Denmark	06.10.1968
Ecuador	08.08.1997
Estonia	24.09.2000
European Community	29.07.2005
Finland	16.04.1993
France	03.10.1971
Germany	10.08.1968
Hungary	16.04.1983
Ireland	08.11.1981
Israel	12.12.1979
Italy	01.07.1977
Japan	03.09.1982
Jordan	24.10.2004
Kenya	13.05.1999
Kyrgyzstan	26.06.2000
Latvia	30.08.2002
Lithuania	10.12.2003
Mexico	09.08.1997
Netherlands	10.08.1968
New Zealand	08.11.1981

Participant	Entry into force
Nicaragua	06.09.2001
Norway	13.09.1993
Panama	23.05.1999
Paraguay	08.02.1997
Poland	11.11.1989
Portugal	14.10.1995
Republic of Korea	07.01.2002
Republic of Moldova	28.10.1998
Romania	16.03.2001
Russian Federation	24.04.1998
Slovakia	01.01.1993
Slovenia	29.07.1999
South Africa	06.11.1977
Spain	18.05.1980
Sweden	17.12.1971
Switzerland	10.07.1977
Trinidad and Tobago	30.01.1998
Tunisia	31.08.2003
Ukraine	03.11.1995
United Kingdom	10.08.1968
United States of America	08.11.1981
Uruguay	13.11.1994
Uzbekistan	14.11.2004

Secretariat

International Union for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants

34, chemin des Colombettes

CH-1211 Genève 20, Switzerland

Tel. (+41-22) 338 91 11

Fax: (+41-22) 733 03 36

E-mail: upov.mail@wipo.int

27. CONVENTION ON THE AFRICAN MIGRATORY LOCUST

Objectives

To maintain on an international basis the preventive control of the African migratory locust and to extend such control to other species of migratory *Acrididae*.

Summary of provisions

(a) An International African Locust Organization (art. 1) and an International Administrative Council for the Surveillance and Preventive Control of the African Migratory Locust established (art. 2);

(b) The Organization to maintain constant surveillance and control in the recognized outbreak area on the Niger, to undertake research into the ecology of the locust and to develop the most economical methods of control (art. 3)

Membership

Any state may accede to the Convention by depositing an instrument of accession with the Government of Mali, subject to agreement being reached between the acceding Government and the contracting parties relating to contributions.

Date of adoption	23.05.1962
Place of adoption	Kano, Nigeria
Date of entry into force	13.04.1963
Languages	English, French
Depositary	Mali

Participant	Entry into force
Benin	13.04.1963
Burkina Faso	13.04.1963
Cameroon	27.07.1963
Chad	13.04.1963
Côte d'Ivoire	13.04.1963
Gambia	18.11.1963
Ghana	28.05.1963
Guinea	13.04.1963
Kenya	29.11.1963
Mali	13.04.1963
Niger	13.04.1963
Nigeria	13.04.1963
Senegal	13.04.1963

Participant	Entry into force
Togo	13.04.1963
United Republic of Tanzania	13.04.1963
Zambia	13.04.1963

28. AGREEMENT CONCERNING COOPERATION IN MARINE FISHING³⁰

Objectives

To foster cooperation in the development of marine fishing, fishing techniques, fish processing technology and scientific research into the condition of living marine resources.

Summary of provisions

- (a) Parties to cooperate in the development of marine fishing, exchange results of research into fishing grounds and living resources, and coordinate research efforts (art. 1);
- (b) A Mixed Commission established to coordinate the application of the Agreement (art. 2);
- (c) Functions of the Commission to include preparation of plans for scientific and technical cooperation, organization of exchange of research information, submission of proposals for scientific and technical conferences and meetings, and the making of recommendations to the parties (arts. 3 and 4).

Membership

Notification of approval to be transmitted to the Government of Poland.

Date of adoption	28.07.1962
Place of adoption	Warsaw
Date of entry into force	22.02.1963
Languages	German, Polish, Russia
Depositary	Poland

Participant	Entry into force
Bulgaria	19.09.1964
Cuba	24.04.1978
Poland	22.02.1963
Romania	01.09.1966
Russian Federation	22.02.1963

³⁰ On 12 February 1996, the Depositary informed that the Agreement had expired in 1990 due to changes in Central and Eastern Europe.

29. AGREEMENT CONCERNING THE INTERNATIONAL COMMISSION FOR THE PROTECTION OF THE RHINE AGAINST POLLUTION (as amended)

Objectives

To maintain cooperation between the riparian States in preventing pollution and improving the quality of the waters of the Rhine.

Summary of provisions

- (a) Continuation of the International Commission for the Protection of the Rhine (art. 1);
- (b) The Commission to be responsible for research into the nature, importance and sources of pollution and to propose measures to the parties to protect the Rhine (art. 2);
- (c) The Commission to report annually to the parties on the results of research done, and to collaborate with other organizations concerned with water pollution (art. 11).

Membership

Restricted to the five riparian signatory States.

		Amendments
Date of adoption	29.04.1963	03.12.1976
Place of adoption	Berne	Bonn
Date of entry into force	01.05.1965	01.02.1979
Languages	Dutch, French, German	
Depositary	Switzerland	

Participant	Signature	Ratification	Entry into force	Amendments: Entry into force
France	29.04.1963	11.10.1963	01.05.1965	01.02.1979
Germany	29.04.1963	20.04.1964	01.05.1965	01.02.1979
Luxembourg	29.04.1963	12.04.1965	01.05.1965	01.02.1979
Netherlands	29.04.1963	19.12.1963	01.05.1965	01.02.1979
Switzerland	29.04.1963	03.04.1965	01.05.1965	01.02.1979
European Community		26.09.1978	01.02.1979	01.02.1979

Secretariat

Departement federal des affaires etrangeres
 Direction du droit international public
 Section des traite internationaux
 CH-3003 Berne, Suisse
 Telephone: 61 30 67/61 30 75/61 30 63/61 30 79
 Telefax: 21 39 26, Telex: 911 440 EDA CH

30. VIENNA CONVENTION ON CIVIL LIABILITY FOR NUCLEAR DAMAGE

Objectives

To establish minimum standards to provide financial protection against damage resulting from peaceful uses of nuclear energy.

Summary of provisions

(a) The operator of a nuclear installation to be liable for nuclear damage on provision of proof that such damage was caused by an incident within the installation, or involving nuclear material originating there from or being sent thereto (art. 2);

(b) The liability of the operator in such a case to be absolute, but the courts may make a finding of contributory negligence on the part of the person suffering such damage, in any case the operator will not be liable if the nuclear incident was due directly to act of armed conflict, civil war, insurrection or a grave natural disaster of an exceptional character (art. 4);

(c) Limits of liability and limitation of action established (arts. 5 and 6);

(d) Operator to maintain insurance or financial security to cover liability (art. 7).

Membership

Open for signature, followed by ratification, by States represented at the 1963 Diplomatic Conference. Open for accession to all other States members of the United Nations or members of the specialized agencies or the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA). Instruments of accession to be deposited with the Director-General of IAEA.

Date of adoption	21.05.1963
Place of adoption	Vienna
Date of entry into force	12.11.1977
Languages	English, French, Russian, Spanish
Depositary	IAEA

(Status as of 15 December 2005)

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Acceptance (At)/ Accession (Ac)/ Approval (Ap)/ Succession (S)	Date	Entry into force
Argentina	10.10.1966	R	25.04.1967	12.11.1977
Armenia		Ac	24.08.1993	24.11.1993
Belarus	27.05.1997	R	09.02.1998	09.05.1998
Bolivia		Ac	10.04.1968	12.11.1977
Bosnia and Herzegovina		S	30.06.1998	01.03.1992
Brazil		Ac	26.03.1993	26.06.1993
Bulgaria		Ac	24.08.1994	24.11.1994

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Acceptance (At)/ Accession (Ac)/ Approval (Ap)/ Succession (S)	Date	Entry into force
Cameroon		Ac	06.03.1964	12.11.1977
Chile	18.08.1988	R	23.11.1989	23.02.1990
Colombia	21.05.1963			
Croatia		S	29.09.1992 ³¹	08.10.1991
Cuba	10.12.1964	R	25.10.1965	12.11.1977
Czech Republic		Ac	24.03.1994	24.06.1994
Egypt	19.08.1965	R	05.11.1965	12.11.1977
Estonia		Ac	09.05.1994	09.08.1994
Hungary		Ac	28.07.1989	28.10.1989
Israel	19.08.1997			
Latvia		Ac	15.03.1995	15.06.1995
Lebanon	19.09.1995	R	17.04.1997	17.07.1997
Lithuania		Ac	15.09.1992	15.12.1992
Mexico		Ac	25.04.1989	25.07.1989
Morocco	30.11.1984			
Niger		Ac	24.07.1979	24.10.1979
Peru		Ac	26.08.1980	26.11.1980
Philippines	21.05.1963	R	15.11.1965	12.11.1977
Poland		Ac	23.01.1990	23.04.1990
Republic of Moldova		Ac	07.05.1998	07.08.1998
Romania		Ac	29.12.1992	29.03.1993
Russian Federation	08.05.1996	R	13.05.2005	13.08.2005
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines		Ac	18.09.2001	18.12.2001

³¹ The date of the notification with respect to succession.

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Acceptance (At)/ Accession (Ac)/ Approval (Ap)/ Succession (S)	Date	Entry into force
Serbia and Montenegro	21.05.1963	S	05.02.2002	27.04.1992
Slovakia		Ac	07.03.1995	07.06.1995
Slovenia ³²				
Spain	06.09.1963			
The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia		S	08.04.1994 ³³	08.09.1991
Trinidad and Tobago		Ac	31.01.1966	12.11.1977
Ukraine		Ac	20.09.1996	20.12.1996
United Kingdom	11.11.1964			
Uruguay		Ac	13.04.1999	13.07.1999

Secretariat

International Atomic Energy Agency
P.O. Box 100
Wagramer Strasse 5
A-1400 Vienna, Austria
Tel: (+431) 2600-0
Fax: (+431) 2600-7
E-Mail: Official.Mail@iaea.org

³² On 9 November 2001, the Director General of the IAEA received a notification of termination of application of the Vienna Convention from the Republic of Slovenia. Pursuant to Article XXV.2, the Convention ceased to apply to Slovenia as of 12 November 2002.

³³ The date of the notification with respect to succession.

31. CONVENTION SUPPLEMENTARY TO THE PARIS CONVENTION ON THIRD PARTY LIABILITY IN THE FIELD OF NUCLEAR ENERGY (as amended)

Objectives

To supplement the measures contained in the Paris Convention with a view to increasing the amount of compensation for damage which might result from the use of nuclear energy for peaceful purposes.

Summary of provisions

(a) Maximum compensation in respect of damage caused by nuclear incidents defined. Such compensation to be provided out of funds created by insurance or other financial security, out of public funds to be made available by the contracting party in whose territory the nuclear installation is situated, and out of public funds created according to a special formula for contributions. Liability of operator established (art. 3);

(b) Formula for contributions according to which the contracting parties shall make available the public funds determined (art. 12).

Membership

Restricted to the contracting parties to the Paris Convention.

			Amendments
Date of adoption	31.01.1963	28.01.1964	16.11.1982
Place of adoption	Brussels		
Date of entry into force	04.12.1974	04.12.1974	
Languages	Dutch, English, French, German, Italian, Spanish		
Depositary	Belgium		

(Status as of October 2005)

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)	Date	Entry into force
Belgium	R	20.08.1985	20.11/1985
Denmark	R	04.09.1974	04.12.1974
Finland	R	14.01.1977	14.04.1977
France	R	30.03.1966	04.12.1974
Germany	R	01.10.1975	01.01.1976
Italy	R	03.05.1976	03.02.1976
Netherlands	R	28.09.1979	28.12.1979
Norway	R	07.07.1973	04.12.1974
Spain	R	27.07.1966	04.12.1974

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)	Date	Entry into force
Sweden	R	03.04.1968	04.12.1974
United Kingdom ³⁴	R	24.03.1966	04.12.1974

³⁴ Extended to Isle of Man, Bailiwick of Guernsey and Bailiwick of Jersey.

32. OPTIONAL PROTOCOL CONCERNING THE COMPULSORY SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES³⁵

Objectives

To bring any dispute arising out of the interpretation or application of the Convention to the compulsory jurisdiction of the International Court of Justice, unless some other form of settlement has been agreed upon by the parties within a reasonable period.

Summary of provisions

(a) Disputes arising out of the interpretation or application of the Convention shall lie within the compulsory jurisdiction of the International Court of Justice (art. 1);

(b) The parties to a dispute may agree to resort to an arbitral tribunal within a period of two months of notification that a dispute exists. After that period either party may bring the dispute before the Court (art. 2);

(c) Within the same period of two months a conciliation procedure may be adopted by the parties. If the parties to the dispute do not accept the conciliation commission's recommendations within two months after they have been delivered, either party may bring the dispute before the Court (art. 3).

Membership

Open to all States which become parties to the Vienna Convention on Civil Liability for Nuclear Damage.

Date of adoption	21.05.1963
Place of adoption	Vienna
Date of entry into force	13.05.1999
Languages	English, French, Russian, Spanish
Depositary	Director-General of International Atomic Energy Agency

(Status as of 15 December 2005)

Participant	Signature	Instrument	Date	Entry into force
Colombia	21.05.1963			
Philippines	21.05.1963	R	15.11.1965	13.05.1999
Serbia and Montenegro	21.05.1963			
United Kingdom	11.11.1964			
Uruguay		Ac	13.04.1999	13.05.1999

³⁵ To the Vienna Convention on Civil Liability for Nuclear Damage.

33. TREATY BANNING NUCLEAR WEAPON TESTS IN THE ATMOSPHERE, IN OUTER SPACE AND UNDER WATER

Objectives

To obtain an agreement on general and complete disarmament under strict international control in accordance with the objectives of the United Nations; to put an end to the armaments race and eliminate incentives to the production and testing of all kinds of weapons, including nuclear weapons.

Summary of provisions

Parties to undertake to prohibit, prevent and not to carry out any nuclear weapon test explosion, or any other nuclear explosion, at any place under its jurisdiction or control:

(a) In the atmosphere, beyond its limits, including outer space, or under water, including territorial waters or high seas; or

(b) In any other environment if such explosion causes radioactive debris to be present outside the territorial limits of the State under whose jurisdiction or control such explosion is conducted.

Membership

Open to all States.

Date of adoption	05.08.1963
Place of adoption	Moscow
Date of entry into force	10.10.1963
Languages	English, Russian
Depositaries	Russian Federation, United Kingdom, United States of America

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification(R)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date
Afghanistan	08.08.1963	R	12.03.1964
Algeria	14.08.1963		
Antigua and Barbuda		S	26.01.1989
Argentina	09.08.1963	R	14.11.1986
Australia	08.08.1963	R	12.11.1963
Austria	12.09.1963	R	17.07.1964
Bahamas		S	11.08.1976
Bangladesh		Ac	13.03.1985
Belgium	08.08.1963	R	01.03.1966

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification(R)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date
Benin	03.09.1963	R	22.04.1965
Bhutan		R	08.06.1978 ³⁶
Bolivia	21.08.1963	R	25.01.1966
Bosnia and Herzegovina		S	15.08.1994 ³⁶
Botswana		S	14.02.1968
Brazil	08.08.1963	R	04.03.1965
Bulgaria	08.08.1963	R	02.12.1963
Burkina Faso	30.08.1963 ³⁶		
Burma	14.08.1963	R	15.11.1963
Burundi	04.10.1963 ³⁶		
Cameroon	06.09.1963		
Canada	08.08.1963	R	28.01.1964
Cape Verde		R	10.24.1979
Central African Republic		Ac	24.08.1965
Chad	26.08.1963 ³⁶	R	01.03.1965 ³⁶
Chile	09.08.1963	R	06.10.1965
China ³⁷			
Colombia	16.08.1963 ³⁶	R	17.10.1985 ³⁶
Costa Rica	09.08.1963	R	10.07.1967 ³⁶
Croatia		S	08.10.1991 ³⁶
Cyprus	08.08.1963	R	15.04.1965
Czech Republic	01.01.1993	S	
Denmark	09.08.1963	R	15.01.1964

³⁶ The date of signature and/or the deposit of an instrument of ratification, accession or a notification of succession at Washington, D.C. Others indicate the dates of such formalities done at London.

³⁷ In the name of the Republic of China, the Treaty was signed and ratified at Washington, D.C. on 23.08.1963 and 18.05.1964 respectively.

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification(R)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date
Dominican Republic	17.09.1963	R	18.06.1964
Ecuador	01.10.1963	R	08.05.1964
Egypt	08.08.1963	R	10.01.1964
El Salvador	22.08.1963	R	07.12.1964
Ethiopia	09.08.1963		
Fiji		S	14.08.1972
Finland	08.08.1963	R	09.01.1964
Gabon	10.09.1963 ³⁶	R	20.02.1964 ³⁶
Gambia		S	06.05.1965
Germany	19.08.1963	R	01.12.1964
Ghana	04.09.1963	R	27.11.1963
Greece	09.08.1963	R	18.12.1963
Guatemala	23.09.1963 ³⁶	R	06.01.1964 ³⁶
Haiti	09.10.1963		
Honduras	15.08.1963	R	02.12.1964
Hungary	08.08.1963	R	21.10.1963
Iceland	12.08.1963	R	29.04.1964
India	08.08.1963	R	10.10.1963
Indonesia	23.08.1963	R	08.05.1964
Iran, Islamic Republic of	08.08.1963	R	05.05.1964
Iraq	13.08.1963	R	30.11.1964
Ireland	08.08.1963	R	18.12.1963
Israel	08.08.1963	R	15.01.1964
Italy	08.08.1963	R	10.12.1964
Ivory Coast	05.09.1963 ³⁶		05.02.1965 ³⁶
Jamaica	13.08.1963 ³⁶	R	22.11.1991 ³⁶

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification(R)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date
Japan	14.08.1963	R	15.06.1964
Jordan	12.08.1963	R	29.06.1964
Kenya		Ac	10.06.1965
Kuwait	20.08.1963	R	21.05.1965
Lao People's Democratic Republic	12.08.1963	R	10.02.1965
Lebanon	13.08.1963	R	20.05.1965
Liberia	16.08.1963	R	22.05.1964
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	09.08.1963	R	15.07.1968
Luxembourg	13.08.1963	R	10.02.1965
Madagascar	23.09.1963 ³⁶	R	15.03.1965 ³⁶
Malawi		S	07.01.1965
Malaysia	12.08.1963	R	16.07.1964
Mali	23.08.1963		
Malta		S	01.12.1964
Mauritania	17.09.1963	R	15.04.1964
Mauritius		S	12.05.1969
Mexico	08.08.1963	R	27.12.1963
Mongolia	08.08.1963	R	07.11.1963
Morocco	30.08.1963	R	01.02.1966
Nepal	26.08.1963	R	07.10.1964
Netherlands ³⁸	09.08.1963	R	14.09.1964
New Zealand	08.08.1963	R	10.10.1963
Nicaragua	13.08.1963	R	26.01.1965
Niger	24.09.1963	R	06.07.1964

³⁸ Extended to the Netherlands Antilles and Suriname.

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification(R)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date
Nigeria	02.09.1963	R	17.02.1967
Norway	09.08.1963	R	21.11.1963
Pakistan	14.08.1963	R	03.03.1988
Panama	20.09.1963 ³⁶	R	24.02.1966 ³⁶
Papua New Guinea		S	27.10.1980
Paraguay	15.08.1963		
Peru	23.08.1963	R	04.08.1964
Philippines	08.08.1963	R	10.11.1965
Poland	08.08.1963	R	14.10.1963
Portugal	09.10.1963		
Republic of Korea	30.08.1963	R	24.07.1964
Romania	08.08.1963	R	12.12.1963
Russian Federation	05.08.1963	R	10.10.1963
Rwanda		Ac	22.10.1963
San Marino	20.09.1963	R	03.07.1964
Senegal	23.09.1963	R	06.05.1964
Seychelles		Ac	12.03.1985
Sierra Leone	04.09.1963	R	21.02.1964
Singapore		S	23.07.1968
Slovakia		S	01.01.1993
Slovenia		S	07.04.1992
Somalia	19.08.1963 ³⁶		
South Africa		Ac	10.10.1963
Spain	14.08.1963	R	17.12.1964
Sri Lanka	22.08.1963	R	13.02.1964
Sudan	09.08.1963	R	04.03.1966

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification(R)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date
Suriname		Ac	09.04.1993 ³⁶
Swaziland		Ac	29.05.1969
Sweden	12.08.1963	R	09.12.1963
Switzerland	26.08.1963	R	16.01.1964
Syrian Arab Republic	13.08.1963	R	01.06.1964
Thailand	08.08.1963	R	15.11.1963
Togo	18.09.1963 ³⁶	R	07.12.1964 ³⁶
Tonga		S	07.07.1971
Trinidad and Tobago	12.08.1963	R	16.07.1964
Tunisia	12.08.1963	R	26.05.1965
Turkey	09.08.1963	R	08.07.1965
Uganda	29.08.1963	R	24.03.1964
United Kingdom	05.08.1963	R	10.10.1963
United Republic of Tanzania	16.09.1963	R	06.02.1964
United States of America	05.08.1963	R	10.10.1963
Uruguay	27.09.1963	R	25.02.1969
Venezuela	20.08.1963	R	03.03.1965
Viet-Nam Republic	01.10.1963 ³⁶		
Western Samoa	05.09.1963	R	19.01.1965
Yemen Arab Republic	06.09.1963 ³⁶		
Yugoslavia	08.08.1963	R	15.01.1964
Zaire	09.08.1963	R	28.10.1965 ³⁶
Zambia		S	08.02.1965

34. AGREEMENT FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A COMMISSION FOR CONTROLLING THE DESERT LOCUST IN THE EASTERN REGION OF ITS DISTRIBUTION AREA IN SOUTH-WEST ASIA (as amended)

Objectives

Through the establishment of a commission within the framework of FAO, to promote national and international research and action to control the desert locust in the region (Afghanistan, India, the Islamic Republic of Iran and Pakistan and any territories adjacent to them).

Summary of provisions

- (a) The Commission established (art. 1);
- (b) Parties to maintain locust information and control services, hold reserves of insecticides and equipment and encourage and support training, survey and research work (art. 2);
- (c) The Commission to have functions of joint action and assistance, information and coordination and cooperation in the field of research, training and control (art. 4)

Membership

Open to members and associate members of FAO and such members of the United Nations, any of its specialized agencies or IAEA as are situated in the region as defined in the preamble.

Method of participation

- (a) For members and associate members of FAO: by depositing an instrument of acceptance with the Director-General, which becomes effective on the date of receipt;
- (b) For other States that are members of the United Nations, any of its specialized agencies or IAEA: submission to the Commission of an application for membership and a declaration made in a formal instrument that they accept the Agreement as in force at the time of admission. Admission to membership is decided by the Commission by a two-thirds majority of its members.

Amendment

Date of adoption	03.12.1963		
Place of adoption	Rome		
Date of entry into force	15.12.1964	11.11.1977	Nov. 2001
Languages	English, French, Spanish		
Depositary	Director-General of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations		

(Status as of 15 December 2005)

Participant	Acceptance	Entry into force
Afghanistan	14.07.1964	15.12.1964
India	15.12.1964	15.12.1964
Iran, Islamic Republic of	19.11.1964	15.12.1964
Pakistan	12.07.1965	12.07.1965

35. CONVENTION AND STATUTE RELATING TO THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE CHAD BASIN (as amended)

Objectives

To intensify cooperation and efforts in the development of the Chad Basin and to establish an institution for this purpose.

Summary of provisions

- (a) An intergovernmental organization, the Chad Basin Commission established (Convention, art. 1);
- (b) Utilization of the Chad Basin to be open to all parties, without prejudice to the sovereign rights of each (Statute, art. 3);
- (c) Development of the Basin, and in particular the utilization of surface and ground waters, shall be given its widest connotation, and refers in particular to domestic, industrial and agricultural development, the collection of the products of its fauna and flora and navigation (Statute, arts. 4 and 7);
- (d) Parties to abstain from taking, without prior consultation with the Commission, any measure likely to have an appreciable effect either on the extent of the loss of water or on the nature of the yearly hydrogramme and certain other features of the Basin, on the conditions of water use, sanitary conditions, fauna and flora (Statute, art. 5);
- (e) The Commission's functions to include the maintenance of liaison between member States to ensure the most efficient use of the water of the Basin, collection, evaluation and dissemination of information on proposals made by States, recommendations for common projects and joint research programmes (Statute, art. 8).

Membership

Restricted to the riparian signatory States.

Date of adoption	22.05.1964	Amendment
Place of adoption	N'Djamena	22.10.1972
Date of entry into force		Yaounde
Languages	English, French	
Depositary	Chad	

Participant
Cameroon
Chad
Niger
Nigeria

36. CONVENTION FOR THE INTERNATIONAL COUNCIL FOR THE EXPLORATION OF THE SEA (as amended)

Objectives

To provide a new constitution for the International Council for the Exploration of the Sea established in Copenhagen in 1902.

Summary of provisions

(a) The Council to promote and encourage research and investigations for the study of the sea, and particularly its living resources, to draw up programmes for this purpose and to disseminate the results of such research (art. 1);

(b) The Council to be concerned with the Atlantic Ocean and its adjacent seas, and primarily with the north Atlantic (art. 2);

(c) The Council to maintain working arrangements with other international organizations (art. 4).

Membership

Open for accession to any State subject to the approval of three quarters of the Parties. Instruments of accession to be deposited with the Government of Denmark.

Date of adoption	12.09.1964	Amending protocol 13.08.1970
Place of adoption	Copenhagen	
Date of entry into force	22.08.1968	12.11.1975
Languages	English, French	
Depositary	Denmark	

Participant	Entry into force
Belgium	22.07.1968
Canada	22.07.1968
Denmark	22.07.1968
Estonia	16.12.1993
Finland	22.07.1968
France	22.07.1968
Germany	22.07.1968
Iceland	22.07.1968
Ireland	22.07.1968
Netherlands ³⁹	22.07.1968

³⁹ Extended to Aruba with effect from 01.01.1989.

Participant	Entry into force
Norway	22.07.1968
Poland	22.07.1968
Portugal	22.07.1968
Russian Federation	22.07.1968
Spain	22.07.1968
United Kingdom	22.07.1968
United States of America	18.04.1973

37. AGREEMENT FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A COMMISSION FOR CONTROLLING THE DESERT LOCUST IN THE CENTRAL REGION (as amended)

Objectives

Through the establishment of a commission within the framework of FAO, to promote national and international research and action to control the desert locust in the region.

Summary of provisions

As for the Agreement for the Establishment of a Commission for Controlling the Desert Locust in the Eastern Region of its Distribution in South-West Asia.

Membership

Open to member nations and associate members of FAO and such members of the United Nations, any of its specialized agencies or IAEA, as are situated in the region as defined in the Preamble.

Method of participation

(a) For members and associate members of FAO: by depositing an instrument of acceptance which becomes effective on the date of receipt;

(b) For other States that are members of the United Nations, any of its specialized agencies or IAEA: submission to the Commission of an application for membership and a declaration made in a formal instrument that they accept the Agreement as in force at the time of admission. Admission to membership is decided by the Commission by a two-thirds majority of its members.

Amendments

Date of adoption	02.07.1965	22.10.1976	Dec. 1994
Place of adoption	Rome		
Date of entry into force	21.02.1967	11.11.1977	June 1995
Languages	English, French, Spanish		
Depositary	Director-General of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations		

(Status as of 15 December 2005)

Participant	Acceptance	Entry into force
Bahrain	24.02.1969	24.02.1969
Djibouti	20.07.2001	20.07.2001
Egypt	06.07.1967	21.04.1969
Eritrea	24.06.2005	24.06.2005
Ethiopia	13.01.2004	13.01.2004
Iraq	09.01.1970	09.01.1970
Jordan	14.11.1966	21.02.1967
Kuwait	10.08.1967	21.02.1967
Lebanon	22.08.1966	21.02.1967

Participant	Acceptance	Entry into force
Oman	09.10.1972	09.10.1972
Qatar	31.12.1968	31.12.1968
Saudi Arabia	17.10.1972	17.10.1972
Sudan	21.02.1967	21.02.1967
Syrian Arab Republic	03.12.1968	03.12.1968
United Arab Emirates	31.05.1974	31.05.1974
Yemen	20.03.1969	20.03.1969

38. INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION FOR THE CONSERVATION OF ATLANTIC TUNAS

Objectives

To maintain populations of tuna and tuna-like fish in the Atlantic Ocean at levels permitting the maximum sustainable catch for food and other purposes.

Summary of provisions

- (a) Applies to all waters of the Atlantic Ocean and adjacent seas (art. 1);
- (b) An International Commission for the Conservation of Atlantic tunas established (art. 3);
- (c) The Commission to be responsible for research into the abundance, ecology and biometry of the fish, the oceanography of their environment and the effects of human and natural factors on their abundance (art. 4);
- (d) The Commission, on the basis of scientific evidence, to make recommendations for the maintenance of the populations of tuna and tuna-like fish (art. 8).

Membership

Open to any State member of the United Nations or of any of its specialized agencies by way of signature subject to ratification or approval by signatory States, or adherence by any non-signatory State.

Amendments

Date of adoption	14.05.1966	10.07.1984	05.06.1992
Place of adoption	Rio de Janeiro	Paris	Madrid
Date of entry into force	21.03.1969	19.01.1997	10.03.2005
Languages	English, French, Spanish	English, French, Spanish	English, French, Spanish
Depositary	Director-General of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations		

(Status as of 15 December 2005)

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Adherence (Ad)	Date	Entry into force	Withdrawal
Algeria	Ad	16.02.2001	16.02.2001	
Angola	Ad	29.07.1976	29.07.1976	
Barbados	Ad	13.12.2000	13.12.2000	
Belize	Ad	19.07.2005	19.07.2005	
Benin	Ad	09.01.1978	09.01.1978	31.12.1994
Brazil	R	01.04.1969	01.04.1969	
Canada	Ad	20.08.1968	21.03.1969	

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Adherence (Ad)	Date	Entry into force	Withdrawal
Cape Verde	Ad	11.10.1979	11.10.1979	
China ⁴⁰	Ad	24.10.1996	24.10.1996	
Côte d'Ivoire	Ad	06.12.1972	06.12.1972	
Croatia	Ad	20.10.1997	20.10.1997	
Cyprus	Ad	20.03.2003	20.03.2003	
Cuba	Ad	15.01.1975	15.01.1975	31.12.1991
Equatorial Guinea	Ad	13.05.1987	13.05.1987	
European Community ⁴¹	Ad	14.11.1997	14.11.1997	
France ⁴²	Ad	07.11.1968	21.03.1969	31.12.1997
Gabon	R	19.09.1977	19.09.1977	
Ghana	Ad	17.04.1968	21.03.1969	
Guinea	Ad	05.06.1991	05.06.1991	
Honduras	Ad	30.01.2001	30.01.2001	
Iceland	Ad	30.10.2002	30.10.2002	
Italy ⁴²	R	06.08.1997	06.08.1997	31.12.1997
Japan	R	24.08.1967	21.03.1969	
Korea, Republic of	R	28.08.1970	28.08.1970	
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	Ad	27.11.1995	27.11.1995	
Malta	Ad	07.08.2003	07.08.2003	
Mexico	Ad	24.05.2002	24.05.2002	
Morocco	Ad	26.09.1969	26.09.1969	

⁴⁰ Currently does not apply to the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of China

⁴¹ EC became party as a result of entry into force of the Paris Protocol.

⁴² Pursuant to Article XIV.6 of the Convention Spain, Portugal, Italy, France and the United Kingdom ceased to be parties of ICCAT as a consequence of the EC's adherence to the Convention. However, France and United Kingdom continue their membership in the Commission on behalf of their overseas territories not covered by the Treaty of Rome.

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Adherence (Ad)	Date	Entry into force	Withdrawal
Namibia	R	10.11.1999	10.11.1999	
Nicaragua	Ad	11.03.2004	11.03.2004	
Norway	Ad	05.03.2004	05.03.2004	
Panama	Ad	28.12.1998	28.12.1998	
Philippines	Ad	09.01.2004	09.01.2004	
Portugal ⁴²	Ad	03.09.1969	03.09.1969	31.12.1997
Russian Federation	Ad	07.01.1977	07.01.1977	
Sao Tome & Principe	Ad	15.09.1983	17.09.1983	
Senegal	Ad	21.12.2004 ⁴³	21.12.2004	
South Africa	Ad	17.10.1967	21.03.1969	
Spain ⁴²	R	21.03.1969	21.03.1969	31.12.1997
Trinidad & Tobago	Ad	30.03.1999	30.03.1999	
Tunisia	Ad	16.12.1997	16.12.1997	
United Kingdom ⁴²	Ad	10.11.1995	10.11.1995	
United States of America	R	18.05.1967	21.03.1969	
Uruguay	Ad	16.03.1983	16.03.1983	
Vanuatu	Ad	25.10.2002	25.10.2002	
Venezuela	R	17.11.1983	17.11.1983	

Secretariat

Food and Agriculture Organization
of the United Nations (FAO)
Viale delle Terme di Caracalla, 00100 Rome, Italy
Telephone: +39 06 5705 1
Fax: +39 06 5705 3152
Telex: 625852/610181 FAO I/
Cable address: FOODAGRI ROME
Email: FAO-HQ@fao.org

⁴³ Senegal had withdrawn on 31 December 1988 from ICCAT but became a party again on 21 December 2004.

39. TREATY ON PRINCIPLES GOVERNING THE ACTIVITIES OF STATES IN THE EXPLORATION AND USE OF OUTER SPACE INCLUDING THE MOON AND OTHER CELESTIAL BODIES

Objectives

To establish an international legal regime for the exploration and use of outer space.

Summary of provisions

(a) Exploration and use of outer space shall be the province of all mankind (art. 1) and shall not lead to national appropriation (art. II)

(b) Parties shall refrain from placing objects carrying nuclear weapons or other weapons of mass destruction in outer space, and shall use the Moon and other celestial bodies exclusively for peaceful purposes (art. IV);

(c) Parties shall bear international responsibility for their national activities in outer space (art. VI), and shall be internationally liable for damage they may cause to other parties (art. VII);

(d) Parties shall avoid harmful contamination of outer space and adverse changes in the environment of the Earth resulting from the introduction of extraterrestrial matter (art. IX).

Membership

Open to all States.

Date of adoption	27.01.1967
Place of adoption	London, Moscow, Washington, D.C.
Date of entry into force	10.10.1967
Languages	Chinese, English, French, Russian, Spanish
Depositaries	Russian Federation, United Kingdom, United States of America

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date
Afghanistan	27.01.1967 ⁴⁴	R	17.03.1988
Algeria		Ac	27.01.1992 ⁴⁴
Antigua and Barbuda		S	16.11.1988 ⁴⁴
Argentina	27.01.1967 ⁴⁴	Ac	26.03.1969 ⁴⁴
Australia	27.01.1967 ⁴⁴	R	10.10.1967 ⁴⁴
Austria	20.02.1967	R	26.02.1968
Bahamas		S	11.08.1976
Bangladesh		Ac	14.01.1986
Barbados		Ac	12.09.1968 ⁴⁴

⁴⁴ The date of signature and/or the deposit of an instrument of ratification/accession or notification of succession at Washington, D.C. Others indicate the dates of such formalities done at London.

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date
Belgium	27.01.1967	R	31.03.1973
Benin		Ac	02.07.1986
Bolivia	27.01.1967 ⁴⁴		
Botswana	27.01.1967 ⁴⁴		
Brazil	02.02.1967	R	05.03.1969
Bulgaria	27.01.1967	R	19.04.1967
Burkina Faso	03.03.1967 ⁴⁴	R	18.06.1968 ⁴⁴
Burma	22.05.1967	R	18.03.1970
Burundi	27.01.1967 ⁴⁴		
Cameroon	27.01.1967 ⁴⁴		
Canada	27.01.1967	R	10.10.1967
Central African Republic	27.01.1967 ⁴⁴		
Chile	27.01.1967 ⁴⁴	R	08.10.1981 ⁴⁴
China		Ac	12.01.1984
Colombia	27.01.1967 ⁴⁴		
Cyprus	16.02.1967	R	05.07.1972
Czech Republic		S	01.01.1993 ⁴⁴
Denmark	27.01.1967	R	10.10.1967
Dominican Republic	27.01.1967 ⁴⁴	R	21.11.1968 ⁴⁴
Ecuador	27.01.1967 ⁴⁴	R	07.03.1969 ⁴⁴
Egypt	27.01.1967 ⁴⁴	R	10.10.1967 ⁴⁴
El Salvador	27.01.1967 ⁴⁴	R	15.01.1969 ⁴⁴
Ethiopia	27.01.1967		
Fiji		S	14.08.1972
Finland	27.01.1967	R	12.07.1967
France	25.09.1967	R	05.08.1970

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date
Gambia	02.06.1967		
Germany	27.01.1967	R	10.02.1971
Ghana	03.03.1967		
Greece	27.01.1967 ⁴⁴	R	19.01.1971
Guyana	03.02.1967 ⁴⁴		
Haiti	27.01.1967 ⁴⁴		
Holy See	05.04.1967		
Honduras	27.01.1967 ⁴⁴		
Hungary	27.01.1967	R	26.06.1967
Iceland	27.01.1967	R	05.02.1968
India	03.03.1967	R	18.01.1982
Indonesia	14.02.1967		25.06.2002
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	27.01.1967		
Iraq	27.02.1967	R	23.09.1969
Ireland	27.01.1967	R	19.07.1968
Israel	27.01.1967	R	01.03.1977
Italy	27.01.1967	R	04.05.1972
Jamaica	29.06.1967	R	10.08.1970
Japan	27.01.1967	R	10.10.1967
Jordan	02.02.1967 ⁴⁴		
Kenya		Ac	19.01.1984
Kuwait		Ac	20.06.1972
Lao People's Democratic Republic	30.01.1967	R	15.01.1973
Lebanon	23.02.1967	R	31.03.1969
Lesotho	27.01.1967 ⁴⁴		

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date
Libya		Ac	03.07.1968 ⁴⁴
Luxembourg	31.01.1967		
Madagascar		Ac	22.08.1968 ⁴⁴
Malaysia	21.02.1967		
Mauritius		S	21.04.1969
Mexico	27.01.1967	R	31.01.1968
Morocco		Ac	21.12.1967
Nepal	06.02.1967	R	10.10.1967
Netherlands ⁴⁵	10.02.1967	R	10.10.1967
New Zealand	27.01.1967	R	31.05.1968
Nicaragua	13.02.1967		
Niger	01.02.1967 ⁴⁴	R	17.04.1967
Nigeria		Ac	14.11.1967
Norway	03.02.1967	R	01.07.1969
Pakistan	12.09.1967	R	08.04.1968
Panama	27.01.1967 ⁴⁴		
Papua New Guinea		S	27.10.1980
Peru	30.06.1967 ⁴⁴	R	01.03.1979
Philippines	27.01.1967		
Poland	27.01.1967	R	30.01.1968
Republic of Korea	27.01.1967 ⁴⁴	R	13.10.1967 ⁴⁴
Romania	27.01.1967	R	09.04.1968
Russian Federation	27.01.1967	R	10.10.1967
Rwanda	27.01.1967 ⁴⁴		

⁴⁵ Extended to the Netherlands Antilles and Suriname (which is now independent).

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines		S	13.05.1999
San Marino	24.04.1967	R	03.02.1969
Saudi Arabia		Ac	17.12.1976 ⁴⁴
Seychelles		Ac	05.01.1978
Sierra Leone	27.01.1967	R	25.10.1967
Singapore		Ac	10.09.1976
Slovakia		S	01.01.1993 ⁴⁴
Somalia	02.02.1967		
South Africa	01.03.1967 ⁴⁴	R	30.09.1968 ⁴⁴
Spain		Ac	27.11.1968
Sri Lanka	10.03.1967	R	18.11.1986
Sweden	27.01.1967	R	11.10.1967
Switzerland	27.01.1967	R	18.10.1969
Thailand	27.01.1967 ⁴⁴	R	05.09.1968
Togo	27.01.1967 ⁴⁴	R	26.06.1989 ⁴⁴
Tonga		S	07.07.1971
Trinidad and Tobago	24.07.1967		
Tunisia	27.01.1967	R	28.03.1968
Turkey	27.01.1967	R	27.03.1968
Uganda		Ac	24.04.1968
United Kingdom ⁴⁶	27.01.1967	R	10.10.1967
United States of America	27.01.1967 ⁴⁴	R	10.10.1967 ⁴⁴

⁴⁶ Extended to Antigua (now independent as Antigua and Barbuda), Dominica (now independent), Grenada (now independent), Saint Christopher-Nevis-Anguilla (Saint Christopher and Nevis now independent), Saint Lucia (now independent) and various other territories under the territorial sovereignty of the United Kingdom, as well as Brunei and Swaziland (now independent) and the British Solomon Islands Protectorate (now independent as the Solomon Islands).

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date
Uruguay	27.01.1967 ⁴⁴	R	31.08.1970 ⁴⁴
Venezuela	27.01.1967 ⁴⁴	R	03.03.1970
Viet Nam ⁴⁷		Ac	20.06.1980
Yugoslavia	27.01.1967		
Zaire	04.05.1967		
Zambia		Ac	28.08.1973

⁴⁷ On 27.01.1967, the Treaty was signed by the Republic of Viet Nam. The Socialist Republic of Viet Nam deposited an instrument of accession at Moscow on 20.06.1980.

40. PHYTO-SANITARY CONVENTION FOR AFRICA⁴⁸

Objectives

To control and eliminate plant diseases in Africa and prevent the introduction of new diseases.

Summary of provisions

- (a) Parties to control import of plants as considered necessary by the Organization of African Unity (OAU);
- (b) Parties to take measure of quarantine, certification or inspection in respect of living organisms, plants, plant material, seeds, soil, compost and packing material;
- (c) Parties to take action as necessary to deal effectively with diseases of plants and insect pests;
- (d) Panel of scientific consultants established to advise OAU on technical problems relating to plant health and protection.

Membership

Applicable to all member States of the Organization of African Unity (which was succeeded by the African Union).

Date of adoption	13.09.1967
Place of adoption	Kinshasa
Date of entry into force	
Languages	English, French
Depositary	African Union

(Status as of December 2005)

Participant	Deposit of the instrument of ratification/adhesion
Benin	01.04.1974
Burundi	06.10.1992
Cameroon	08.06.1987
Central African Republic	22.12.1983
Egypt	10.10.1968
Ethiopia	15.08.1974
Lesotho	21.01.1983
Niger	25.04.1968
Rwanda	31.08.1981
Togo	20.11.1979

⁴⁸ This Convention superseded the Phyto-Sanitary Convention for Africa South of the Sahara, done at London on 29 July 1954 and amended by a Protocol signed in London on 11 October 1961.

41. AFRICAN CONVENTION ON THE CONSERVATION OF NATURE AND NATURAL RESOURCES

Objectives

To encourage individual and joint action for the conservation, utilization and development of soil, water, flora and fauna for the present and future welfare of mankind, from an economic, nutritional, scientific, educational, cultural and aesthetic point of view.

Summary of provisions

(a) Fundamental principle - "The Contracting States shall undertake to adopt the measures necessary to ensure conservation, utilization and development of soil, water, floral and faunal resources in accordance with scientific principles and with due regard to the best interests of the people"(art. II);

(b) Parties to take effective measures to conserve and improve the soil and to control erosion and land use (art. IV);

(c) Parties to establish policies to conserve, utilize and develop water resources, prevent pollution and control water use (art. V);

(d) Parties to protect flora and ensure its best utilization, the management of forests and control of burning, land clearance and overgrazing (art. VI);

(e) Parties to conserve faunal resources and use them wisely, manage populations and habitats, control hunting, capture and fishing, and prohibit the use of poisons, explosives and automatic weapons in hunting (art. VII);

(f) Protected species in list A enjoy full total protection, while those in list B may be taken only with authorization (art. VII);

(g) Traffic in trophies to be tightly controlled, to prevent trade in illegally killed and obtained trophies (art. IX);

(h) Conservation areas to be established and maintained (art. X);

(i) Customary rights to be reconciled with the Convention (art. XI);

(j) Conservation education to be undertaken at all levels (art. XIII);

(k) Conservation and ecological factors to be considered in development plans (art. XIV);

(l) Parties to cooperate wherever necessary in implementing the Convention (art. XVI).

Membership

Open for accession by any independent African State.

Date of adoption	15.09.1968
Place of adoption	Algiers
Date of entry into force	16.06.1969
Languages	English, French
Depositary	African Union

(Status as of December 2005)

Participant	Signature	Deposit of the instrument of ratification / adhesion
Algeria	15.09.1968	24.05.1983
Benin	15.09.1968	
Botswana	15.09.1968	
Burkina Faso	19.09.1968	29.08.1969
Burundi	15.09.1968	
Cameroon	15.09.1968	29.09.1978
Central African Republic	15.09.1968	16.03.1970
Chad	15.09.1968	
Comoros	07.12.2004	18.03.2004
Congo	15.09.1968	29.04.1981
Côte d'Ivoire	15.09.1968	15.01.1969
Democratic Republic of the Congo	15.09.1968	14.10.1976
Djibouti		17.04.1978
Egypt	15.09.1968	16.03.1972
Ethiopia	15.09.1968	
Gabon	15.09.1968	18.11.1988
Gambia	15.09.1968	
Ghana	15.09.1968	17.05.1969
Guinea	15.09.1968	
Kenya	15.09.1968	12.05.1969
Lesotho	15.09.1968	
Liberia	15.09.1968	22.11.1978
Libya	15.09.1968	
Madagascar	15.09.1968	23.09.1971
Malawi		12.03.1973

Participant	Signature	Deposit of the instrument of ratification / adhesion
Mali	15.09.1968	20.06.1974
Mauritania	15.09.1968	
Mauritius	15.09.1968	
Morocco	15.09.1968	11.11.1977
Mozambique		01.04.1981
Niger	15.09.1968	27.01.1970
Nigeria	15.09.1968	07.05.1974
Rwanda		04.02.1980
Senegal	15.09.1968	24.02.1972
Seychelles		14.10.1977
Somalia	15.09.1968	
Sudan	15.09.1968	30.10.1973
Swaziland	15.09.1968	07.04.1969
Togo	15.09.1968	20.11.1974
Tunisia	15.09.1968	04.02.1977
Uganda	15.09.1968	30.11.1977
United Republic of Tanzania	15.09.1968	15.11.1974
Zambia	15.09.1968	01.05.1972

Note: The Revised African Convention on the Conservation of Nature and Natural Resources was adopted in Maputo, Mozambique on 11 July 2003 at the second ordinary session of the Assembly of Heads of State and Government of the African Union.

Secretariat

African Union Headquarters
P.O. Box 3243
Addis Ababa
Ethiopia
Tel: (251) 11 551 77 00
Fax: (251) 11 551 78 44
website: www.africa-union.org
Email: general@africa-union.org

42. EUROPEAN AGREEMENT ON THE RESTRICTION OF THE USE OF CERTAIN DETERGENTS IN WASHING AND CLEANING PRODUCTS

Objectives

To protect the supply of water for the population, industry, agriculture and other business occupations, and the natural aquatic fauna and flora, in particular in so far as they contribute to human well-being, and to foster the unhindered enjoyment of places devoted to leisure and sport.

Summary of provisions

(a) Parties to legislate nationally so that washing or cleaning products containing one or more synthetic detergents are not put on the market unless the detergents are, as a whole, as least 80 per cent susceptible to biological degradation (art. I);

(b) Compliance with the above must not result in the use of detergents which, in normal use, might adversely affect human or animal health.

Membership

Open to signature by member States of the Council of Europe which take part in activities in the field of public health under resolution (59) 23 of the Council. Instruments of acceptance or ratification to be deposited with the Secretary-General of the Council of Europe.

Amendment

Date of adoption	16.09.1968	25.10.1983
Place of adoption	Strasbourg, France	Strasbourg, France
Date of entry into force	16.02.1971	01.11.1984
Languages	English, French	English, French
Depositary	Council of Europe	Council of Europe

(Status as of 15 December 2005)

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)	Date	Entry into force
Belgium	29.10.1968	R	20.04.1970	16.02.1971
Denmark	15.01.1971	R	15.01.1971	16.02.1971
France	15.07.1969	R	29.04.1971	30.05.1971
Germany	16.09.1968	R	01.02.1973	02.03.1973
Italy	21.05.1975	R	27.11.1978	28.12.1978
Luxembourg	13.12.1968	R	10.10.1980	11.11.1980
Netherlands	17.12.1969	R	27.01.1971	28.02.1971
Spain		Ac	10.09.1975	11.10.1975
Switzerland	04.10.1973	R	21.11.1975	22.12.1975
United Kingdom	16.09.1968	R	16.09.1968	16.02.1971

43. EUROPEAN CONVENTION FOR THE PROTECTION OF ANIMALS DURING INTERNATIONAL TRANSPORT

Objectives

To safeguard, as far as possible, animals in transport from suffering, through the adoption of common provisions regarding the international transport of animals.

Summary of Provisions

(a) Five categories of animals identified: (1) Domestic animals of soliped, bovine, ovine, caprine and porcine species; (2) Domestic birds and domestic rabbits; (3) Domestic dogs and domestic cats; (4) Other mammals and birds; (5) Cold-blooded animals;

(b) Animals of class (1) covered by detailed provisions regarding fitness to travel, construction and marking of containers, means of attachment of animals, feeding and watering in transit, need for attendant and veterinary attention (arts. 3-37);

(c) Animals of class (2) covered by most of those provisions (arts. 38 and 39), as are animals of class (3) except when accompanied by the owner or his representative (arts. 40 and 41);

(d) Animals of class (4) similarly covered, with special provisions for wild animals (arts. 42-45);

(e) Animals of class (5) covered briefly (art. 46).

Membership

Open to signature by member States of the Council of Europe, subject to ratification. Non-member States may be invited to accede.

Amendment

Date of adoption	13.12.1968	10.05.1979
Place of adoption	Paris	Strasbourg
Date of entry into force	20.02.1971	07.11.1989
Languages	English, French	English, French
Depositary	Council of Europe	Council of Europe

(Status as of 15 December 2005)

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac) Signature (s)	Date	Entry into force	Denunciation Effective Date
Austria	R	14.09.1973	15.03.1974	
Belgium	R	21.11.1973	01.07.1974	
Bulgaria	s	21.05.2003		
Cyprus	R	08.02.1977	09.08.1977	
Czech Republic	R	23.09.1998	24.03.1999	
Denmark	R	24.06.1969	20.02.1971	
Finland	Ac	04.02.1975	05.08.1975	

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac) Signature (s)	Date	Entry into force	Denunciation Effective Date
France	R	09.01.1974	01.07.1974	
Germany	R	09.01.1974	01.07.1974	
Greece	R	25.05.1978	26.11.1978	14.03.2006
Iceland	R	01.05.1969	20.02.1971	
Italy	R	03.05.1974	04.11.1974	
Lithuania	R	02.03.2004	03.09.2004	
Luxembourg	R	13.04.1972	14.10.1972	03.11.2005
Netherlands	R	04.09.1980	05.03.1981	
Norway	R	25.06.1969	20.02.1971	03.09.2005
Portugal	R	01.06.1982	02.12.1982	
Romania	Ac	26.04.1991	27.10.1991	
Russian Federation	Ac	13.11.1990	14.05.1991	
Spain	R	02.08.1974	03.02.1975	
Sweden	R	20.10.1971	21.04.1972	07.05.2004
Switzerland	R	19.08.1970	20.02.1971	24.03.2006
Turkey	R	19.12.1975	20.06.1976	
United Kingdom	R	09.01.1974	01.07.1974	

Secretariat

Secretariat General
 Council of Europe
 67075 Strasbourg Cedex
 France
 Tel.: +33 3 88 41 20 00
 Fax: +33 3 8841-2781
 Web: <http://www.coe.int>

44. EUROPEAN CONVENTION ON THE PROTECTION OF THE ARCHAEOLOGICAL HERITAGE

Objectives

To apply stringent scientific methods to archaeological research and discoveries to preserve their full historical significance; to prevent illicit excavation and through education to give archaeological excavations their full scientific significance.

Summary of provisions

- (a) Parties to delimit and protect sites and areas of archaeological interest (art. 2);
- (b) Parties to prohibit illicit excavation, to entrust excavation only to qualified persons and to ensure control and conservation of finds (art. 3);
- (c) Parties to establish national inventories and scientific catalogues of publicly and, where possible, privately owned archaeological objects (art. 4);
- (d) Circulation of objects of scientific, cultural and education purposes to be promoted (art. 5).

Membership

Open to signature by member States of the Council of Europe, Instruments of ratification or acceptance to be deposited with the Secretary-General of the Council of Europe.

Date of adoption	06.05.1969
Place of adoption	London
Date of entry into force	20.11.1970
Languages	English, French
Depositary	Council of Europe

(Status as of 15 December 2005)

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)	Date	Entry into force	Denunciation
Austria	R	27.02.1974	28.05.1974	
Belgium	R	02.12.1969	20.11.1970	
Bosnia and Herzegovina	Ac	29.12.1994	30.03.1995	
Bulgaria	Ac	31.01.1991	01.05.1991	03.12.1993
Croatia	Ac	27.01.1993	28.04.1993	07.02.2005
Cyprus	R	23.11.1970	24.02.1971	09.10.1998
Denmark	R	06.05.1969	20.11.1970	
France	R	03.07.1972	04.10.1972	11.01.1996
Germany	R	21.01.1975	22.04.1975	23.07.2003
Greece	R	20.07.1981	21.10.1981	

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)	Date	Entry into force	Denunciation
Holy See	Ac	17.05.1972	18.08.1972	08.11.1999
Iceland	R	19.09.1989	20.12.1989	
Italy	R	16.09.1974	17.12.1974	
Liechtenstein	Ac	14.01.1976	15.04.1976	02.01.1997
Luxembourg	R	07.03.1972	08.06.1972	
Malta	R	30.04.1971	01.08.1971	25.05.1995
Portugal	R	06.07.1982	07.10.1982	06.02.1999
Russian Federation	Ac	13.11.1990	14.02.1991	
Slovenia	Ac	02.07.1992	03.10.1992	08.11.1999
Spain	Ac	28.02.1975	01.06.1975	
Sweden	R	17.03.1975	18.06.1975	12.04.1996
Switzerland	R	19.08.1970	20.11.1970	28.09.1996
The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	Ac	30.03.1994	01.07.1994	
United Kingdom	R	08.12.1972	09.03.1973	20.03.2001

Secretariat

Secretariat General
Council of Europe
67075 Strasbourg Cedex
France
Tel.: +33 3 88 41 20 00
Fax: +33 3 8841-2781

45. AGREEMENT FOR COOPERATION IN DEALING WITH POLLUTION OF THE NORTH SEA BY OIL⁴⁹

Objectives

To ensure cooperation between the coastal States in providing manpower, supplies, equipment and scientific advice at short notice to deal with discharges of oil or other noxious or hazardous substances in the North Sea.

Summary of provisions

(a) Covers the North Sea south of latitude 61 north and the English Channel east of a line 50 nautical miles west of a line joining the Scilly Isles and Ushant (art. 2);

(b) Parties to cooperate in informing each other of casualties or oil slicks in the area and in requiring masters of ships and pilots of aircraft registered in their territories to report such incidents (art. 5);

(c) Area divided into national zones, for each of which the relevant party has prime responsibility (art. 7);

(d) Assistance should be requested first from any other State likely to be affected by the pollution (art. 7);

Membership

Open to any Government for signature, ratification or approval; instruments of ratification or approval to be deposited with the Government of Germany.

Date of adoption	09.06.1969
Place of adoption	Bonn
Date of entry into force	09.08.1969
Languages	English, French
Depositary	Germany

Participant	Entry into force
Belgium	09.08.1969
Denmark	09.08.1969
France	09.08.1969
Germany	09.08.1969
Netherlands	08.03.1974
Norway	28.11.1970
Sweden	09.08.1969
United Kingdom	09.08.1969
United Kingdom	09.08.1969

⁴⁹ This agreement has been replaced by the Agreement for Cooperation in Dealing with the Pollution of the North Sea by Oil and Other Harmful Substances (Bonn, 13 September 1983) which entered into force on 1 September 1989.

46. CONVENTION ON THE CONSERVATION OF THE LIVING RESOURCES OF THE SOUTH-EAST ATLANTIC⁵⁰

Objectives

To achieve cooperation in the conservation and rational exploitation of the living resources of the South-East Atlantic Ocean.

Summary of provisions

(a) An International Commission for the South-East Atlantic Fisheries established (art. 4);

(b) The Commission to be responsible for research into the ecology, biometry, abundance and environment of all living resources, and to collect, analyze and publish scientific information (art. 6);

(c) The Commission to establish committee for each region of the area, and stock committees for certain stocks within the area (art. 7);

(d) These committees to draft recommendations, based on scientific investigations, for measures applicable to the region or stock concerned (art. 7);

The Commission may make recommendations regarding mesh sizes, size limits of fish, open and closed seasons and areas and regulation of fishing gear and catches (art. 8).

Membership

Open to any State represented at the Conference which adopted the Convention, any member of the United Nations or of any of its specialized agencies, or any other State unanimously invited by the Commission to become a party to the Convention.

Method of participation

Signature subject to ratification, acceptance or approval by signatory States or adherence by any non-signatory State.

Protocol of Termination

Date of adoption	23.10.1969	19.07.1990
Place of adoption	Rome	Madrid
Date of entry into force	24.10.1971	
Languages	English, French, Spanish	
Depositary	Director-General of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations.	

(Status as of 15 December 2005)

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Approval (Ap)/ Acceptance (At)/ Adherence (Ad)	Date	Entry into force	Withdrawal / Acceptance of the Protocol of Termination
Angola	Ad	04.10.1976	03.11.1976	23.10.1990
Belgium	R	31.10.1973	30.11.1976	31.12.1982
Bulgaria	Ad	24.04.1972	24.05.1972	

⁵⁰ The Protocol of Termination of the Convention was concluded in Madrid on 19 July 1990 by a Conference of Plenipotentiaries. The Convention terminates when all Contracting Parties have deposited an instrument of acceptance of the Protocol with the depositary.

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Approval (Ap)/ Acceptance (At)/ Adherence (Ad)	Date	Entry into force	Withdrawal / Acceptance of the Protocol of Termination
Cuba	R	15.01.1975	14,92,1865	31.12.1990
France	Ad	04.10.1972	03.11.1972	
Germany	R	17.11.1976	17.12.1976	
Iraq	Ad	04.06.1981	04.07.1981	
Israel	Ad	05.01.1976	04.02.1976	
Italy	R	22.12.1975	21.01.1976	
Japan	At	22.06.1970	24.10.1971	31.12.1991
Poland	Ad	02.03.1972	01.04.1972	
Portugal	R	22.01.1971	24.10.1971	
Republic of Korea	R	19.01.1981	18.02.1981	
Romania	Ad	18.08.1977	17.09.1977	
Russian Federation	Ap	24.09.1971	24.10.1971	
South Africa	R	02.10.1970	24.10.1971	
Spain	R	06.12.1971	05.01.1972	04.02.2002

Secretariat

Food and Agriculture Organization
of the United Nations (FAO)
Viale delle Terme di Caracalla, 00100 Rome, Italy
Telephone: +39 06 5705 1
Fax: +39 06 5705 3152
Telex: 625852/610181 FAO I/
Cable address: FOODAGRI ROME
Email: FAO-HQ@fao.org

47. INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION ON CIVIL LIABILITY FOR OIL POLLUTION DAMAGE (as amended)

Objectives

To ensure that adequate compensation is available to persons who suffer damage caused by pollution resulting from the escape or discharge of oil from ships. To standardize international rules and procedures for determining questions of liability and adequate compensation in such areas.

Summary of provisions

- (a) The owner of a ship at the time of an incident causing oil pollution damage shall be liable for any damage so caused, unless the incident is caused by act of war, exceptional natural phenomenon, malicious act of a third party or negligence of a Government or other authority in maintaining navigational aids (art. 3);
- (b) Contributory liability on the part of the plaintiff may be established in certain cases (art. 3);
- (c) Where two or more ships have caused such damage, the owners shall be jointly and severally liable (art. 4);
- (d) Limits to liability established (art. 5);
- (e) Ships carrying over 2,000 tons of oil as cargo must maintain insurance (art. 7);
- (f) Limitations of three and six years for rights of action (art. 8);
- (g) Warships are excluded (art. 11).

Membership

Open to all Members of the United Nations, members of the specialized agencies or parties to the Statute of the International Court of Justice. Instruments of ratification, acceptance, approval or accession to be deposited with the Secretary-General of IMO.

Amendments

Date of adoption	29.11.1969	19.11.1976	25.05.1984
Place of adoption	Brussels	London	London
Date of entry into force	19.06.1975	08.04.1981	Not yet in force
Languages	English, French	English, French	Arabic, Chinese, English, French, Russian, Spanish
Depositary	Secretary-General of the International Maritime Organization		

(Status as of 31 December 2003)

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date	Entry into force	Effective date of denunciation
Albania	Ac	06.04.1994	05.07.1994	
Algeria	Ac	14.06.1974	19.06.1975	03.08.1999
Antigua and Barbuda	Ac	23.06.1997	21.09.1997	14.06.2001

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date	Entry into force	Effective date of denunciation
Australia	R	07.11.1983	05.02.1984	15.05.1998
Bahamas	R	22.07.1976	20.10.1976	15.05.1998
Bahrain	Ac	03.05.1996	01.08.1996	15.05.1998
Barbados	Ac	06.05.1994	04.08.1994	07.07.1999
Belgium	R	12.01.1977	12.04.1977	06.10.1999
Belize	Ac	02.04.1991	01.07.1991	27.11.1999
Benin	Ac	01.11.1985	30.01.1986	
Brazil	R	17.12.1976	17.03.1977	
Brunei Darussalam	Ac	29.09.1992	28.12.1992	31.01.2003
Cambodia	Ac	28.11.1994	26.02.1995	
Cameroon	R	14.05.1984	12.08.1984	15.10.2002
Canada	Ac	24.01.1989	24.04.1989	29.05.1999
Chile	Ac	02.08.1977	31.10.1977	
China ⁵¹	Ac	30.01.1980	29.04.1980	05.01.2000
Colombia	Ac	26.03.1990	14.06.1990	
Costa Rica	Ac	08.12.1997	08.03.1998	
Côte d'Ivoire	R	21.06.1973	19.06.1975	
Croatia	S		08.10.1991	30.07.1999
Cyprus	Ac	19.06.1989	17.09.1989	15.05.1998
Denmark	Ac	02.04.1975	19.06.1975	15.05.1998
Djibouti	Ac	01.03.1990	30.05.1990	17.05.2002
Dominican Republic	R	02.04.1975	19.06.1975	
Ecuador	Ac	23.12.1976	23.03.1977	
Egypt	Ac	03.02.1989	04.05.1989	

⁵¹ Applies to the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region with effect from 1 July 1997.

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date	Entry into force	Effective date of denunciation
Equatorial Guinea	Ac	24.04.1996	23.07.1996	
Estonia	Ac	01.12.1992	01.03.1993	
Fiji	Ac	15.08.1972	19.06.1975	30.11.2000
Finland	R	10.10.1980	08.01.1981	15.05.1998
France	R	17.03.1975	19.06.1975	15.05.1998
Gabon	Ac	21.01.1982	21.04.1982	31.05.2003
Gambia	Ac	01.11.1991	30.01.1992	
Georgia	Ac	19.04.1994	18.07.1974	
Germany	R	20.05.1975	18.08.1975	15.05.1998
Ghana	R	20.04.1978	19.07.1978	
Greece	Ac	29.06.1976	27.09.1976	15.05.1998
Guatemala	Ac	20.10.1982	18.01.1983	
Guyana	Ac	10.12.1997	10.03.1998	
Honduras	Ac	02.12.1998	02.03.1999	
Iceland	R	17.07.1980	15.10.1980	10.02.2001
India	Ac	01.05.1987	30.07.1987	21.06.2001
Indonesia	R	01.09.1978	30.11.1978	
Ireland	R	19.11.1992	17.02.1993	15.05.1998
Italy	R	27.02.1979	28.05.1979	08.10.2000
Japan	Ac	03.06.1976	01.09.1976	15.05.1998
Kazakhstan	Ac	07.03.1994	05.06.1994	
Kenya	Ac	15.12.1992	15.03.1993	07.07.2001
Kuwait	Ac	02.04.1981	01.07.1981	
Latvia	Ac	10.07.1992	08.10.1992	
Lebanon	Ac	09.04.1974	19.06.1975	
Liberia	Ac	25.09.1972	19.06.1975	15.05.1998

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date	Entry into force	Effective date of denunciation
Luxembourg	Ac	14.02.1991	15.05.1991	
Malaysia	Ac	06.01.1995	06.04.1995	
Maldives	Ac	16.03.1981	14.06.1981	
Malta	Ac	27.09.1991	26.12.1991	06.01.2001
Marshall Islands	Ac	24.01.1994	24.04.1994	15.05.1998
Mauritania	Ac	17.11.1995	15.02.1996	
Mauritius	Ac	06.04.1995	05.07.1995	06.12.2000
Mexico	Ac	13.05.1994	11.08.1994	15.05.1998
Monaco	R	21.08.1975	19.11.1975	15.05.1998
Mongolia	Ac	03.03.2003	01.06.2003	
Morocco	Ac	11.04.1974	19.06.1975	25.10.2001
Mozambique	Ac	23.12.1996	23.03.1997	26.04.2003
Netherlands	R	09.09.1975	08.12.1975	15.05.1998
New Zealand	Ac	27.04.1976	02.09.1996	25.06.1999
Nicaragua	Ac	04.06.1996	02.09.1996	
Nigeria	Ac	07.05.1981	05.08.1981	24.05.2003
Norway	Ac	21.03.1975	19.06.1975	15.05.1998
Oman	Ac	24.01.1985	24.04.1985	15.05.1998
Panama	R	07.01.1976	06.04.1976	11.05.2000
Papua New Guinea	Ac	12.03.1980	10.06.1980	23.01.2002
Peru	Ac	24.02.1987	25.05.1987	
Poland	R	18.03.1976	16.06.1976	21.12.2000
Portugal	R	26.11.1976	24.02.1977	
Qatar	Ac	02.06.1988	31.08.1988	20.11.2002
Republic of Korea	Ac	18.12.1978	18.03.1979	15.05.1998

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date	Entry into force	Effective date of denunciation
Russian Federation	Ac	24.06.1975	22.09.1975	20.03.2001
Saint Kitts and Nevis	Ac	14.09.1994	13.12.1994	
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	Ac	09.04.1989	18.07.1989	09.10.2002
Sao Tome and Principe	Ac	29.10.1998	27.01.1999	
Saudi Arabia	Ac	15.04.1993	14.07.1993	
Senegal	Ac	27.03.1972	19.06.1975	
Seychelles	Ac	12.04.1988	11.07.1988	23.07.2000
Sierra Leone	Ac	13.08.1993	11.11.1993	04.06.2002
Singapore	Ac	16.09.1981	15.12.1981	31.12.1998
Slovenia	S		25.06.1991	19.07.2001
South Africa	Ac	17.03.1976	15.06.1976	
Spain	R	08.12.1975	07.03.1976	15.05.1998
Sri Lanka	Ac	12.04.1983	11.07.1983	22.01.2000
Sweden	R	17.03.1975	19.06.1975	15.05.1998
Switzerland	R	15.12.1987	14.03.1988	15.05.1998
Syrian Arab Republic	Ac	06.02.1975	19.06.1975	
Tonga	Ac	01.02.1996	01.05.1996	10.12.2000
Tunisia	Ac	04.05.1976	02.08.1976	15.05.1998
Tuvalu	S		01.10.1978	
United Arab Emirates	Ac	15.12.1983	14.03.1984	
United Kingdom ⁵²	R	17.03.1975	19.06.1975	15.05.1998

⁵² Extended to the Bailiwick of Guernsey, the Bailiwick of Jersey and the Isle of Man on 01.02.1976; Bermuda on 03.02.1976; the British Indian Ocean Territory, the British Virgin Islands and the Cayman Islands on 01.04.1976; the Falkland Islands (Malvinas) and Dependencies, Gibraltar, Hong Kong, Montserrat, Pitcairn, St. Helena and Dependencies on 1.04.1976; Seychelles (now an independent

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date	Entry into force	Effective date of denunciation
Vanuatu	Ac	02.02.1983	03.05.1983	18.02.2000
Venezuela	Ac	21.01.1992	20.04.1992	22.07.1999
Yemen	Ac	06.03.1979	04.06.1979	

Secretariat

International Maritime Organization
4 Albert Embankment
London
SE1 7SR
United Kingdom
Tel +44 (0)20 7735 7611
Fax +44 (0)20 7587 3210
E-mail: info@imo.org

State), the Turks and Caicos Islands and the United Kingdom Sovereign Base Areas of Akrotiri and Dhekelia on the Island of Cyprus on 01.04.1976 and Anguilla on 01.09.1984.

48. INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION RELATING TO INTERVENTION ON THE HIGH SEAS IN CASES OF OIL POLLUTION CASUALTIES

Objectives

To enable countries to take action on the high seas in cases of a maritime casualty resulting in danger of oil pollution of sea and coastlines; to establish that such action would not affect the principle of freedom of the high seas.

Summary of provisions

(a) Parties may take such measures on the high seas as may be necessary to prevent, mitigate or eliminate grave and imminent danger to their coastline or related interests from pollution or threat of pollution of the sea by oil (art. 1);

(b) Before taking action, a coastal State should notify the flag State of the ship, consult independent experts and notify any person whose interests may reasonably be expected to be affected by such action. In cases of extreme urgency measure may be taken at once. In any case the coastal State must endeavour to protect human life and assist persons in distress (art. 3);

(c) Such measures shall not go beyond what is reasonably necessary to achieve the end mentioned in article 1, and shall be proportionate to the damage, actual or threatened (art. 3);

Membership

Open to all Members of the United Nations, members of the specialized agencies or International Atomic Energy Agency or Parties to the Statute of the International Court of Justice. They may become Parties by (signature without reservation as to ratification, acceptance or approval, signature subject to ratification, acceptance, approval followed by ratification acceptance or approval, or accession.

Date of adoption	29.11.1969
Place of adoption	Brussels
Date of entry into force	06.05.1975
Languages	English, French
Depositary	Secretary-General of the International Maritime Organization

(Status as at 31 December 2003)

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Acceptance (At)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)/ Signature (s)	Date	Entry into force or Succession
Angola	Ac	04.10.2001	02.01.2002
Argentina ⁵³	Ac	21.04.1987	20.07.1987
Australia ⁵³	R	07.11.1983	05.02.1984
Bahamas	Ac	22.07.1976	20.10.1976
Bangladesh	Ac	06.11.1981	04.02.1982

⁵³ With a declaration.

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Acceptance (At)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)/ Signature (s)	Date	Entry into force or Succession
Barbados	Ac	06.05.1994	04.08.1994
Belgium	R	21.10.1971	06.05.1975
Benin	Ac	01.11.1985	30.01.1986
Bulgaria ⁵³	Ac	02.11.1983	31.01.1984
Cameroon	R	14.05.1984	12.08.1984
Chile	Ac	28.02.1995	29.05.1995
China ⁵⁴	Ac	23.02.1990	24.05.1990
Côte d'Ivoire	R	08.01.1988	07.04.1988
Croatia	S		08.10.1991
Cuba ⁵³	AC	05.05.1976	03.08.1976
Denmark ⁵⁵	s	18.12.1970	06.05.1975
Djibouti	Ac	01.03.1990	30.05.1990
Dominican Republic	R	05.02.1975	06.05.1975
Ecuador	Ac	23.12.1976	23.03.1977
Egypt	Ac	03.02.1989	04.05.1989
Equatorial Guinea	Ac	24.04.1996	23.07.1996
Fiji	Ac	15.08.1972	06.05.1975
Finland	R	06.09.1976	05.12.1976
France	R	10.05.1972	06.05.1975
Gabon	Ac	21.01.1982	21.04.1982
Georgia	Ac	25.08.1995	23.11.1995
Germany	R	07.05.1975	05.08.1975
Ghana	R	20.04.1978	19.07.1978

⁵⁴ Applies to the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of China with effect from 01.07.1997.

⁵⁵ Signature without reservation as to ratification.

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Acceptance (At)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)/ Signature (s)	Date	Entry into force or Succession
Guyana	Ac	10.12.1997	10.03.1998
Iceland	R	17.07.1980	15.10.1980
India	Ac	16.06.2000	14.09.2000
Iran, Islamic Republic of	Ac	25.07.1997	23.10.1997
Ireland	R	21.08.1980	19.11.1980
Italy	R	27.02.1979	28.05.1979
Jamaica	Ac	13.03.1991	11.06.1991
Japan	At	06.04.1971	06.05.1975
Kuwait	Ac	02.04.1981	01.07.1981
Latvia	Ac	09.08.2001	07.11.2001
Lebanon	Ac	05.06.1975	03.09.1975
Liberia	Ac	25.09.1972	06.05.1975
Marshall Islands	Ac	16.10.1995	14.01.1996
Mauritania	Ac	24.11.1997	22.02.1998
Mauritius	Ac	17.12.2002	17.03.2003
Mexico	Ac	08.04.1976	07.07.1976
Monaco	R	24.02.1975	06.05.1975
Morocco	Ac	11.04.1974	06.05.1975
Netherlands ⁵⁶	R	19.09.1975	18.12.1975
New Zealand	Ac	26.03.1975	06.05.1975
Nicaragua	Ac	15.11.1994	13.02.1995
Norway	Ac	12.07.1972	06.05.1975
Oman	Ac	24.01.1985	24.04.1985

⁵⁶ Extended to the Netherlands Antilles and Suriname.

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Acceptance (At)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)/ Signature (s)	Date	Entry into force or Succession
Pakistan	Ac	13.01.1995	13.04.1995
Panama	R	07.01.1976	06.04.1976
Papua New Guinea	Ac	12.03.1980	10.06.1980
Poland	R	0-1.06.1976	30.08.1976
Portugal	R	15.02.1980	15.05.1980
Qatar	Ac	02.06.1988	31.08.1988
Russian Federation ⁵³	Ac	30.12.1974	06.05.1975
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	Ac	12.05.1999	10.08.1999
Senegal	Ac	27.03.1972	06.05.1975
Slovenia	S		25.06.1991
South Africa	Ac	01.07.1986	29.09.1986
Spain	R	08.11.1973	06.05.1975
Sri Lanka	Ac	12.04.1983	11.07.1983
Suriname	S		25.11.1975
Sweden	At	08.02.1973	06.05.1975
Switzerland	R	15.12.1987	14.03.1988
Syrian Arab Republic ⁵³	Ac	06.02.1975	06.05.1975
Tonga	Ac	01.02.1996	01.05.1996
Trinidad and Tobago	Ac	06.03.2000	04.06.2000
Tunisia	Ac	04.05.1976	02.08.1976
Ukraine	S		17.12.1993
United Arab Emirates	Ac	15.12.1983	14.03.1984
United Kingdom	R	12.01.1971	06.05.1975
United States of America	R	21.02.1974	06.05.1975

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Acceptance (At)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)/ Signature (s)	Date	Entry into force or Succession
Vanuatu	Ac	14.09.1992	13.12.1992
Yemen	Ac	06.03.1979	04.06.1979

Secretariat

International Maritime Organization
4 Albert Embankment
London
SE1 7SR
United Kingdom
Tel +44 (0)20 7735 7611
Fax +44 (0)20 7587 3210
E-mail: info@imo.org

49. BENELUX CONVENTION ON THE HUNTING AND PROTECTION OF BIRDS (as amended)

Objectives

To harmonize legislation and regulations relating to hunting and the protection of wild birds in the three contracting States.

Summary of provisions

- (a) Parties to standardize their classification of different types of game into four categories;
- (b) Parties to harmonize their regulations for open and closed seasons for hunting and for weapons, ammunition and means of hunting;
- (c) Areas in which shooting is permitted to have minimum dimensions;
- (d) Regulations concerning the transport and sale of game to be standardized;
- (e) Parties to protect birds, other than those classified as game, their eggs and their nests.

Membership

Restricted to the three signatory States.

		Amendments	
Date of adoption	10.06.1970	20.06.1977	23.06.1987
Place of adoption	Brussels	Luxembourg	
Date of entry into force	01.07.1972	01.02.1983	23.06.1987
Languages	French, Dutch		
Depositary	Benelux Economic Union		

Participant	Entry into force
Belgium	01.07.1972
Luxembourg	01.07.1972
Netherlands	01.07.1972

50. AGREEMENT FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A COMMISSION FOR CONTROLLING THE DESERT LOCUST IN NORTH-WEST AFRICA (as amended)

Objectives

Through the establishment of a commission within the framework of FAO, to promote national and international research and action to control the desert locust in the region.

Summary of provisions

As for the Agreement concerning the Commission for Controlling the Desert Locust in the Eastern Region of its Distribution in South-West Asia.

Membership

Open to members and associate members of FAO and such non-member States as are members of the United Nations, any of its specialized agencies or IAEA.

Method of participation

- (i) For members and associate members of FAO: by depositing an instrument of acceptance with the Director-General which becomes effective on the date of receipt;
- (ii) For other States that are members of the United Nations, any of its specialized agencies or IAEA: submission to the Commission of an application for membership and a declaration made in a formal instrument that they accept the Agreement as in force at the time of admission. Admission to membership is decided by the Commission by a two-thirds majority of its members.

Amendments

Date of adoption	11.11.1970	
Place of adoption	Rome	
Date of entry into force	17.08.1971	11.11.1977
Languages	Spanish	
Depositary	Director-General of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations	

(Status as of 15 December 2005)

Participant	Acceptance	Entry into force	Withdrawal Effective Date
Algeria	17.08.1971	17.08.1971	26.11.2004
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	13.05.1971	17.08.1971	24.11.2006
Mauritania	16.01.1989	16.01.1989	
Morocco	01.10.1971	01.10.1971	
Tunisia	22.07.1971	17.08.1971	

Secretariat

Food and Agriculture Organization
of the United Nations (FAO)
Viale delle Terme di Caracalla, 00100 Rome, Italy
Telephone: +39 06 5705 1
Fax: +39 06 5705 3152
Telex: 625852/610181 FAO I/
Cable address: FOODAGRI ROME
Email: FAO-HQ@fao.org

51. CONVENTION ON WETLANDS OF INTERNATIONAL IMPORTANCE ESPECIALLY AS WATERFOWL HABITAT

Objectives

To stem the progressive encroachment on and loss of wetlands now and in the future, recognizing the fundamental ecological functions of wetlands and their economic, cultural, scientific and recreational value.

Summary of provisions

(a) Parties to designate at least one national wetlands for inclusion in a List of Wetlands of International Importance (art. 2);

(b) Parties to consider their international responsibilities for conservation, management and wise use of migratory stocks of wildfowl (art. 2);

(c) Parties to establish wetland nature reserves, cooperate in the exchange of information and train personnel for wetland management (art. 4);

(d) Conferences on the conservation of wetlands and water-fowl to be convened as the need arises.

Membership

Open for signature indefinitely and for accession to all States Members of the United Nations or members of the specialized agencies or IAEA; signature may be with or without reservation as to ratification.

Date of adoption	02.02.1971
Place of adoption	Ramsar, Iran (Islamic Republic of)
Date of entry into force	21.12.1975
Languages	English, French, German, Russian
Depositary	Director-General of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization

(Status as of 15 December 2005)

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession notification (S)	Date	Entry into force
Albania	Ac	31.10.1995	29.02.1996
Algeria	Ac	04.11.1983	04.03.1984
Antigua and Barbuda	Ac	02.06.2005	02.10.2005
Argentina	R	04.05.1992	04.09.1992
Armenia	Ac	06.07.1993	06.11.1993
Australia	R	08.05.1974	21.12.1975
Austria	Ac	16.12.1982	16.04.1983
Azerbaijan	Ac	21.05.2001	21.09.2001

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession notification (S)	Date	Entry into force
Bahamas	R	07.02.1997	07.06.1997
Bahrain	Ac	27.10.1997	27.02.1998
Bangladesh	Ac	21.05.1992	21.09.1992
Barbados	Ac	12.12.2005	12.04.2006
Belarus	S	10.09.1099	25.08.1991
Belgium	R	04.03.1986	04.07.1986
Belize	Ac	22.04.1998	22.08.1998
Benin	Ac	24.01.2000	24.05.2000
Bolivia	Ac	27.06.1990	27.10.1990
Bosnia and Herzegovina	S	24.09.2001	01.03.1992
Botswana	Ac	09.12.1996	09.04.1997
Brazil	Ac	24.05.1993	24.09.1993
Bulgaria	R	24.09.1975	24.01.1976
Burkina Faso	Ac	27.06.1990	27.10.1990
Burundi	Ac	05.06.2002	05.10.2002
Cambodia	Ac	23.06.1999	23.10.1999
Canada	Ac	15.01.1981	15.05.1981
Cape Verde	Ac	18.07.2005	18.11.2005
Chad	Ac	13.06.1990	13.10.1990
Central African Republic	Ac	05.12.2005	05.04.2006
Chile	Ac	27.07.1981	27.11.1981
China	Ac	31.03.1992	31.07.1992
Colombia	Ac	18.06.1998	18.10.1998
Comoros	Ac	09.02.1995	09.06.1995
Congo	Ac	18.06.1998	18.10.1998

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession notification (S)	Date	Entry into force
Costa Rica	R	27.12.1991	27.04.1992
Côte d'Ivoire	R	27.02.1996	27.06.1996
Croatia	S	19.11.1992	25.06.1991
Cuba	R	12.04.2001	12.08.2001
Cyprus	Ac	11.07.2001	11.11.2001
Czech Republic	S	31.03.1993	01.01.1993
Democratic Republic of Congo	Ac	18.01.1996	18.05.1996
Denmark	Ac	02.09.1977	02.01.1978
Djibouti	Ac	22.11.2002	22.03.2003
Dominican Republic	Ac	15.05.2002	15.09.2002
Ecuador	Ac	07.09.1990	07.01.1991
Egypt	Ac	09.09.1988	09.09.1988
El Salvador	R	22.01.1999	22.05.1999
Equatorial Guinea	Ac	02.06.2003	02.10.2003
Estonia	R	29.03.1994	29.07.1994
Finland	R	28.05.1974	21.12.1975
France	R	01.12.1986	01.04.1987
Gabon	R	30.12.1986	30.04.1987
Gambia	R	16.09.1996	16.01.1997
Georgia	Ac	07.02.1997	07.06.1997
Germany	R	26.02.1976	26.06.1976
Ghana	Ac	22.02.1988	22.06.1988
Greece	Ac	21.08.1975	21.12.1975
Guatemala	Ac	26.06.1990	26.10.1990
Guinea	R	18.11.1992	18.03.1993

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession notification (S)	Date	Entry into force
Guinea Bissau	Ac	14.05.1990	14.09.1990
Honduras	R	23.06.1993	23.10.1993
Hungary	Ac	11.04.1975	11.08.1979
Iceland	Ac	02.12.1977	02.04.1978
India	Ac	01.10.1981	01.02.1982
Indonesia	R	08.04.1992	08.08.1992
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	R	23.06.1975	21.12.1975
Ireland	R	15.11.1984	15.03.1985
Israel	R	12.11.1996	12.03.1997
Italy	R	14.12.1976	14.04.1977
Jamaica	Ac	07.10.1997	07.02.1998
Japan	Ac	17.06.1980	17.10.1980
Jordan	Ac	10.01.1977	10.05.1977
Kenya	Ac	05.06.1990	05.10.1990
Kyrgyzstan	Ac	12.11.2002	12.03.2003
Latvia	R	25.07.1995	25.11.1995
Lebanon	Ac	16.04.1999	16.08.1999
Lesotho	Ac	01.07.2004	01.11.2004
Liberia	Ac	02.07.2003	02.11.2003
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	Ac	05.04.2000	05.08.2000
Liechtenstein	R	06.08.1991	06.12.1991
Lithuania	R	20.08.1993	20.12.1993
Luxembourg	R	15.04.1998	15.08.1998
Madagascar	Ac	25.09.1998	25.01.1999
Malawi	Ac	14.11.1996	14.03.1997

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession notification (S)	Date	Entry into force
Malaysia	R	10.11.1994	10.03.1995
Mali	Ac	25.05.1987	25.09.1987
Malta	Ac	30.09.1988	30.01.1989
Marshall Islands	Ac	13.07.2004	13.11.2004
Mauritania	Ac	22.10.1982	22.02.1983
Mauritius	R	30.05.2001	30.09.2001
Mexico	Ac	04.07.1986	04.11.1986
Monaco	Ac	20.08.1997	20.12.1997
Mongolia	Ac	08.12.1997	08.04.1998
Morocco	R	20.06.1980	20.10.1980
Mozambique	Ac	03.08.2004	03.12.2004
Myanmar	Ac	17.01.2004	17.03.2005
Namibia	Ac	23.08.1995	23.12.1995
Nepal	Ac	17.12.1987	17.04.1988
Netherlands	Ac	23.05.1980	23.09.1980
New Zealand	R	13.08.1976	13.12.1976
Nicaragua	Ac	30.07.1997	30.11.1997
Niger	R	30.04.1987	30.08.1987
Nigeria	Ac	02.10.2000	02.02.2001
Norway	R	09.07.1974	21.12.1975
Pakistan	R	23.07.1976	23.11.1976
Palau	Ac	18.10.2002	18.02.2003
Panama	Ac	26.11.1990	26.03.1993
Papua New Guinea	Ac	16.03.1993	16.07.1993
Paraguay	R	07.06.1995	pu.10.1995
Peru	Ac	08.07.1994	08.11.1994

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession notification (S)	Date	Entry into force
Philippines	Ac	08.07.1994	08.11.1994
Poland	Ac	22.11.1972	22.03.1978
Portugal	R	24.11.1980	24.03.1981
Republic of Korea	Ac	28.03.1997	28.07.1997
Republic of Moldova	Ac	20.06.2000	20.10.2000
Romania	Ac	21.05.1991	21.09.1991
Russian Federation	R	11.10.1976	11.02.1977
Rwanda	Ac	01.12.2005	01.04.2006
Saint Lucia	Ac	19.02.2002	19.06.2002
Samoa	Ac	06.10.2004	06.02.2005
Senegal	Ac	11.07.1977	11.11.1977
Serbia and Montenegro	S	03.07.2001	27.04.1992
Seychelles	Ac	22.11.2004	22.03.2005
Sierra Leone	Ac	13.12.1999	13.04.2000
Slovak Republic	S	31.03.1993	01.01.1993
Slovenia	S	05.11.1992	25.06.1991
South Africa	R	12.03.1975	21.12.1975
Spain	Ac	04.05.1982	04.09.1982
Sri Lanka	Ac	15.06.1990	15.10.1990
Sudan	R	07.01.2005	07.05.2005
Suriname	R	18.05.1985	18.07.1985
Sweden	R	05.12.1974	21.12.1975
Switzerland	R	16.01.1976	16.05.1976
Syrian Arab Republic	R	05.03.1998	05.07.1998
Tajikistan	Ac	18.07.2001	18.11.2001
Thailand	S	13.05.1998	13.09.1998

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession notification (S)	Date	Entry into force
The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	S	04.04.1995	08.09.1991
Togo	Ac	04.07.1995	04.11.1995
Trinidad & Tobago	Ac	21.12.1992	21.04.1993
Tunisia	Ac	24.11.1980	24.03.1981
Turkey	Ac	13.07.1994	13.11.1994
Uganda	R	04.03.1988	04.07.1988
Ukraine	S	15.07.1997	01.12.1991
United Kingdom	R	18.12.1986	18.04.1987
United Republic of Tanzania	Ac	13.04.2000	13.08.2000
United States of America	R	18.12.1986	18.04.1987
Uruguay	Ac	22.05.1984	22.09.1984
Uzbekistan	Ac	08.10.2001	08.02.2002
Venezuela	Ac	23.11.1988	23.11.1988
Viet Nam	Ac	20.09.1988	20.01.1989
Zambia	R	28.08.1991	28.12.1991

Secretariat

The Ramsar Convention Secretariat
Rue Mauverney 28, CH-1196 Gland
Switzerland
Telephone: 41-22-999-0170
Fax: 41-22-999-0169
ramsar@ramsar.org

52. TREATY ON THE PROHIBITION OF THE EMBLACEMENT OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS AND OTHER WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION ON THE SEA BED AND THE OCEAN FLOOR AND IN THE SUBSOIL THEREOF

Objectives

To exclude the sea bed, the ocean floor and the subsoil thereof from the arms race as a step towards disarmament, the reduction of international tensions and the maintenance of world peace.

Summary of provisions

(a) Parties undertake not to place on the sea bed, on the ocean floor or in the subsoil thereof, nuclear weapons or other weapons of mass destruction, or structures for launching, storing, testing or using such weapons (art. 1);

(b) Outer limit of the sea bed zone to be the 12 mile limit referred to in the Convention on the Territorial Sea and the Contiguous Zone, 1958 (art. 2);

(c) Observers from any party may observe and verify the activities of any other party on the sea bed. In case of doubt parties shall consult and cooperate to remove such doubt by means of inspection and any other agreed procedures. If a serious question still remains concerning the fulfilment of the obligations under the Treaty, a party may refer the matter to the United Nations Security Council (art. 3).

Membership

Open to all States for signature subject to ratification, or accession. Instruments of ratification or accession to be deposited with the depositary Governments.

Date of adoption	11.02.1971
Places of adoption	London, Moscow, Washington, D.C.
Date of entry into force	18.05.1972
Languages	Chinese, English, French, Russian, Spanish
Depositaries	Russian Federation, United Kingdom, United States of America

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date
Afghanistan	11.02.1971	R	23.04.1971
Algeria		Ac ⁵⁷	27.01.1992
Antigua and Barbuda		S	26.01.1989
Argentina	03.09.1971	R	21.03.1983
Australia	11.02.1971	R	23.01.1973
Austria	11.02.1971	R	10.08.1972
Bahamas		Ac ⁵⁷	07.06.1989

⁵⁷ The date of signature and/or the deposit of an instrument of ratification/accession or a notification of succession at Washington, D.C. Others indicate the dates of such formalities done at London.

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date
Belgium	11.02.1971	R	20.11.1972
Benin	18.03.1971 ⁵⁷	R	02.07.1986
Bolivia	11.02.1971 ⁵⁷		
Bosnia and Herzegovina		S	15.08.1994 ⁵⁷
Botswana		R	10.11.1972 ⁵⁷
Brazil	03.09.1971	R	10.05.1988
Bulgaria	11.02.1971	R	26.05.1971
Canada	11.02.1971	R	17.05.1972
Myanmar	11.02.1971		
Central African Republic	11.02.1971 ⁵⁷	R	09.07.1981 ⁵⁷
China		Ac	28.02.1991
Colombia	11.02.1971 ⁵⁷		
Congo		Ac	23.10.1978
Costa Rica	11.02.1971 ⁵⁷		
Cyprus	11.02.1971	R	17.11.1972
Czech Republic		S	01.01.1993 ⁵⁷
Denmark	11.02.1971	R	15.06.1971
Dominican Republic	11.02.1971 ⁵⁷	R	11.02.1972 ⁵⁷
Equatorial Guinea	04.06.1971 ⁵⁷		
Ethiopia	11.02.1971	R	12.07.1977
Finland	11.02.1971	R	08.06.1971
Gambia	18.05.1971		
Germany	08.06.1971		
Ghana	11.02.1971 ⁵⁷	R	09.08.1972 ⁵⁷
Greece	12.02.1971 ⁵⁷	R	28.05.1985 ⁵⁷
Guatemala	11.02.1971 ⁵⁷		

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date
Guinea	11.02.1971 ⁵⁷		
Honduras	11.02.1971 ⁵⁷		
Hungary	11.02.1971	R	13.08.1971
Iceland	11.02.1971	R	30.05.1972
India		Ac	20.07.1973
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	11.02.1971	R	26.08.1971
Ireland	11.02.1971	R	19.08.1971
Italy	11.02.1971	R	03.09.1974
Ivory Coast		Ac	14.01.1972 ⁵⁷
Jamaica	11.10.1971	R	30.07.1986
Japan	11.02.1971	R	21.06.1971
Jordan	11.02.1971	R	01.11.1971
Lao People's Democratic Republic	11.02.1971	R	19.10.1971
Latvia		Ac	24.06.1992
Lebanon	11.02.1971		
Lesotho	08.09.1971 ⁵⁷	R	03.04.1973 ⁵⁷
Liberia	11.02.1971		
Liechtenstein		Ac	30.05.1991
Luxembourg	11.02.1971	R	11.11.1982
Madagascar	14.09.1971 ⁵⁷		
Malaysia	20.05.1971	R	21.06.1972
Mali	11.02.1971 ⁵⁷		
Malta	11.02.1971 ⁵⁷	R	04.05.1971 ⁵⁷
Mauritius	11.02.1971 ⁵⁷	Ac	03.05.1971 ⁵⁷
Mexico		Ac	23.03.1984

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date
Mongolia	11.02.1971	R	15.11.1971
Morocco	18.02.1971	R	26.07.1971
Nepal	24.02.1971	R	06.07.1971
Netherlands ⁵⁸	11.02.1971	R	14.01.1976
New Zealand	11.02.1971	R	24.02.1972
Norway	11.02.1971	R	28.06.1971
Panama	11.02.1971 ⁵⁷	R	20.03.1974 ⁵⁷
Paraguay	23.02.1971 ⁵⁷		
Philippines		Ac	05.11.1993
Poland	11.02.1971	R	15.11.1971
Portugal		Ac	24.06.1975
Qatar		Ac	12.11.1974
Republic of Korea	11.02.1971	R	25.06.1987
Romania	11.02.1971	R	10.07.1972
Russian Federation	11.02.1971	R	18.05.1972
Rwanda	11.02.1971 ⁵⁷	Ac	20.05.1975 ⁵⁷
Saudi Arabia	07.01.1972 ⁵⁷	R	23.06.1972 ⁵⁷
Senegal	17.03.1971 ⁵⁷		
Seychelles		Ac	12.03.1985
Sierra Leone	11.02.1971		
Singapore	05.05.1971	R	10.09.1976
Slovakia		S	01.01.1993 ⁵⁷
Slovenia		S	07.04.1992
Solomon Islands		S	17.06.1981
South Africa	11.02.1971 ⁵⁷	R	14.11.1973 ⁵⁷

⁵⁸ In respect of the Kingdom in Europe, Netherlands Antilles and Aruba.

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date
Spain		Ac	15.07.1987
Sudan	11.02.1971		
Swaziland	11.02.1971 ⁵⁷	R	09.08.1971 ⁵⁷
Sweden	11.02.1971	R	28.04.1972
Switzerland	11.02.1971	R	04.05.1976
Togo	02.04.1971 ⁵⁷	R	28.06.1971 ⁵⁷
Tunisia	11.02.1971	R	28.10.1971
Turkey	25.02.1971	R	25.10.1972
United Kingdom ⁵⁹	11.02.1971	R	18.05.1972
United Republic of Tanzania	11.02.1971 ⁵⁷		
United States of America	11.02.1971 ⁵⁷	R	18.05.1972 ⁵⁷
Uruguay	11.02.1971 ⁵⁷		
Yugoslavia ⁶⁰	02.03.1971	R	25.10.1973
Zambia		Ac	09.10.1972

⁵⁹ Extended to Antigua (now independent as Antigua and Barbuda), Dominica (now independent), Grenada (now independent), St. Christopher-Nevis-Anguilla, Saint Christopher and Nevis (now independent), St Lucia (now independent), St. Vincent (now independent as Saint Vincent and the Grenadines) and territories under the territorial sovereignty of the United Kingdom, as well as the State of Brunei (now independent).

⁶⁰ As of 4 February 2003, the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia became known as 'Serbia and Montenegro'.

53. CONVENTION RELATING TO CIVIL LIABILITY IN THE FIELD OF MARITIME CARRIAGE OF NUCLEAR MATERIAL

Objectives

Further to the Paris Convention of 29 July 1960 and the Vienna Convention of 21 May 1963, to ensure that the operator of a nuclear installation will be exclusively liable for damage caused by a nuclear incident occurring in the course of maritime carriage of nuclear material.

Summary of provisions

(a) Persons other than the operator of a nuclear installation exonerated from liability for damage caused by a nuclear incident during maritime carriage of such material (art. 1);

The operator's liability extended to cover damage to the means of transport and to the installation (art. 2).

Membership

Open to all Members of the United Nations, members of the specialized agencies or the International Atomic Energy Agency or Parties to the Statute of the International Court of Justice.

Date of adoption	17.12.1971
Place of adoption	Brussels
Date of entry into force	15.07.1975
Languages	English, French
Depositary	Secretary-General of International Maritime Organization

(Status as at 31 December 2003)

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Acceptance (At)/ Accession (Ac)	Date	Entry into force
Argentina	Ac	18.05.1981	16.08.1981
Belgium	R	15.06.1989	13.09.1989
Denmark ⁶¹	R	14.09.1974	15.07.1975
Dominica	Ac	31.08.2001	29.11.2001
Finland	At	06.06.1991	04.09.1991
France	R	02.02.1973	15.07.1975
Gabon	Ac	21.01.1982	21.04.1982
Germany ⁶¹	R	01.10.1975	30.12.1975
Italy ⁶¹	R	21.07.1980	19.10.1980
Latvia	Ac	25.01.2002	25.04.2002
Liberia	R	17.02.1981	18.05.1981

⁶¹ With a reservation or declaration.

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Acceptance (At)/ Accession (Ac)	Date	Entry into force
Netherlands	Ac	01.08.1991	30.10.1991
Norway	R	16.04.1975	15.07.1975
Spain	Ac	21.05.1974	15.07.1975
Sweden	R	22.11.1974	15.07.1975
Yemen	Ac	06.03.1979	04.06.1979

Secretariat

International Maritime Organization
4 Albert Embankment
London
SE1 7SR
United Kingdom
Tel +44 (0)20 7735 7611
Fax +44 (0)20 7587 3210
E-mail: info@imo.org

54. INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION ON THE ESTABLISHMENT OF AN INTERNATIONAL FUND FOR COMPENSATION FOR OIL POLLUTION DAMAGE (as amended)⁶²

Objectives

To supplement the International Convention on Civil Liability for Oil Pollution Damage, 1969; to ensure that adequate compensation is available to persons who suffer damage caused by pollution resulting from the escape or by discharge of oil from ships; and to ensure that the oil cargo interests bear a part of the economic consequences of such oil pollution damage, to be relief of the shipping industry.

Summary of provisions

- (a) An International Oil Pollution Compensation for established (art. 2);
- (b) Compensation to be paid by the Fund to any person suffering pollution damage who is unable to obtain full and adequate compensation under the terms of the 1969 Liability Convention, including the cost of measures reasonably taken to minimize the damage (art. 4);
- (c) The Fund will incur no obligation if the damage was caused by act of war, hostilities or by discharge from a warship (art. 4);
- (d) Limits to the Fund's obligations set at million francs (as defined in the 1969 Convention) for any one incident (art. 4);
- (e) The Fund to indemnify shipowners for the amount of liability incurred in excess of 1,500 francs per ton of ship's tonnage, but not in excess of 2,000 francs per ton or in any case of 210 million francs (art. 5);
- (f) Contributions to the Fund to be made in respect of each party by any person who, in the calendar year before the entry into force of the Convention for that party, received quantities of oil exceeding 150,000 tons, such contributions to be calculated on a "per ton" basis, as determined by the Assembly of the Fund (arts. 10-12).

Membership

Open to States parties to the 1969 Convention on Civil Liability for Oil Pollution Damage.

Amendments (Protocols)

Date of adoption	18.12.1971	19.11.1976	25.05.1984	27.09.2000
Place of adoption	Brussels	London	London	London
Date of entry into force	16.10.1978	22.11.1994	Not yet in force	27.06.2001
Languages	English, French			
Depositary	Secretary-General of the International Maritime Organization			

(Status as of 31 August 2005)

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac) Approval (Ap)	Date	Entry into force	Denunciation
Albania	Ac	06.04.1994	05.07.1994	

⁶² Due to a number of denunciations of the 1971 Fund Convention, this Convention ceased to be in force on 24 May 2002 and the 1971 Fund therefore has no Member States.

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac) Approval (Ap)	Date	Entry into force	Denunciation
Algeria	R	02.06.1975	16.10.1978	03.08.1999
Antigua and Barbuda	Ac	23.06.1997	21.09.1997	14.06.2001
Australia	Ac	10.10.1994	08.01.1995	15.05.1998
Bahamas	Ac	22.07.1976	16.10.1978	15.05.1998
Bahrain	Ac	03.05.1996	01.08.1996	15.05.1998
Barbados	Ac	06.05.1994	04.08.1994	07.07.1999
Belgium	R	01.12.1994	01.03.1995	06.10.1999
Benin	Ac	01.11.1985	30.01.1986	
Brunei Darussalam	Ac	29.09.1992	28.12.1992	31.01.2003
Cameroon	Ac	14.05.1984	12.08.1984	
Canada ⁶³	Ac	24.01.1989	24.04.1989	29.05.1999
China ⁶⁴			01.07.1997	05.01.2000
Colombia	Ac	13.03.1997	11.06.1997	
Côte d'Ivoire	Ac	05.10.1987	03.01.1988	
Croatia	S		08.10.1991	30.07.1999
Cyprus	Ac	26.07.1989	24.10.1989	15.05.1998
Denmark	Ac	02.04.1975	16.10.1978	15.05.1998
Djibouti	Ac	01.03.1990	30.05.1990	17.05.2002
Estonia	Ac	01.12.1992	01.03.1993	
Fiji	Ac	04.03.1983	02.06.1983	30.11.2000
Finland	R	10.10.1980	08.01.1981	15.05.1998
France	Ac	11.05.1978	16.10.1978	15.05.1998
Gabon	Ac	21.01.1982	21.04.1982	
Gambia	Ac	01.11.1991	30.01.1992	

⁶³With a declaration.

⁶⁴ China declared that the Convention will no longer be applicable to the Hong Kong Special Administration Region.

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac) Approval (Ap)	Date	Entry into force	Denunciation
Germany ⁶³	R	30.12.1976	16.10.1978	15.05.1998
Ghana	R	20.04.1978	16.10.1978	
Greece	Ac	16.12.1986	16.03.1987	15.05.1998
Guyana	Ac	10.12.1997	10.03.1998	
Iceland	Ac	17.07.1980	15.10.1980	10.02.2001
India	Ac	10.07.1990	08.10.1990`	21.06.2001
Indonesia	Ac	01.09.1978	30.11.1978	26.06.1999
Ireland	R	19.11.1992	17.02.1993	15.05.1998
Italy	Ac	27.02.1979	28.05.1979	08.10.2000
Japan	R	07.07.1976	16.10.1978	15.05.1998
Kenya	Ac	15.12.1992	15.03.1993	07.07.2001
Kuwait	Ac	02.04.1981	01.07.1981	
Liberia	Ac	25.09.1972	16.10.1978	15.05.1998
Malaysia	Ac	06.01.1995	06.04.1995	
Maldives	Ac	16.03.1981	14.06.1981	
Malta	Ac	27.09.1991	26.12.1991	06.01.2001
Marshall Islands	Ac	30.11.1994	28.02.1995	15.05.1998
Mauritania	Ac	17.11.1995	15.02.1996	
Mauritius	Ac	06.04.1995	05.07.1995	06.12.2000
Mexico	Ac	13.05.1994	11.08.1994	15.05.1998
Monaco	Ac	23.08.1979	21.11.1979	15.05.1998
Morocco	Ac	31.12.1992	31.03.1993	25.10.2001
Mozambique	Ac	23.12.1996	23.03.1997	26.04.2003
Netherlands	Ap	03.08.1982	01.11.1982	15.05.1998
New Zealand ⁶⁵	Ac	22.11.1996	20.02.1997	25.06.1999

⁶⁵ Accession by New Zealand was declared not to extend to Tokelau.

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac) Approval (Ap)	Date	Entry into force	Denunciation
Nigeria	Ac	11.09.1987	10.12.1987	
Norway	R	21.03.1975	16.10.1978	15.05.1998
Oman	Ac	10.05.1985	08.08.1985	15.05.1998
Panama	Ac	18.03.1999	16.07.1999	11.05.2000
Papua New Guinea	Ac	12.03.1980	10.06.1980	23.01.2002
Poland	R	16.09.1985	15.12.1985	21.12.2000
Portugal	R	11.09.1985	10.12.1985	
Qatar	Ac	02.06.1988	31.08.1988	20.11.2002
Republic of Korea	Ac	08.12.1992	08.03.1993	15.05.1998
Russian Federation	Ac	17.06.1987	15.09.1987	20.03.2001
Saint Kitts and Nevis	Ac	14.09.1994	13.12.1994	
Serbia and Montenegro	R	16.03.1978	16.03.1978	
Seychelles	Ac	12.04.1988	11.07.1988	23.07.2000
Sierra Leone	Ac	13.08.1993	11.11.1993	04.06.2002
Slovenia	S		25.06.1991	19.07.2001
Spain	Ac	08.10.1981	06.01.1982	15.05.1998
Sri Lanka	Ac	12.04.1983	11.07.1983	22.02.2000
Sweden	R	17.03.1975	16.10.1978	15.05.1998
Switzerland	R	04.07.1996	02.10.1996	15.05.1998
Syrian Arab Republic	Ac	06.02.1975	16.10.1978	
Tonga	Ac	01.02.1996	01.05.1996	10.12.2000
Tunisia	Ac	04.05.1976	16.10.1978	15.05.1998
Tuvalu	S		16.10.1978	
United Arab Emirates	Ac	15.12.1983	14.03.1984	24.05.2002
United Kingdom ⁶⁶	R	02.04.1976	16.10.1978	15.05.1998

⁶⁶ Extended on 16.10.1978 to the Bailiwick of Guernsey, the Bailiwick of Jersey, Bermuda, the British Indian Ocean Territory, the British Virgin Islands, the Cayman Islands, the Falkland Islands (Malvinas)

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac) Approval (Ap)	Date	Entry into force	Denunciation
Vanuatu	Ac	13.01.1989	13.04.1989	18.02.2000
Venezuela	Ac	21.01.1992	20.04.1992	22.07.1999

Secretariat

International Oil Pollution Compensation Fund
Portland House
Stag Place
London, SW1E 5PN United Kingdom.
Telephone: +44-20-75927100 •
Fax: +44-20-75927111
E-mail: info@iopcfund.org

and Dependencies, Gibraltar, Hong Kong, the Isle of Man, Montserrat, the Pitcairn group, St. Helena and Dependencies, the Turks and Caicos Islands and the United Kingdom Sovereign Base Areas of Akrotiri and Dhekelia on the Island of Cyprus, as well as to the following now independent States: Belize, the Gilbert Islands (now Kiribati), Seychelles and Solomon Islands. Extended on 01.09.1984 to Anguilla.

55. CONVENTION CONCERNING PROTECTION AGAINST HAZARDS OF POISONING ARISING FROM BENZENE

Objectives

To protect workers from hazards arising from the production, handling or use of benzene.

Summary of provisions

- (a) The Convention to apply to all activities involving exposure of workers to benzene (the aromatic hydrocarbon benzene (C₆ H₆) and products containing benzene;
- (b) Parties to use harmless or less harmful substitute products instead of benzene or products containing benzene, whenever such substitution is possible;
- (c) The use of benzene or of products containing benzene to be prohibited in certain work processes to be specified by national laws and regulations;
- (d) In premises where benzene or products containing benzene are manufactured, handled or used, all necessary measures to be taken to prevent the escape of benzene vapour into the air of places of employment, and the concentration of benzene in no case to exceed 25 parts per million;
- (e) Workers who may be exposed to benzene or products containing benzene to be provided with adequate means of personal protection and the duration of exposure to be limited as far as possible.

Membership

Open to all States members of the International Labour Organization.

Date of adoption	23.06.1971
Place of adoption	Geneva
Date of entry into force	27.07.1973
Languages	English, French
Depositary	Director-General of the International Labour Office

(Status as of 15 December 2005)

Participant	Ratification
Bolivia	31.01.1977
Bosnia and Herzegovina	02.06.1993
Brazil	24.03.1993
Chile	14.10.1994
Colombia	16.11.1976
Côte d'Ivoire	21.02.1973
Croatia	08.10.1991
Cuba	17.11.1972
Czech Republic	01.01.1993
Ecuador	27.03.1975

Participant	Ratification
Finland	13.01.1976
France	30.06.1972
Germany	26.09.1973
Greece	24.01.1977
Guinea	26.05.1977
Guyana	10.01.1983
Hungary	11.09.1972
India	11.06.1991
Iraq	27.07.1972
Israel	21.06.1979
Italy	23.06.1981
Kuwait	29.03.1974
Lebanon	23.02.2000
Malta	18.05.1990
Morocco	22.07.1974
Nicaragua	01.10.1981
Romania	06.11.1975
Serbia and Montenegro	24.11.2000
Slovakia	01.01.1993
Slovenia	29.05.1992
Spain	08.05.1973
Switzerland	25.03.1975
Syrian Arab Republic	07.02.1977
The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	17.11.1991
Uruguay	02.06.1977
Zambia	24.05.1973

Secretariat

International Labour Office
4, route des Morillons
CH-1211 Geneva 22
Switzerland
Tel: +41.22.799.6111
Fax: +41.22.798.8685
E-mail: infonorm@ilo.org

56. AMENDMENTS TO THE INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION FOR THE PREVENTION OF POLLUTION OF THE SEA BY OIL, 1954, CONCERNING TANK ARRANGEMENTS AND LIMITATION OF TANK SIZE

Objectives

To regulate tank arrangements and limit tank size in oil tankers in order to avoid the possibility of serious environmental pollution resulting from a single accident involving a tanker.

Summary of provisions

(a) To apply to all tankers scheduled for delivery after 1 January 1977, or for which a contract was placed after 1 January 1972 (new art. 6b);

(b) Tankers built to these specifications to carry a government-authorized certificate attesting such compliance;

(c) Annex C added to the Convention containing detailed specifications for tank arrangements and size.

Membership

Open to all States parties to the 1954 Convention.

Date of adoption	15.10.1971
Place of adoption	London
Date of entry into force	Not yet in force
Languages	English, French
Depositary	International Maritime Organization

Participant	Acceptance
Algeria	04.10.1976
Australia	13.11.1981
Bahamas	28.03.1977
Bahrain	21.10.1985
Canada	14.08.1974
Côte d'Ivoire	18.05.1972
Denmark	16.11.1976
Finland	15.03.1974
France	24.03.1975
Greece	28.02.1975
Italy	17.06.1976
Jordan	08.12.1972

Participant	Acceptance
Lebanon	21.12.1972
Liberia	25.09.1972
Malta	10.04.1975
Norway	13.08.1974
Philippines	16.05.1973
Russian Federation	22.10.1976
Saudi Arabia	05.09.1975
Sweden	26.10.1972
Switzerland	21.06.1977
Syrian Arab Republic	10.09.1975
Tunisia	11.09.1973
United Arab Emirates	15.03.1984
United Kingdom	14.10.1974
Uruguay	30.04.1979
Yugoslavia	25.06.1976

57. AMENDMENTS TO THE INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION FOR THE PREVENTION OF POLLUTION OF THE SEA BY OIL, 1954, CONCERNING THE PROTECTION OF THE GREAT BARRIER REEF

Objectives

To protect the Great Barrier Reef of Australia from pollution by oil.

Summary of provisions

Amendment of the definition of "nearest land" in article 1 of the 1954 Convention, to include a precise description of the "nearest land" off the north-East coast of Australia.

Membership

Open to all States parties to the 1954 Convention. Instruments of acceptance to be deposited with the International Maritime Organization.

Date of adoption	12.10.1971
Place of adoption	London
Date of entry into force	Not yet in force
Languages	English, French
Depositary	International Maritime Organization

Participant	Acceptance
Algeria	04.10.1976
Australia	13.11.1981
Bahamas	16.02.1979
Bahrain	21.10.1985
Canada	14.08.1974
Denmark	16.11.1976
Finland	15.03.1974
France	24.03.1975
Germany	26.03.1979
Greece	28.02.1975
Italy	17.06.1976
Jordan	08.12.1972
Lebanon	21.12.1972
Liberia	25.09.1972
Malta	10.04.1975

Participant	Acceptance
New Zealand	27.04.1976
Norway	13.08.1974
Philippines	16.05.1973
Russian Federation	22.10.1976
Saudi Arabia	05.09.1975
Sweden	26.10.1972
Switzerland	21.06.1977
Syrian Arab Republic	10.09.1975
Tunisia	11.09.1973
United Arab Emirates	15.03.1984
United Kingdom	02.06.1977
Uruguay	30.04.1979

58. CONVENTION FOR THE PREVENTION OF MARINE POLLUTION BY DUMPING FROM SHIPS AND AIRCRAFT (AS AMENDED)

Objectives

To control the dumping of harmful substances from ships and aircraft in the sea.

Summary of provisions

(a) Includes the Atlantic and Arctic Oceans north of latitude 36° north, east of longitude 42° west and west of longitude 51° east, excluding the Baltic and Mediterranean Seas (art. 2);

(b) Parties to apply measures so as to prevent dumping being diverted outside the area (art. 3);

(c) Dumping of materials listed in annex I to be prohibited (art. 5);

(d) Dumping of materials listed in annex II to be allowed only with a specific permit in each case (art. 6);

(e) No substance or material to be dumped without the approval of the national authority concerned (art. 7);

(f) Annex III contains provisions governing the issue of permits and approvals for the dumping of wastes at sea, both as to the characteristics of the waste and as to those of the dumping site and method of dumping;

(g) Parties to ensure compliance by ships and aircraft registered in their territories loading materials to be dumped in their territories, or believed to be engaged in dumping within their territorial sea.

Membership

Open for accession by any State which participated in the Conference on Marine Pollution, Oslo, 19-22 October 1971, or by any other State unanimously invited by the contracting parties to accede to the Convention. Instruments of accession to be deposited with the Government of Norway.

Amending Protocols

Date of adoption	15.02.1972	02.03.1983	05.12.1989
Place of adoption	Oslo	Oslo	Oslo
Date of entry into force	07.04.1974	01.09.1989	-
Languages	English, French		
Depositary	Norway		

Participant	Ratification/Accession	Entry into force
Belgium	28.02.1978	30.03.1978
Denmark	28.07.1972	07.04.1974
Finland	02.05.1979	01.06.1979
France	08.03.1974	07.04.1974
Germany	23.11.1977	23.12.1977
Iceland	27.06.1973	07.04.1974

Participant	Ratification/Accession	Entry into force
Ireland	25.01.1982	24.02.1982
Netherlands	29.09.1975	29.10.1975
Norway	02.06.1972	07.04.1974
Portugal	14.06.1973	07.04.1974
Spain	14.06.1973	07.04.1974
Sweden	13.06.1972	07.04.1974
United Kingdom	30.06.1975	30.07.1975

59. CONVENTION CONCERNING THE STATUS OF THE SENEGAL RIVER AND CONVENTION ESTABLISHING THE SENEGAL RIVER DEVELOPMENT ORGANIZATION⁶⁷

Objectives

To promote cooperation among the riparian States of the Senegal river in the management and development of its resources.

Summary of provisions

(a) Projects for agricultural or industrial exploitation likely to modify the characteristics of the river appreciably to be implemented only with prior approval of the contracting States (art. 4);

(b) Joint programme of work for the coordinated development and rational exploitation of water resources to be defined by the Organization (art. 8);

(c) Joint projects to be carried out by management agencies (art. 15), and coordinated by the Office of the High Commissioner (arts. 19 and 20);

(d) The organization to be governed by a Council of Ministers, assisted by a Standing Commission to define principles and procedures for sharing the waters of the river, and an advisory Inter-State Committee for Research and Agricultural Development.

Membership

Restricted to the Senegal River riparian States.

Amendments

Date of adoption	11.03.1972	17.12.1975 21.12.1978 11.12.1979
Place of adoption	Nouakchott	
Entry into force		
Depositary	Mauritania	

Participant
Mali
Mauritania
Senegal

⁶⁷ This Convention superseded the Bamako Convention of 26 July 1963 and the Dakar Convention of 7 February 1964.

60. CONVENTION FOR THE CONSERVATION OF ANTARCTIC SEALS

Objectives

To promote and achieve the protection, scientific study and rational use of Antarctic seals, and to maintain a satisfactory balance within the ecological system of the Antarctic.

Summary of provisions

(a) Applies to seas south of latitude 60° south, to five species of seals and to all southern fur seals (art. 1);

(b) Annex contains specific measures adopted by the parties. Parties may also take measures relating to permissible catch, protected and unprotected species, open and closed areas and seasons, designated areas where seals are not to be disturbed, types of gear, etc. (art. 3);

(c) Parties to exchange information among themselves and through the Scientific Committee on Antarctic Research of ICSU.

Membership

Open for accession by any non-signatory State at the invitation of all contracting parties. Instruments of accession to be deposited with the Government of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland.

Date of adoption	01.06.1972
Place of adoption	London
Date of entry into force	11.03.1978
Languages	English, French, Russian, Spanish
Depositary	United Kingdom

(Status as of November 2005)

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)/ Acceptance (At)	Date
Argentina ⁶⁸	09.06.1972	R	07.03.1978
Australia	05.10.1972	R	01.07.1987
Belgium	09.06.1972	R	09.02.1978
Brazil		Ac	11.02.1991
Canada		Ac	04.10.1990
Chile ⁶⁸	28.12.1972	R	07.02.1980
France	19.12.1972	At	19.02.1975
Germany		Ac	30.09.1987
Italy		Ac	02.04.1992
Japan	28.12.1972	At	28.08.1980

⁶⁸ With a reservation or declaration.

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)/ Acceptance (At)	Date
New Zealand	09.06.1972		
Norway	09.06.1972	R	10.12.1973
Poland		Ac	15.08.1980
Russian Federation ⁶⁸	09.06.1972	R	08.02.1978
South Africa	09.06.1972	R	15.08.1972
United Kingdom	09.06.1972	R	10.09.1974
United States of America	28.06.1972	R	19.01.1977

61. CONVENTION ON THE PROHIBITION OF THE DEVELOPMENT, PRODUCTION AND STOCKPILING OF BACTERIOLOGICAL (BIOLOGICAL) AND TOXIN WEAPONS, AND ON THEIR DESTRUCTION

Objectives

To prohibit the development of biological weapons and eliminate them, as a step towards general disarmament for the sake of all mankind.

Summary of provisions

(a) Each party undertakes never in any circumstances to develop, produce, stockpile or otherwise acquire or retain: (i) biological agents or toxins in quantities that have no justification for prophylactic, protective or other peaceful purposes; (ii) weapons, equipment or means of delivery designed to use such agents or toxins for hostile purposes or in armed conflict (art. 1);

(b) Parties to destroy any existing stockpiles and means of delivery, taking precautions to protect populations and the environment (art. 2);

(c) Parties not to assist any other State or person to develop such agents, toxins or weapons (art. 3);

(d) Complaints regarding breaches of obligations under the Convention to be reported to the United Nations Security Council (art. 6);

(e) States to continue negotiations for the effective prohibition of chemical weapons (art. 9).

Membership

Open to all States.

Date of adoption	10.04.1972
Place of adoption	London, Moscow, Washington, D.C.
Date of entry into force	26.03.1975
Languages	Chinese, English, French, Russian, Spanish
Depositaries	Russian Federation, United Kingdom, United States of America

(Status as of 1 January 2005)

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date
Afghanistan	10.04.1972	R	26.03.1975
Albania		Ac	03.06.1992
Algeria		Ac	22.07.2001
Antigua and Barbuda		Ac	29.01.2003
Argentina	03.08.1972	R	05.12.1979
Armenia		Ac	07.06.1994 ⁶⁹

⁶⁹ The date of signature and/or the deposit of an instrument of ratification/accession or a notification of succession at Washington, D.C. Others indicate the dates of such formalities done at London.

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date
Australia	10.04.1972	R	05.10.1977
Austria	10.04.1972	R	10.08.1973
Azerbaijan		Ac	26.02.2004
Bahamas		Ac	26.11.1986
Bahrain		Ac	28.10.1988
Bangladesh		Ac	13.03.1985
Barbados	16.02.1973 ⁶⁹	R	16.02.1973 ⁶⁹
Belarus	10.04.1972	R	26.03.1975
Belgium	10.04.1972	R	26.03.1975
Belize		S	20.10.1986
Benin	10.04.1972 ⁶⁹	R	25.04.1975 ⁶⁹
Bhutan		Ac	08.06.1978 ⁶⁹
Bolivia	10.04.1972 ⁶⁹	R	30.10.1975 ⁶⁹
Bosnia and Herzegovina		Ac	15.08.1994 ⁶⁹
Botswana	10.04.1972 ⁶⁹	R	05.02.1992 ⁶⁹
Brazil	10.04.1972	R	27.02.1973
Brunei Darussalam		Ac	31.01.1991
Bulgaria	10.04.1972	R	02.08.1972
Burma	10.04.1972		
Burkina Faso		Ac	17.04.1991 ⁶⁹
Burundi	10.04.1972 ⁶⁹		
Cambodia	10.04.1972 ⁶⁹	R	09.03.1983 ⁶⁹
Canada	10.04.1972	R	18.09.1972
Cape Verde		Ac	20.10.1977
Central African Republic	10.04.1972 ⁶⁹		

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date
Chile	10.04.1972	R	22.04.1980
China		Ac	15.11.1984
Colombia	10.04.1972 ⁶⁹	R	19.12.1983 ⁶⁹
Congo		Ac	23.10.1978
Costa Rica	10.04.1972 ⁶⁹	R	17.12.1973 ⁶⁹
Croatia		S	28.04.1993 ^{69/70}
Cuba		R	21.04.1976
Cyprus	10.04.1972	R	06.11.1973
Czech Republic		Ac	05.04.1993 ^{69/70}
Democratic People's Republic of Korea		Ac	13.03.1987
Democratic Republic of the Congo	10.04.1972	R	16.09.19975
Denmark	10.04.1972	R	01.03.1973
Dominica		Ac	08.11.1978
Dominican Republic	10.04.1972 ⁶⁹	R	23.02.1973 ⁶⁹
Ecuador	14.06.1972 ⁶⁹	R	12.03.1975 ⁶⁹
El Salvador	10.04.1972 ⁶⁹	R	31.12.1991 ⁶⁹
Equatorial Guinea		Ac	29.07.1992 ⁶⁹
Estonia		Ac	21.06.1993 ⁶⁹
Ethiopia	10.04.1972	R	26.05.1975
Fiji	22.02.2973	R	01.10.1973
Finland	10.04.1972	R	04.02.1974
France		Ac	27.09.1984
Gambia	02.06.1972	R	21.11.1991
Georgia		Ac	22.05.1996

⁷⁰ Effective date of notification of succession.

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date
Germany	10.04.1972	R	07.04.1983
Ghana	10.04.1972	R	06.06.1975
Greece	10.04.1972	R	10.12.1975 ⁶⁹
Grenada		Ac	22.10.1986
Guatemala	09.05.1972 ⁶⁹	R	19.09.1973 ⁶⁹
Guyana	03.01.1978 ⁶⁹		
Haiti	10.04.1972 ⁶⁹		
Guinea-Bissau		Ac	20.08.1976
Holy See	04.01.2002	R	04.01.2002
Honduras	10.04.1972 ⁶⁹	R	14.03.1979 ⁶⁹
Hungary	10.04.1972	R	27.12.1972
Iceland	10.04.1972	R	15.02.1973
India	15.01.1973	R	15.07.1974
Indonesia	20.06.1972	R	19.02.1992
Iran	16.11.1972	R	22.08.1973
Iraq	11.05.1972	R	19.06.1991
Ireland	10.04.1972	R	27.10.1972
Italy	10.04.1972	R	30.05.1975
Ivory Coast	23.05.1972 ⁶⁹		
Jamaica		Ac	13.08.1975
Japan	10.04.1972	R	18.06.1982
Jordan	17.04.1972	R	27.06.1975
Kenya		Ac	07.01.1976
Kuwait	27.04.1972	R	26.06.1972
Lao's People Democratic Republic	10.04.1972	R	25.04.1973
Latvia		Ac	06.02.1997

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date
Lebanon	10.04.1972	R	26.03.1975
Lesotho	10.04.1972 ⁶⁹	R	06.09.1977
Libya		Ac	19.01.1982
Liechtenstein		Ac	06.06.1991
Lithuania		Ac	10.02.1998
Luxembourg	10.04.1972	R	23.03.1976
Madagascar	13.10.1972		
Malawi	10.04.1972 ⁶⁹		
Malaysia	10.04.1972	R	06.09.1991
Maldives		Ac	02.08.1993
Mali	10.04.1972 ⁶⁹	R	25.11.2002
Malta	11.09.1972	R	07.04.1975
Mauritius	10.04.1972 ⁶⁹	R	07.08.1972 ⁶⁹
Mexico	10.04.1972	R	08.04.1974
Monaco		Ac	30.04.1999
Mongolia	10.04.1972	R	05.09.1972
Morocco	02.05.1972	R	21.03.2002
Netherlands ⁷¹	10.04.1972	R	22.06.1981
New Zealand	10.04.1972	R	18.12.1972
Nicaragua	10.04.1972 ⁶⁹	R	07.08.1975 ⁶⁹
Niger	21.04.1972 ⁶⁹	R	23.06.1972 ⁶⁹
Nigeria	10.07.1972	R	09.07.1973
Norway	10.04.1972	R	01.08.1973
Oman		Ac	31.03.1992 ⁶⁹
Pakistan	10.04.1972	R	03.10.1974

⁷¹ Extended to the Netherlands Antilles and Aruba.

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date
Palau		Ac	20.02.2003
Panama	02.05.1972 ⁶⁹	R	20.03.1974 ⁶⁹
Papua New Guinea		Ac	27.10.1980
Paraguay		Ac	09.06.1976
Peru	10.04.1972	R	05.06.1985
Philippines	10.04.1972	R	21.05.1973 ⁶⁹
Poland	10.04.1972	R	25.01.1973
Portugal	29.06.1972 ⁶⁹	R	15.05.1975
Qatar	14.11.1972	R	17.04.1975
Republic of Korea	10.04.1972	R	25.06.1987
Romania	10.04.1972	R	26.07.1979
Russian Federation	10.04.1972	R	26.03.1975
Rwanda	10.04.1972 ⁶⁹	R	20.05.1975
Saint Kitts and Nevis		Ac	02.04.1991
Saint Lucia		S	26.11.1986
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines		Ac	13.05.1999
San Marino	21.03.1973	R	11.03.1975
Sao Tome and Principe		Ac	24.08.1979
Saudi Arabia	12.04.1972 ⁶⁹	R	24.05.1972 ⁶⁹
Senegal	10.04.1972 ⁶⁹	R	26.03.1975 ⁶⁹
Serbia and Montenegro	10.04.1972	S	13.06.2001
Seychelles		Ac	11.10.1979
Sierra Leone	24.11.1972	R	29.06.1976
Singapore	19.06.1972	R	02.12.1975
Slovakia		S	17.05.1993
Slovenia		S	07.04.1992

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date
Solomon Islands		S	17.06.1981
South Africa	10.04.1972 ⁶⁹	R	03.11.1975 ⁶⁹
Spain	10.04.1972	R	20.06.1979
Sri Lanka	10.04.1972	R	18.11.1986
Sudan		Ac	17.10.2003
Suriname		Ac	06.01.1993
Swaziland		Ac	18.06.1991
Sweden	27.02.1975	R	05.02.1976
Switzerland	10.04.1972	R	04.05.1976
Thailand	17.01.1973 ⁶⁹	R	28.05.1975 ⁶⁹
The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia		Ac	14.03.1997
Timor Leste		Ac	05.05.2003
Togo	10.04.1972 ⁶⁹	R	10.11.1976 ⁶⁹
Tonga		Ac	28.09.1976
Tunisia	10.04.1972	R	06.06.1973
Turkey	10.04.1972	R	04.11.1974
Turkmenistan		Ac	08.03.1996 ⁶⁹
Uganda		Ac	12.05.1992 ⁶⁹
Ukraine	10.04.1972	R	26.03.1975
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland ⁷²	10.04.1972	R	26.03.1975
United States of America	10.04.1972 ⁶⁹	R	26.03.1975 ⁶⁹

⁷² Extended to Dominica (now independent) and various other territories under the territorial sovereignty of the United Kingdom, as well as the State of Brunei (now independent), the British Solomon Islands Protectorate (now independent as the Solomon Islands) and, within the limits of United Kingdom jurisdiction therein, the Condominium of the New Hebrides (now part of Vanuatu).

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date
Uruguay		Ac	06.04.1981
Uzbekistan		Ac	11.01.1996
Vanuatu		Ac	12.10.1990
Venezuela	10.04.1972 ⁶⁹	R	18.10.1978 ⁶⁹
Vietnam ⁷³	10.04.1972	Ac	20.06.1980
Yemen	26.04.1972	R	01.06.1979
Zimbabwe		Ac	05.11.1990

⁷³ The Republic of Viet Nam signed the Convention on 10.04.1972.

62. CONVENTION CONCERNING THE PROTECTION OF THE WORLD CULTURAL AND NATURAL HERITAGE

Objectives

To establish an effective system of collective protection of the cultural and natural heritage of outstanding universal value, organized on a permanent basis and in accordance with modern scientific methods.

Summary of provisions

(a) Each State party recognizes that the duty of identification, protection, conservation and transmission to future generations of the cultural and natural heritage belongs primarily to that State (art. 4);

(b) Parties to integrate the protection of their heritage into comprehensive planning programmes, to set up services for the protection of their heritage, to develop scientific and technical studies and to take necessary legal, scientific, administrative and financial steps to protect their heritage (art. 5);

(c) Parties undertake to assist each other in the protection of the cultural and natural heritage (art. 6);

(d) A World Heritage Committee established, to which each party will submit an inventory of its national heritage and which will publish a "World Heritage List" and a "List of World Heritage in Danger" (arts. 8-11);

(e) A World Heritage Fund established, to be financed by the parties and other interested bodies (art. 15);

(f) Any party may request assistance for property forming part of its listed heritage, and such assistance may be granted by the Fund in the form of studies, provision of experts, training of staff, supply of equipment, loans or subsidies (arts. 19-22).

Membership

Open for ratification or acceptance by all States members of United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO), and open for accession by other States upon invitation by the General Conference of UNESCO.

Date of adoption	16.11.1972
Place of adoption	Paris
Date of entry into force	17.12.1975
Languages	Arabic, English, French, Russian, Spanish
Depositary	Director-General of UNESCO

(Status as of 15 December 2005)

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/Accession (Ac)/Succession (S)/Acceptance (At)	Date
Afghanistan	R	20.03.1979
Albania	R	10.07.1989
Algeria	R	24.06.1974
Andorra	At	03.01.1997

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/Accession (Ac)/Succession (S)/Acceptance (At)	Date
Angola	R	07.11.1991
Antigua and Barbuda	At	01.11.1983
Argentina	At	23.08.1978
Armenia	S	05.09.1993
Australia	R	22.08.1974
Austria	R	18.12.1992
Azerbaijan	R	16.12.1993
Bahrain	R	28.05.1991
Bangladesh	At	03.08.1983
Barbados	At	09.04.2002
Belarus	R	12.10.1988
Belgium	R	24.07.1996
Belize	R	06.11.1990
Benin	R	14.06.1982
Bhutan	R	22.10.2001
Bolivia	R	04.10.1976
Bosnia and Herzegovina	S	12.07.1993
Botswana	At	23.11.1998
Brazil	At	01.09.1977
Bulgaria	At	07.03.1974
Burkina Faso	R	02.04.1987
Burundi	R	19.05.1982
Cambodia	At	28.11.1991
Cameroon	R	07.12.1982
Canada	At	23.07.1976
Cape Verde	At	28.04.1988

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/Accession (Ac)/Succession (S)/Acceptance (At)	Date
Central African Republic	R	22.12.1980
Chad	R	23.06.1999
Chile	R	20.02.1980
China	R	12.12.1985
Colombia	At	24.05.1983
Comoros	R	27.09.2000
Congo	R	10.12.1987
Costa Rica	R	23.08.1977
Cote d'Ivoire	R	09.01.1981
Croatia	S	06.07.1992
Cuba	R	24.03.1981
Cyprus	At	14.08.1975
Czech Republic	S	26.03.1993
Democratic People's Republic of Korea	At	21.07.1998
Democratic Republic of the Congo	R	23.09.1974
Denmark	R	25.07.1979
Dominica	R	04.04.1995
Dominican Republic	R	12.02.1985
Ecuador	At	16.06.1975
Egypt	R	07.02.1974
El Salvador	At	08.10.1991
Eritrea	At	24.10.2001
Estonia	R	27.10.1995
Ethiopia	R	06.07.1977
Fiji	R	21.11.1990

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/Accession (Ac)/Succession (S)/Acceptance (At)	Date
Finland	R	04.03.1987
France	At	27.06.1975
Gabon	R	30.12.1986
Gambia	R	01.07.1987
Georgia	S	04.11.1992
Germany	R	23.08.1976
Ghana	R	04.07.1975
Greece	R	17.07.1981
Grenada	At	13.08.1998
Guatemala	R	16.01.1979
Guinea	R	18.03.1979
Guyana	At	20.06.1977
Haiti	R	18.01.1980
Holy See	Ac	07.10.1982
Honduras	R	08.06.1979
Hungary	At	15.07.1985
Iceland	R	19.12.1995
India	R	14.11.1977
Indonesia	At	06.07.1989
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	At	26.02.1975
Iraq	At	05.03.1974
Ireland	R	16.09.1991
Israel	At	06.10.1999
Italy	R	23.06.1978
Jamaica	At	14.06.1983
Japan	At	30.06.1992

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/Accession (Ac)/Succession (S)/Acceptance (At)	Date
Jordan	R	05.05.1975
Kazakhstan	At	29.04.1994
Kenya	At	05.06.1991
Kiribati	At	12.05.2000
Kuwait	R	06.06.2002
Kyrgyzstan	At	03.07.1995
Lao People's Democratic Republic	R	20.03.1987
Latvia	At	10.01.1995
Lebanon	R	03.02.1983
Lesotho	At	25.11.2003
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	R	13.10.1978
Liberia	At	28.03.2002
Lithuania	At	31.03.1992
Luxembourg	R	28.09.1983
Madagascar	R	19.07.1983
Malawi	R	05.01.1982
Malaysia	R	07.12.1988
Maldives	Ac	22.05.1986
Mali	Ac	05.04.1977
Malta	At	14.11.1978
Marshall Islands	At	24.04.2002
Mauritania	R	02.03.1981
Mauritius	R	19.09.1995
Mexico	At	23.02.1984
Micronesia (Federated States of)	At	22.07.2002
Monaco	R	07.11.1978

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/Accession (Ac)/Succession (S)/Acceptance (At)	Date
Mongolia	At	02.02.1990
Morocco	R	28.10.1975
Mozambique	R	27.11.1982
Myanmar	At	29.04.1994
Namibia	At	06.04.2000
Nepal	At	20.06.1978
Netherlands	At	26.08.1992
New Zealand	R	22.11.1984
Nicaragua	At	17.11.1979
Niger	At	23.12.1974
Nigeria	R	23.10.1974
Niue	At	23.01.2001
Norway	R	12.05.1977
Oman	At	06.10.1981
Pakistan	R	23.07.1976
Palau	At	11.06.2002
Panama	R	03.03.1978
Papua New Guinea	At	28.07.1997
Paraguay	R	27.04.1988
Peru	R	24.02.1982
Philippines	R	19.09.1985
Poland	R	29.06.1976
Portugal	R	30.09.1980
Qatar	At	12.09.1984
Republic of Korea	At	14.09.1988
Republic of Moldova	R	23.09.2002

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/Accession (Ac)/Succession (S)/Acceptance (At)	Date
Romania	At	16.05.1990
Russian Federation	R	12.10.1988
Rwanda	At	28.12.2000
Saint Christopher and Nevis	At	10.07.1986
Saint Lucia	R	14.10.1991
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	R	03.02.2003
Samoa	At	28.08.2001
San Marino	R	18.10.1991
Saudi Arabia	At	07.08.1978
Senegal	R	13.02.1976
Serbia and Montenegro	S	11.09.2001
Seychelles	At	09.04.1980
Sierra Leone	R	07.01.2005
Slovakia	S	31.03.1993
Slovenia	S	05.11.1992
Solomon Islands	Ac	10.06.1992
South Africa	R	10.07.1997
Spain	At	04.05.1982
Sri Lanka	At	06.06.1980
Sudan	R	06.06.1974
Suriname	At	23.10.1997
Sweden	R	22.01.1985
Switzerland	R	17.09.1975
Syrian Arab Republic	At	13.08.1975
Tajikistan	S	28.08.1992
Thailand	At	17.09.1987

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/Accession (Ac)/Succession (S)/Acceptance (At)	Date
The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	S	30.04.1997
Togo	At	15.04.1998
Tonga	At	03.06.2004
Trinidad and Tobago	R	16.02.2005
Tunisia	R	10.03.1975
Turkey	R	16.03.1983
Turkmenistan	S	30.09.1994
Uganda	At	20.11.1987
Ukraine	R	12.10.1988
United Arab Emirates	Ac	11.05.2001
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	R	29.05.1984
United Republic of Tanzania	R	02.08.1977
United States of America	R	07.12.1973
Uruguay	At	09.03.1989
Uzbekistan	S	13.01.1993
Vanuatu	R	13.06.2002
Venezuela	At	30.10.1990
Vietnam	At	19.10.1987
Yemen	R	07.10.1980
Zambia	R	04.06.1984
Zimbabwe	R	16.08.1982

Secretariat

World Heritage Centre
United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO)
Vesna Vujicic-Lugassy, 7, place de Fontenoy
75352 Paris 07 SP, France
Phone 33/ 1 45 68 18 89
Fax 33/ 1 45 68 5570
Email wh-info@unesco.org

63. CONVENTION ON THE PREVENTION OF MARINE POLLUTION BY DUMPING OF WASTES AND OTHER MATTER (AS AMENDED)

Objectives

To control pollution of the sea by dumping, and to encourage regional agreements supplementary to the Convention.

Summary of provisions

- (a) Covers all seas, and all deliberate disposal of wastes other than that incidental to the normal operation of ships, aircraft, etc.;
- (b) Dumping of matter listed in annex I is prohibited. Dumping of matter listed in annex II is allowable only by general permit (art. 4);
- (c) Exceptions permitted only in the case of force majeure or extreme emergency;
- (d) Parties to establish authorities to issue permits, keep records and monitor the condition of the seas (art. 6);
- (e) Parties to enforce measures on all flag aircraft and ships, as well as ships and aircraft loading within their territories/territorial seas (art. 7);
- (f) Parties with particular interests in certain areas of the sea to enter into regional agreements to prevent marine pollution (art. 8);
- (g) Parties to collaborate in training personnel, supplying equipment for research and monitoring, and disposing of and treating wastes (art. 9);
- (h) Procedures to be developed for assessment of liability and settlement of disputes (art. 10);
- (i) Parties to promote measures to prevent pollution by hydrocarbons, other matter transported other than for dumping, wastes generated during operation of ships etc., radioactive pollutants and matter originating from exploration of the sea bed (art. 12).

Membership

Open to any States.

Date of adoption	29.12.1972
Places of adoption	London, Mexico City, Moscow, Washington, D.C.
Date of entry into force	30.08.1975
Languages	English, French, Russian, Spanish
Depositaries	Mexico, Russian Federation, United Kingdom, United States of America

(Status as of 31 December 2003)

Participant	Signature	Date of deposit of Instrument of Ratification / Accession / Succession
Afghanistan		02.04.1975
Antigua and Barbuda		06.01.1989
Argentina	10.05.1973	11.09.1979
Australia	10.10.1973	21.08.1985

Participant	Signature	Date of deposit of Instrument of Ratification / Accession / Succession
Azerbaijan		01.07.1997
Barbados		04.05.1994
Belarus		29.01.1976
Belgium	25.09.1973	12.06.1985
Bolivia		10.07.1999
Bosnia and Herzegovina		15.08.1994
Brazil		26.07.1982
Canada	09.02.1973	13.11.1975
Cape Verde		26.05.1977
Chad	29.12.1972	
Chile		04.08.1977
China ⁷⁴ , ⁷⁵		14.11.1985
Costa Rica		16.06.1986
Cote d'Ivoire		09.10.1987
Croatia		23.09.1992
Cuba		01.12.1975
Cyprus		07.06.1990
Democratic Republic of the Congo ⁷⁶		16.09.1975
Denmark ⁷⁷	29.12.1972	23.10.1974
Dominican Republic		07.12.1973
Egypt		30.07.1992
Equatorial Guinea		21.01.2004

⁷⁴ Applies to the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region with effect from 1 July 1997.

⁷⁵ Ceased to apply to the Macao Special Administrative Region with effect from 20 December 1999.

⁷⁶ Formerly Zaire.

⁷⁷ Ratification by Denmark was declared to be effective in respect of the Faroe Islands as from 15 November 1976.

Participant	Signature	Date of deposit of Instrument of Ratification / Accession / Succession
Finland	29.12.1972	03.05.1979
France	31.05.1973	03.02.1977
Gabon		05.02.1982
Germany	22.01.1973	18.11.1977
Greece	09.11.1973	10.08.1981
Guatemala		14.07.1975
Haiti	[signed at Moscow]	28.08.1975
Honduras		02.05.1980
Hungary	14.12.1973	05.02.1976
Iceland	29.12.1972	24.05.1973
Iran		13.01.1997
Ireland	31.12.1973	17.02.1982
Italy	29.12.1972	30.04.1984
Jamaica		22.03.1991
Japan	22.06.1973	15.10.1980
Jordan	04.01.1973	11.11.1974
Kenya		07.01.1976
Kiribati		12.07.1979
Korea, Republic of		21.12.1993
Lebanon	15.05.1973	
Lesotho	08.01.1973	
Liberia	01.01.1973	
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya		22.11.1976
Luxembourg	29.12.1972	21.02.1991
Malta		28.12.1989
Mexico	29.12.1972	07.04.1975
Monaco	05.10.1973	16.05.1977

Participant	Signature	Date of deposit of Instrument of Ratification / Accession / Succession
Morocco	22.06.1973	18.02.1977
Nauru		26.07.1982
Nepal	01.01.1973	
Netherlands ⁷⁸	12.04.1973	02.12.1977
New Zealand	30.05.1973	30.04.1975
Nigeria		19.03.1976
Norway	29.12.1972	04.04.1974
Oman		13.03.1984
Pakistan		09.03.1995
Panama		31.07.1975
Papua New Guinea		10.03.1980
Peru		07.05.2003
Philippines	29.12.1972	10.08.1973
Poland		23.01.1979
Portugal	29.12.1972	14.04.1978
Russian Federation	29.12.1972	30.12.1975
Saint Lucia		23.08.1985
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines		24.10.2001
Serbia and Montenegro		27.04.1992
Seychelles		29.10.1984
Slovenia		27.05.1992
Solomon Islands		06.03.1984
South Africa		07.08.1978
Spain	27.04.1973	31.07.1974
Suriname		21.10.1980

⁷⁸ For the Kingdom of the Netherlands (all parts of the Kingdom).

Participant	Signature	Date of deposit of Instrument of Ratification / Accession / Succession
Sweden	29.12.1972	21.02.1974
Switzerland	06.06.1973	31.07.1979
Togo	21.11.1973	
Tonga		08.11.1995
Tunisia		13.04.1976
Tuvalu		
Ukraine		05.02.1976
United Arab Emirates		09.08.1974
United Kingdom ⁷⁹	29.12.1972	17.11.1975
United States of America	29.12.1972	29.04.1974
Vanuatu		22.09.1992

⁷⁹ The United Kingdom considers that in the light of existing international law and taking into account the work being prepared in this field, the provisions of the present Convention cannot be interpreted as recognizing any right in a coastal State to control dumping beyond that which it has under generally accepted principles of international law.

64. CONVENTION ON INTERNATIONAL TRADE IN ENDANGERED SPECIES OF WILD FAUNA AND FLORA

Objectives

To protect certain endangered species from over-exploitation by means of a system of import-export permits.

Summary of provisions

(a) Includes animals and plants whether dead or alive, and any recognizable parts of derivatives thereof (art. 1);

(b) Appendix I covers endangered species, trade in which is to be tightly controlled; appendix II covers species that may become endangered unless trade is regulated; appendix III covers species that any party wishes to regulate and requires international cooperation to control trade; appendix IV contains model permits;

(c) Permits are required for species listed in appendices I and II stating that export/import will not be detrimental to the survival of the species (arts. 3 and 4).

Membership

Open to any State.

	Amendments		
Date of adoption	03.03.1973	22.06.1979	30.04.1983
Place of adoption	Washington, D.C.	Bonn	Gaborone
Date of entry into force	01.07.1975	13.04.1987	Not yet in force
Languages	Chinese, English, French, Russian, Spanish		
Depositary	Switzerland		

(Status as of 15 December 2005)

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Acceptance (At)/ Approval (Ap)/ Accession (Ac)/ Notification of Succession (S)	Date	Entry into force
Afghanistan	Ac	30.10.1985	28.01.1986
Albania	Ac	27.06.2003	25.09.2003
Algeria	Ac	23.11.1983	21.02.1984
Antigua and Barbuda	Ac	08.07.1997	06.10.1997
Argentina	R	08.01.1981	08.04.1981
Australia	R	29.07.1976	27.10.1976
Austria	Ac	27.01.1982	27.04.1982
Azerbaijan	Ac	23.11.1998	21.02.1999

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Acceptance (At)/ Approval (Ap)/ Accession (Ac)/ Notification of Succession (S)	Date	Entry into force
Bahamas	Ac	20.06.1979	18.09.1979
Bangladesh	R	20.11.1981	18.02.1982
Barbados	Ac	09.12.1992	09.03.1993
Belarus	Ac	10.08.1995	08.11.1995
Belgium	R	03.10.1983	01.01.1984
Belize	S	19.08.1986	21.09.1981
Benin	Ac	28.02.1984	28.05.1984
Bhutan	Ac	15.08.2002	13.11.2002
Bolivia	R	06.07.1979	04.10.1979
Botswana	Ac	14.11.1977	12.02.1978
Brazil	R	06.08.1975	04.11.1975
Brunei Darussalam	Ac	04.05.1990	02.08.1990
Bulgaria	Ac	16.01.1991	16.04.1991
Burkina Faso	Ac	13.10.1989	11.01.1990
Burundi	Ac	08.08.1988	06.11.1988
Cambodia	R	04.07.1997	02.10.1997
Cameroon	Ac	05.06.1981	03.09.1981
Canada	R	10.04.1975	09.07.1975
Cape Verde	Ac	10.08.2005	08.11.2005
Central African Republic	Ac	27.08.1980	25.11.1980
Chad	Ac	02.02.1989	03.05.1989
Chile	R	14.02.1975	01.07.1975
China	Ac	08.01.1981	08.04.1981
Colombia	R	31.08.1981	29.11.1981

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Acceptance (At)/ Approval (Ap)/ Accession (Ac)/ Notification of Succession (S)	Date	Entry into force
Comoros	Ac	23.11.1994	21.02.1995
Congo	Ac	31.01.1983	01.05.1983
Costa Rica	R	30.06.1975	28.09.1975
Cote d'Ivoire	Ac	21.11.1994	19.02.1995
Croatia	Ac	14.03.2000	12.06.2000
Cuba	Ac	20.04.1990	19.07.1990
Cyprus	R	18.10.1974	01.07.1975
Czech Republic	S	14.04.1993	01.01.1993
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Ac	20.07.1976	18.10.1976
Denmark	R	26.07.1977	24.10.1977
Djibouti	Ac	07.02.1992	07.05.1992
Dominica	Ac	04.08.1995	02.11.1995
Dominican Republic	Ac	17.12.1986	17.03.1987
Ecuador	R	11.02.1975	01.07.1975
Egypt	Ac	04.01.1978	04.04.1978
El Salvador	Ac	30.04.1987	29.07.1987
Equatorial Guinea	Ac	10.03.1992	08.06.1992
Eritrea	Ac	24.10.1994	22.01.1995
Estonia	Ac	22.07.1992	20.10.1992
Ethiopia	Ac	05.04.1989	04.07.1989
Fiji	Ac	30.09.1997	29.12.1997
Finland	Ac	10.05.1976	08.07.1976
France	Ap	11.05.1978	09.08.1978
Gabon	Ac	13.02.1989	14.05.1989

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Acceptance (At)/ Approval (Ap)/ Accession (Ac)/ Notification of Succession (S)	Date	Entry into force
Gambia	Ac	26.08.1977	24.11.1977
Georgia	Ac	13.09.1996	12.12.1996
Germany	R	22.03.1976	20.06.1976
Ghana	R	14.11.1975	12.02.1976
Greece	Ac	08.10.1992	06.01.1993
Grenada	Ac	30.08.1999	28.11.1999
Guatemala	R	07.11.1979	05.02.1980
Guinea-Bissau	Ac	16.05.1990	14.08.1990
Guinea	Ac	21.09.1981	20.12.1981
Guyana	Ac	27.05.1977	25.08.1977
Honduras	Ac	15.03.1985	13.06.1985
Hungary	Ac	29.05.1985	27.08.1985
Iceland	Ac	03.01.2000	02.04.2000
India	R	20.07.1976	18.10.1976
Indonesia	Ac	28.12.1978	28.03.1979
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	R	03.08.1976	01.11.1976
Ireland	R	08.01.2002	08.04.2002
Israel	R	18.12.1979	17.03.1980
Italy	R	02.10.1979	31.12.1979
Jamaica	Ac	23.04.1997	22.07.1997
Japan	At	06.08.1980	04.11.1980
Jordan	Ac	14.12.1978	14.03.1979
Kazakhstan	Ac	20.01.2000	19.04.2000
Kenya	R	13.12.1978	13.03.1979

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Acceptance (At)/ Approval (Ap)/ Accession (Ac)/ Notification of Succession (S)	Date	Entry into force
Kuwait	R	12.08.2002	10.11.2002
Lao People's Democratic Republic	Ac	01.03.2004	30.05.2004
Latvia	Ac	11.02.1997	12.05.1997
Lesotho	R	01.10.2003	30.12.2003
Liberia	Ac	11.03.1981	09.06.1981
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	Ac	28.01.2003	28.04.2003
Liechtenstein	Ac	30.11.1979	28.02.1980
Lithuania	Ac	10.12.2001	09.03.2002
Luxembourg	R	13.12.1983	12.03.1984
Madagascar	R	20.08.1975	18.11.1975
Malawi	Ac	05.02.1982	06.05.1982
Malaysia	Ac	20.10.1977	18.01.1978
Mali	Ac	18.07.1994	16.10.1994
Malta	Ac	17.04.1989	16.07.1989
Mauritania	Ac	13.03.1998	11.06.1998
Mauritius	R	28.04.1975	27.07.1975
Mexico	Ac	02.07.1991	30.09.1991
Monaco	Ac	19.04.1978	18.07.1978
Mongolia	Ac	05.01.1996	04.04.1996
Morocco	R	16.10.1975	14.01.1976
Mozambique	Ac	25.03.1981	23.06.1981
Myanmar	Ac	13.06.1997	11.09.1997
Namibia	Ac	18.12.1990	18.03.1991
Nepal	Ac	18.06.1975	16.09.1975

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Acceptance (At)/ Approval (Ap)/ Accession (Ac)/ Notification of Succession (S)	Date	Entry into force
Netherlands	R	19.04.1984	18.07.1984
New Zealand	Ac	10.05.1989	08.08.1989
Nicaragua	Ac	06.08.1977	04.11.1977
Niger	R	08.09.1975	07.12.1975
Nigeria	R	09.05.1974	01.07.1975
Norway	R	27.07.1976	25.10.1976
Pakistan	Ac	20.04.1976	19.07.1976
Palau	Ac	16.04.2004	15.07.2004
Panama	R	17.08.1978	15.11.1978
Papua New Guinea	Ac	12.12.1975	11.03.1976
Paraguay	R	15.11.1976	13.02.1977
Peru	R	27.06.1975	25.09.1975
Philippines	R	18.08.1981	16.11.1981
Poland	R	12.12.1989	12.03.1990
Portugal	R	11.12.1980	11.03.1981
Qatar	Ac	08.05.2001	06.08.2001
Republic of Korea	Ac	09.07.1993	07.10.1993
Republic of Moldova	Ac	29.03.2001	27.06.2001
Romania	Ac	18.08.1994	16.11.1994
Russian Federation	C	13.01.1992	01.01.1992
Rwanda	Ac	20.10.1980	18.01.1981
Saint Kitts and Nevis	Ac	14.02.1994	15.05.1994
Saint Lucia	Ac	15.12.1982	15.03.1983
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	Ac	30.11.1988	28.02.1989

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Acceptance (At)/ Approval (Ap)/ Accession (Ac)/ Notification of Succession (S)	Date	Entry into force
Samoa	Ac	09.11.2004	07.02.2005
San Marino	Ac	22.07.2005	20.10.2005
Sao Tome and Principe	Ac	09.08.2001	07.11.2001
Saudi Arabia	Ac	12.03.1996	10.06.1996
Senegal	Ac	05.08.1977	03.11.1977
Serbia and Montenegro	Ac	27.02.2002	28.05.2002
Seychelles	Ac	08.02.1977	09.05.1977
Sierra Leone	Ac	28.10.1994	26.01.1995
Singapore	Ac	30.11.1986	28.02.1987
Slovakia	S	02.03.1993	01.01.1993
Slovenia	Ac	24.01.2000	23.04.2000
Somalia	Ac	02.12.1985	02.03.1986
South Africa	R	15.07.1975	13.10.1975
Spain	Ac	30.05.1986	28.08.1986
Sri Lanka	Ac	04.05.1979	02.08.1979
Sudan	R	26.10.1982	24.01.1983
Suriname	Ac	17.11.1980	15.02.1981
Swaziland	Ac	26.02.1997	27.05.1997
Sweden	R	20.08.1974	01.07.1975
Switzerland	R	09.07.1974	01.07.1975
Syrian Arab Republic	Ac	30.04.2003	29.07.2003
Thailand	R	21.01.1983	21.04.1983
The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	Ac	04.07.2000	02.10.2000
Togo	R	23.10.1978	21.01.1979

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Acceptance (At)/ Approval (Ap)/ Accession (Ac)/ Notification of Succession (S)	Date	Entry into force
Trinidad and Tobago	Ac	19.01.1984	18.04.1984
Tunisia	R	10.07.1974	01.07.1975
Turkey	Ac	23.09.1996	22.12.1996
Uganda	Ac	18.07.1991	16.10.1991
Ukraine	Ac	30.12.1999	29.03.2000
United Arab Emirates	Ac	08.02.1990	09.05.1990
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	R	02.08.1976	31.10.1976
United Republic of Tanzania	R	29.11.1979	27.02.1980
United States of America	R	14.01.1974	01.07.1975
Uruguay	R	02.04.1975	01.07.1975
Uzbekistan	Ac	10.07.1997	08.10.1997
Vanuatu	Ac	17.07.1989	15.10.1989
Venezuela	R	24.10.1977	22.01.1978
Viet Nam	Ac	20.01.1994	20.04.1994
Yemen	Ac	05.05.1997	03.08.1997
Zambia	Ac	24.11.1980	22.02.1981
Zimbabwe	Ac	19.05.1981	17.08.1981

65. CONVENTION ESTABLISHING A PERMANENT INTER-STATE DROUGHT CONTROL COMMITTEE FOR THE SAHEL

Objectives

To protect the life of the peoples of the Sudano-Sahelian region and their economy against the drought.

Summary of provisions

- (a) A Permanent Inter-State Drought Control Committee for the Sahel (CILSS) established (arts. 1-3);
- (b) The Committee to coordinate all action to combat the drought and its consequences at the subregional level; to appeal for resources to carry out the emergency programme drawn up by the States as part of the campaign to combat the drought; to mobilize resources in order to finance operations within the framework of subregional cooperation; and to assist member States and existing bodies in the area in seeking financing for their individual programmes (art. 4);
- (c) The Committee's funds to be derived from contributions from member States and assistance of all kinds (art. 10);
- (d) Emergency operations, and also the application of certain measures of interest to member States, may be financed by special donations in cash and in kind and by the Special Fund for the Sahel (art. 12).

Membership

Restricted to the six signatory States. Membership of the Committee shall be open to any African country: (a) whose agricultural and stock-breeding economy is dominated by the ecological conditions of the Sudano-Sahelian region; (b) which has been declared a disaster area and recognized as such.

Date of adoption	12.09.1973
Place of adoption	Ouagadougou
Date of entry into force	
Language	French
Depositary	Burkina Faso

Participant
Burkina Faso
Chad
Mali
Mauritania
Niger
Senegal

66. CONVENTION ON FISHING AND CONSERVATION OF THE LIVING RESOURCES IN THE BALTIC SEA AND BELTS

Objectives

To achieve greater and closer cooperation between the parties in order to maintain the maximum stable productivity of the living resources of the region

Summary of provisions

(a) Parties to cooperate to achieve optimum yield from the living resources, particularly in the field of research, including programmes for the artificial reproduction of valuable fish species (art. 1);

(b) An International Baltic Sea Fishery Commission established (art. 9);

(c) The Commission to keep under review the living resources and fisheries of the region by collecting, analyzing and disseminating data; to draft proposals to coordinate scientific research; and to submit recommendations to the parties based on scientific research (art. 9);

(d) Such recommendations to concern regulation of fishing gear, size limits of fish, closed seasons or areas, improving and increasing marine resources, total allowable catch and any other measure related to the conservation of these resources (art. 10).

Membership

Open for accession to any State interested in the preservation and rational exploitation of living resources in the Baltic Sea and Belts, subject to invitation from the parties. Instruments of accession to be deposited with the Government of Poland.

		Amendment
Date of adoption	13.09.1973	11.11.1982
Place of adoption	Gdansk, Poland	Warsaw
Date of entry into force	28.07.1974	
Languages	Danish, English, Finnish, German, Polish, Russian, Swedish	English
Depositary	Poland	Poland

Participant ⁸⁰⁸¹	Entry into force	Acceptance of Amendment
Estonia	24.07.1992	
European Community	18.03.1984	
Latvia	23.07.1992	
Lithuania	09.07.1992	
Poland	28.07.1974	27.08.1983

⁸⁰ The Convention entered into force for Denmark and Germany on 28.07.1974 and 09.10.1977 respectively. In accordance with Appendix to Article XVII of the Convention as amended, Denmark and Germany ceased to be Parties at the moment the Convention entered into force on 18.03.1984 for the European Community.

⁸¹ Finland and Sweden became members of the European Community on 01.01.1995 and consequently withdrew from the Convention in accordance with its article XIX.

Participant ⁸⁰⁸¹	Entry into force	Acceptance of Amendment
Russian Federation	28.07.1974	11.11.1983

Secretariat

International Baltic Sea Fishery Commission Secretariat (IBSFC)
20, Hozastr. 00-528
Warsaw POLAND
Tel: (48-22) 628.86.47.
Fax: (48-22) 625.33.72.
E-mail: ibsfc@ibsfc.x.pl

67. INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION FOR THE PREVENTION OF POLLUTION FROM SHIPS, 1973

Objectives

To preserve the marine environment by achieving the complete elimination of international pollution by oil and other harmful substances and the minimization of accidental discharge of such substances.

Summary of provisions

(a) The Convention itself is a vehicle for enforcement and administration of the detailed provisions in the attached annexes I-V, the Protocol on Intervention on the High Seas in Cases of Marine Pollution by Substances Other than Oil, and protocols I and II;

(b) Protocol I contains provisions concerning reports on incidents involving harmful substances;

(c) Annex I contains Regulations for the Prevention of Pollution by Oil, including a list of oils;

(d) Annex II contains Regulations for the Control of Pollution by Noxious Liquid Substances in Bulk, including lists of such substances;

(e) Annex III contains Regulations for the Prevention of Pollution by Harmful Substances carried by Sea in Packaged Forms, or in Freight Containers, Portable Tanks or Road and Rail Tank Wagons;

(f) Annex IV contains Regulations for the Prevention of Pollution by Sewage from Ships;

(g) Annex V contains Regulations for the Prevention of Pollution by Garbage from Ships.

Membership

Open to all States.

Date of adoption	02.11.1973
Place of adoption	London
Date of entry into force	Not in force ⁸²
Languages	English, French, Russian, Spanish
Depositary	Secretary-General of the International Maritime Organization

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)	Date
Antigua and Barbuda	Ac	09.02.1987
Belgium ⁸³	Ac	06.03.1984
Benin	Ac	01.11.1985
Brunei Darussalam ⁸³	Ac	23.10.1986

⁸² The Convention is not intended to enter into force and be applied on its own. The Convention is incorporated in the Protocol of 1978 relating thereto, subject to the modifications in the Protocol.

⁸³ Except for annexes III, IV and V.

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)	Date
Bulgaria ⁸³	Ac	12.12.1984
Colombia	Ac	27.07.1981
Congo	Ac	07.01.1993
Georgia	Ac	19.04.1994
Germany ⁸⁴	R	21.01.1982
Guinea ⁸³	Ac	18.06.1993
Hungary	R	16.12.1983
Ireland ⁸⁵	R	06.01.1995
Italy	R	01.10.1982
Jordan	Ac	17.03.1975
Kenya	Ac	12.09.1975
Malawi	Ac	09.03.1993
Mexico ⁸³	Ac	23.04.1992
Malawi	Ac	09.03.1993
Malaysia ⁸⁵	Ac	28.01.1997
Mexico ⁸³	Ac	23.04.1992
Morocco	Ac	27.01.1993
Norway	Ac	15.07.1980
Peru	Ac	25.04.1980
Tunisia	Ac	04.05.1976
United Kingdom ⁸³		22.05.1980 ⁸⁶
Uruguay	Ac	30.04.1979
Viet Nam ⁸³	Ac	18.12.1990
Yemen	Ac	06.03.1979

⁸⁴ With a declaration.

⁸⁵ Except for annexes III and IV.

⁸⁶ The United Kingdom deposited the instrument of ratification with respect to Annexes III and V on 27 May 1986.

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)	Date
Yugoslavia	Ac	31.10.1980

68. AGREEMENT ON CONSERVATION OF POLAR BEARS

Objectives

To achieve protection of the polar bear as a significant resource of the Arctic region through further conservation and management measures.

Summary of provisions

(a) In general, the taking of polar bears to be prohibited (art. 1), except for bona fide scientific or conservation purposes, or to prevent disturbance of the management of other living resources, or by local people using traditional methods in accordance with the laws of the party concerned (art. 3);

(b) Parties to take action to preserve the ecosystems of which the polar bears are part (art. 2);

(c) Parties to conduct research into management and conservation of the species, coordinate such research and exchange information (art. 7).

Membership

Restricted to the signatory States.

Date of adoption	15.11.1973
Place of adoption	Oslo
Date of entry into force	26.05.1976
Languages	English, Russian
Depositary	Norway

Participant	Entry into force
Canada	26.05.1976
Denmark	25.01.1978
Norway	26.05.1976
Russian Federation	26.05.1976
United States of America	01.11.1976

Secretariat

Ministry of Foreign Affairs
P.O. Box 8114 Dep.
0033 Oslo
Norway
Tel: 00 4722 243600
Fax: 00 4722 249580

69. PROTOCOL RELATING TO INTERVENTION ON THE HIGH SEAS IN CASES OF MARINE POLLUTION BY SUBSTANCES OTHER THAN OIL (as amended)

Objectives

To enable States to take action on the high seas in cases of maritime casualties resulting in grave and imminent danger of pollution to their coastline or related interests by substances other than oil.

Summary of provisions

(a) Parties may take such measures as are necessary on the high seas to prevent, mitigate or eliminate grave and imminent danger to their coastline or related interests from pollution or the threat of pollution by substances other than oil following a maritime casualty (art. 1);

(b) Article I, paragraph 2 and articles II-VIII of the 1969 International Convention Relating to Intervention on the High Seas in Cases of Oil Pollution Casualties and its annexes are applicable to this Protocol (art. 2);

(c) A list of substances is to be established and maintained by an appropriate body.

Membership

Open to States which have ratified, accepted, approved or acceded to the 1969 International Convention Relating to Intervention on the High Seas in Cases of Oil Pollution Casualties.

		Amendments	
Date of adoption	02.11.1973	1991	1996
Place of adoption	London		
Date of entry into force	30.03.1983	24.07.1992	19.12.1997
Languages	English, French, Russian, Spanish		
Depositary	Secretary-General of the International Maritime Organization		

(Status as of 31 December 2003)

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Acceptance (At)/ Accession (Ac)	Date	Entry into force
Australia	Ac	07.11.1983	05.02.1984
Bahamas	Ac	05.03.1981	30.03.1983
Barbados	Ac	06.05.1994	04.08.1994
Belgium	Ac	09.09.1982	30.03.1983
Chile	Ac	28.02.1995	29.05.1995
China	Ac	23.02.1990	24.05.1990
Croatia	S		08.10.1991

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Acceptance (At)/ Accession (Ac)	Date	Entry into force
Denmark	R	09.05.1983	07.08.1983
Egypt	Ac	03.02.1989	04.05.1989
Finland	Ac	04.08.1986	02.11.1986
France	Ac	31.12.1985	31.03.1986
Georgia	Ac	25.08.1995	23.11.1995
Germany	R	21.08.1985	19.11.1985
Iran, Islamic Republic of	Ac	25.07.1997	23.10.1997
Ireland	Ac	06.01.1995	06.04.1995
Italy	R	10.10.1982	30.03.1983
Jamaica	Ac	13.03.1991	11.06.1991
Latvia	Ac	09.08.2001	07.11.2001
Liberia	Ac	17.02.1981	30.03.1983
Marshall Islands	Ac	16.10.1995	14.01.1996
Mauritania	Ac	24.11.1997	22.02.1998
Mauritius	Ac	06.11.2003	04.02.2004
Mexico	Ac	11.04.1980	30.03.1983
Morocco	Ac	30.01.2001	30.04.2001
Netherlands	R	10.09.1980	30.03.1983
Nicaragua	Ac	15.11.1994	13.02.1995
Norway	Ac	15.07.1980	30.03.1983

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Acceptance (At)/ Accession (Ac)	Date	Entry into force
Oman	Ac	24.01.1985	24.04.1985
Pakistan	Ac	13.01.1995	13.04.1995
Poland	R	10.07.1981	30.03.1983
Portugal	Ac	08.07.1987	06.10.1987
Russian Federation	At	30.12.1982	30.03.1983
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	Ac	12.05.1999	10.08.1999
Slovenia	S		25.06.1991
South Africa	Ac	25.09.1997	24.12.1997
Spain	Ac	14.03.1994	12.06.1994
Sweden	R	28.06.1976	30.03.1983
Switzerland	Ac	15.12.1987	14.03.1988
Tonga	Ac	01.02.1996	01.05.1996
Tunisia	Ac	04.05.1976	30.03.1983
United Kingdom	R	05.11.1979	30.03.1983
United States of America	R	07.09.1978	30.03.1983
Vanuatu	Ac	14.09.1992	13.12.1992
Yemen	Ac	06.03.1979	30.03.1983

Secretariat

International Maritime Organization
 4 Albert Embankment
 London SE1 7SR, United Kingdom
 Tel +44 (0)20 7735 7611
 Fax +44 (0)20 7587 3210
 E-mail: info@imo.org

70. CONVENTION ON THE PROTECTION OF THE ENVIRONMENT BETWEEN DENMARK, FINLAND, NORWAY AND SWEDEN

Objectives

To protect and improve the environment through cooperation to ensure that activities under the jurisdiction of one State do not cause damage to the environment of other States.

Summary of provisions

- (a) Any person who is affected by environmentally harmful activities in another contracting State shall have a right of action in that State (art. 3);
- (b) Each State to establish a special authority to safeguard general environmental interests as regards nuisances arising from environmentally harmful activities in another contracting State (art. 4);
- (c) In considering the permissibility of environmentally harmful activities, the nuisance such activities entail in another contracting State shall be equated with a nuisance in the State where the activities are carried out (art. 2).

Membership

Restricted to the original contracting Parties; no provision for accessing by other States.

Date of adoption	19.02.1974
Place of adoption	Stockholm
Date of entry into force	05.10.1976
Languages	Danish, Finnish, Norwegian, Swedish
Depositary	Sweden

Participant	Entry into force
Denmark	05.10.1976
Finland	05.10.1976
Norway	05.10.1976
Sweden	05.10.1976

Secretariat

Ministry of Foreign Affairs
Box 161 21, S-103 23
Stockholm, Sweden
Telephone: (46) 8 405 1000
Fax: (46) 8 723 1176
Telex: (54) 10590 MINFORS

71. CONVENTION ON THE PROTECTION OF THE MARINE ENVIRONMENT OF THE BALTIC SEA AREA (as amended)

Objectives

To protect and enhance the marine environment of the Baltic Sea area by means of regional cooperation.

Summary of provisions

- (a) Parties to control and restrict the introduction of hazardous and noxious substances into the area, including pollution from land-based sources;
- (b) Parties to prevent pollution from ships, pollution by dumping and pollution caused by exploitation of the sea bed;
- (c) Parties to cooperate in combating marine pollution;
- (d) Annexes to the Convention contain lists of substances to be controlled;
- (e) A Baltic Marine Environment Protection Commission established, to keep under review the implementation of the Convention and the contents of the annexes.

Membership

Open for accession to any State invited by all the contracting Parties. Instruments of accession to be deposited with the Government of Finland.

Date of adoption	22.03.1974
Place of adoption	Helsinki
Date of entry into force	03.05.1980
Languages	English, Danish, Finnish, German, Polish, Russian, Swedish
Depositary	Finland

Amendments: Date of entry into force

1980	01.12.1980
1981	03.05.1981
1983	01.03.1984
1984	01.07.1984
1985	01.01.1986
1987	06.04.1987
1991	03.02.1993
1992	01.07.1992
1993	01.01.1995

Participant	Entry into force
Denmark	03.05.1980
Estonia	22.01.1992
European Community	20.11.1994
Finland	03.05.1980
Germany	03.05.1980
Latvia	27.05.1994

Participant	Entry into force
Lithuania	08.04.1992
Poland	03.05.1980
Russian Federation	03.05.1980
Sweden	03.05.1980

Secretariat

Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Finland
Legal Department
P.O. Box 176
SF-00161 Helsinki, Finland
Tel: 358-9-160 05/518 15
Fax: 358-0-13415707
E-mail: kirjaamo.um@formin.fi

72. CONVENTION FOR THE PREVENTION OF MARINE POLLUTION FROM LAND-BASED SOURCES

Objectives

The Convention forms part of a comprehensive set of progressive and coherent measures to protect the marine environment from pollution.

Summary of provisions

- (a) Covers the Atlantic and Arctic Oceans north of latitude 36° north, east of longitude 42° west and west of longitude 51° east, excluding the Baltic and Mediterranean Seas (art. 2);
- (b) Parties to eliminate pollution of the maritime area from land-based sources by substances listed in annex A, part 1, and to limit strictly pollution by substances listed in part 2 (art. 4);
- (c) Parties generally to endeavour to reduce existing pollution and forestall any new pollution from land-based sources (art. 6);
- (d) In case of serious pollution from land-based sources by a substance not listed in annex A, part 1, the parties shall consult and negotiate a cooperation agreement (art. 9);
- (e) Parties to establish complementary scientific and technical research programmes (art. 10);
- (f) Parties to set up and operate a permanent monitoring system (art. 11);
- (g) A commission established to supervise the implementation of the Convention, to review the condition of the seas within the Convention area, to draw up programmes and measures for the elimination or reduction of pollution from land-based sources and to make recommendations for the amendment of the lists of substances in annex A (art. 16).

Membership

Open to States which participated in the Diplomatic Conference convened in Paris for the adoption of the Convention, to States Parties to the Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution by Dumping from Ships and Aircraft, 1972, and to states located upstream on watercourses crossing the territory of one or more Parties and reaching the Convention area. Parties may unanimously invite other States to accede. The instruments of accession to be deposited with the Government of France.

		Amendment
Date of adoption	04.06.1974	26.03.1986
Place of adoption	Paris	Paris
Date of entry into force	06.05.1978	01.09.1989
Languages English, French		
Depositary	France	

Participant	Entry into force
Belgium	11.02.1984
Denmark	06.05.1978
France	06.05.1978
Germany	01.04.1982
Iceland	19.07.1981

Participant	Entry into force
Ireland	28.09.1984
Netherlands	06.05.1978
Norway	06.05.1978
Portugal	09.06.1978
Spain	17.05.1980
Sweden	06.05.1978
United Kingdom ⁸⁷	06.05.1978
European Community	06.05.1978

⁸⁷ Extended to Guernsey on 06.04.1978 and to Jersey on 27.03.1980.

73. CONVENTION CONCERNING PREVENTION AND CONTROL OF OCCUPATIONAL HAZARDS CAUSED BY CARCINOGENIC SUBSTANCES AND AGENTS

Objectives

To protect workers against hazards arising from occupational exposure to carcinogenic substances and agents.

Summary of provisions

(a) Parties to determine periodically the carcinogenic substances and agents for which occupational exposure shall be prohibited or made subject to authorization or control (art. 1);

(b) Parties to make every effort to have carcinogenic substances and agents to which workers may be exposed in the course of their work replaced by non-carcinogenic substances or agents or by less harmful substances or agents (art. 2);

(c) Measures to be taken to protect workers against the risks of exposure to carcinogenic substances (art. 3); and to ensure that workers are afforded appropriate medical examinations and other tests or investigations during the period of employment and thereafter (art. 5);

(d) Laws, regulations and other methods to be established to give effect to the provisions of the Convention; appropriate bodies and inspection services for the purpose of the application of the Convention to be established (art. 6).

Membership

Open for accession to all States members of the International Labour Organization.

Date of adoption	24.06.1974
Place of adoption	Geneva
Date of entry into force	10.06.1976
Languages	English, French
Depositary	Director-General of the International Labour Office

(Status as of 15 December 2005)

Participant	Ratification
Afghanistan	16.05.1979
Argentina	15.06.1978
Belgium	11.10.1996
Bosnia and Herzegovina	02.06.1993
Brazil	27.06.1990
Croatia	08.10.1991
Czech Republic	01.01.1993
Denmark	06.06.1978
Ecuador	27.03.1975
Egypt	25.03.1982
Finland	04.05.1977

Participant	Ratification
France	24.08.1994
Germany	23.08.1976
Guinea	20.04.1976
Guyana	10.01.1983
Hungary	10.06.1975
Iceland	21.06.1991
Iraq	31.03.1978
Ireland	04.04.1995
Italy	23.06.1981
Japan	26.07.1977
Lebanon	23.02.2000
Nicaragua	01.10.1981
Norway	14.06.1977
Peru	16.11.1976
Portugal	03.05.1999
Serbia and Montenegro	24.11.2000
Slovakia	01.01.1993
Slovenia	29.05.1992
Sweden	23.09.1975
Switzerland	28.10.1976
Syrian Arab Republic	01.02.1979
The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	17.11.1991
Uruguay	31.07.1980
Venezuela (Bolivarian republic of)	05.07.1983

Secretariat

International Labour Office
 4, route des Morillons
 CH-1211 Geneva 22, Switzerland
 Tel: +41.22.799.6111, Fax: +41.22.798.8685
 E-mail: infonorm@ilo.org

74. AGREEMENT ON AN INTERNATIONAL ENERGY PROGRAMME

Objectives

To carry out a comprehensive programme of energy cooperation within the framework of the International Energy Agency

Summary of provisions

- (a) An allocation scheme in times of emergency, including maintenance of emergency reserves and a programme of demand restraint measures (arts. 2-24);
- (b) An extensive information system on the international oil market (arts. 25-36);
- (c) A framework for consultation with oil companies (arts. 37-40);
- (d) A programme for long-term cooperation in the areas of energy conservation, development of alternative sources of energy and research and development of nuclear energy (arts. 41-43);
- (e) The promotion of cooperative relations with oil-producing and other oil-consuming countries, including developing countries.

Membership

Open to States members of OECD.

Date of adoption	18.11.1974
Place of adoption	Paris
Date of entry into force	19.01.1976
Languages	English, French, German
Depositary	Belgium

(Status as of September 2003)

Participant	Entry into force
Australia	27.05.1979
Austria	10.07.1976
Belgium	08.08.1976
Canada	19.01.1976
Czech Republic	05.02.2001
Denmark	19.01.1976
Finland	01.01.1992
France	07.08.1992
Germany	19.01.1976
Greece	25.07.1977
Hungary	02.06.1997

Participant	Entry into force
Ireland	19.01.1976
Italy	13.02.1978
Luxembourg	19.01.1976
Netherlands	09.04.1976
New Zealand	08.01.1977
Portugal	09.07.1981
Republic of Korea	28.03.2002
Spain	19.01.1976
Sweden	19.01.1976
Switzerland	19.01.1976
Turkey	04.05.1981
United Kingdom	15.02.1980
United States of America	19.01.1976

75. CONVENTION FOR THE PROTECTION OF THE MEDITERRANEAN SEA AGAINST POLLUTION

Objectives

In the light of the special characteristics and vulnerability of the Mediterranean, to achieve international cooperation for a coordinated and comprehensive approach to the protection and enhancement of the marine environment in the Mediterranean area.

Summary of provisions

- (a) Parties to take all appropriate measures to prevent and abate pollution of the Mediterranean caused by dumping from ships and aircraft, or by discharges from ships, or resulting from exploration and exploitation of the sea bed and subsoil, or from discharges from rivers, coastal establishments or other land-based sources within their territories (arts. 5-8);
- (b) Parties to cooperate in taking measures to deal with pollution emergencies, whatever their cause (art. 9);
- (c) Parties to cooperate in establishing programmes for monitoring pollution in the area (art. 10);
- (d) Parties to cooperate in scientific and technical research relating to all types of marine pollution (art. 11);
- (e) Parties to cooperate in establishing procedures for the determination of liability and compensation for damage resulting from violations of the Convention and Protocols (art. 12);
- (f) Protocols for the Prevention of Pollution by Dumping from Ships and Aircraft, and for Cooperation in Dealing with Pollution Emergencies, have been adopted;
- (g) UNEP designated to discharge secretariat functions under the Convention.

Membership

Open to States which participated in the Barcelona Conference in February 1976, and to the European Community and any similar regional economic grouping at least one member of which is a coastal State of the Mediterranean Sea area and which exercises competence in fields covered by the Convention. Instruments of ratification or accession to be deposited with the Government of Spain.

Date of adoption	16.02.1976
Place of adoption	Barcelona, Spain
Date of entry into force	12.02.1978
Languages	Arabic, English, French, Spanish
Depositary	Spain

(Status as of 14 September 2004)

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Approval (Ap)/ Accession (Ac)/ Notification of Succession (S)	Date	Entry into force
Albania		Ac	30.05.1990	29.06.1990
Algeria		Ac	16.02.1981	18.03.1981
Bosnia and Herzegovina		S	22.10.1994	01.03.1992

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Approval (Ap)/ Accession (Ac)/ Notification of Succession (S)	Date	Entry into force
Croatia		S	12.06.1992	08.10.1991
Cyprus	16.02.1976	R	19.11.1979	19.12.1979
Egypt	16.02.1976	Ap	24.08.1978	23.09.1978
France ⁸⁸	16.02.1976	Ap	11.03.1978	10.04.1978
Greece	16.02.1976	R	03.01.1979	02.02.1979
Israel ⁸⁸	16.02.1976	R	03.03.1978	02.04.1978
Italy	16.02.1976	R	03.02.1979	05.03.1979
Lebanon		Ac	08.11.1977	12.02.1978
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	31.01.1977	R	31.01.1979	02.03.1979
Malta	16.02.1976	R	30.12.1977	12.02.1978
Monaco	16.02.1976	R	20.09.1977	12.02.1978
Morocco	16.02.1976	R	15.01.1980	15.02.1980
Serbia and Montenegro		S	16.07.2002	
Slovenia		Ac	16.09.1993	15.03.1994
Spain	16.02.1976	R	17.12.1976	12.02.1978
Syrian Arab Republic ⁸⁸		Ac	26.12.1978	25.01.1979
Tunisia	25.05.1976	R	30.07.1977	12.02.1978
Turkey	16.02.1976	R	06.04.1981	06.05.1981
Yugoslavia ⁸⁹		S	27.04.1992	
European Community	13.09.1976	Ap	16.03.1978	15.04.1978

⁸⁸ With a reservation.

⁸⁹ Yugoslavia notified on 16.07.2002 its succession to the Convention and the Protocols as indicated. The date of succession is 27.04.1992

Note: The amendment to the Convention, adopted in Barcelona, Spain on 10 June 1995, entered into force on 9 July 2004. Consequently, the title of the Convention has been changed to read as follows: ***Convention for the Protection of the Marine Environment and the Coastal Region of the Mediterranean.***

Secretariat

United Nations Environment Programme
Coordinating Unit for the
Mediterranean Action Plan (MEDU)
P.O. Box 18019, GR 116 10 Athens
Greece
Tel: (301)725 3190-5
Fax: (301)625 3197
Website: <http://www.unepmap.org>

76. PROTOCOL FOR THE PREVENTION OF POLLUTION OF THE MEDITERRANEAN SEA BY DUMPING FROM SHIPS AND AIRCRAFT

Objectives

To control and in certain circumstances prohibit the dumping into the Mediterranean Sea area of wastes or other matter.

Summary of provisions

- (a) Parties to take all appropriate measures to prevent and abate pollution of the Mediterranean Sea area caused by dumping from ships and aircraft (art. 1);
- (b) The dumping into the Mediterranean Sea of wastes or other matter listed in annex I is prohibited (art. 2), except as mentioned in article 9. The dumping of wastes listed in annex II requires a prior special permit (art. 3). For all other wastes and matter a prior general permit is required from the competent national authorities (art. 4). All such permits given in accordance with criteria listed in annex III (art. 7) by competent authorities designated for each purpose by each Party (art. 10);
- (c) Each party shall apply the measures required to implement this Protocol to all ships and aircraft registered in its territory or flying its flag, loading matter to be dumped, or believed to be engaged in dumping (art. 11);
- (d) The Protocol will not apply to ships and aircraft used only on Government non-commercial service (art. 11);
- (e) Each party shall issue instructions that reports shall be made to its authorities of any incidents or conditions which give rise to suspicions that dumping in contravention of this Protocol is occurring (art. 12).

Membership

Open to parties to the Convention for the Protection of the Mediterranean Sea Against Pollution.

Date of adoption	16.02.1976
Place of adoption	Barcelona, Spain
Date of entry into force	12.02.1978
Languages	Arabic, English, French, Spanish
Depositary	Spain

(Status as of 14 September 2004)

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Approval (Ap)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date	Entry into force
Albania		A	30.05.1990	29.06.1990
Algeria		Ac	16.03.1981	15.04.1981
Bosnia and Herzegovina		S	22.10.1994	01.03.1992

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Approval (Ap)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date	Entry into force
Croatia		S	12.06.1992	08.10.1991
Cyprus	16.02.1976	R	19.11.1979	19.12.1979
Egypt	16.02.1976	Ap	24.08.1978	23.09.1978
France ⁹⁰	16.02.1976	Ap	11.03.1978	10.04.1978
Greece	11.02.1977	R	03.01.1979	02.02.1979
Israel	16.02.1976	R	01.03.1984	31.03.1984
Italy	16.02.1976	R	03.02.1979	05.03.1979
Lebanon		Ac	08.11.1977	12.02.1978
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	31.01.1977	R	31.01.1979	02.03.1979
Malta	16.02.1977	R	30.12.1977	12.02.1978
Monaco	16.02.1976	R	20.09.1977	12.02.1978
Morocco	16.02.1976	R	15.01.1980	15.02.1980
Serbia and Montenegro		S	16.07.2002	
Slovenia		Ac	16.09.1993	15.03.1994
Spain	16.02.1976	R	17.12.1976	12.02.1978
Syrian Arab Republic		Ac	26.12.1978	25.01.1979
Tunisia	25.05.1976	R	30.07.1977	12.02.1978
Turkey	16.02.1976	R	06.04.1981	06.05.1981
European Community	13.09.1976	Ap	16.03.1978	15.04.1978

⁹⁰ With a reservation or declaration.

77. PROTOCOL CONCERNING COOPERATION IN COMBATING POLLUTION OF THE MEDITERRANEAN SEA BY OIL AND OTHER HARMFUL SUBSTANCES IN CASES OF EMERGENCY

Objectives

To protect the coastal States and the marine ecosystem of the Mediterranean Sea area against pollution by oil and other harmful substances.

Summary of provisions

(a) The parties to cooperate in cases of pollution of the Mediterranean Sea area (defined in art. 7 of the Convention) by oil and other harmful substances in cases of emergency (art. 1);

(b) The parties to maintain and promote contingency plans and means for combating pollution of the sea by oil and other harmful substances (art. 2);

(c) The parties to develop and apply monitoring activities covering the Mediterranean Sea area (art. 4), and shall cooperate in the salvage and recovery of harmful substances (art. 5);

(d) The parties to disseminate to other parties information on their competent national authorities for combating pollution, on reports of pollution, on matters concerning measures of assistance, on new ways to avoid and new measures to combat pollution, and on the development of related research programmes (art. 6);

(e) The parties to coordinate the utilization of their means of communication (art. 7);

(f) The parties to issue instructions to masters of ships and aircraft to report all accidents causing or likely to cause pollution, and presence, characteristics and extent of spillages, such information to be communicated to the other parties (art. 8);

(g) Parties faced with an emergency to make the necessary assessments, take every practicable measure to avoid or reduce the pollution, inform all other parties involved and report thereon (art. 9).

Membership

Open to States parties to the Convention for the Protection of the Mediterranean Sea Against Pollution.

Date of adoption	16.02.1976
Place of adoption	Barcelona, Spain
Date of entry into force	12.02.1978
Languages	Arabic, English, French, Spanish
Depositary	Spain

(Status as of 14 September 2004)

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)/ Approval (Ap) Succession (S)	Date	Date of Entry into force
Albania		Ac	30.05.1990	29.06.1990
Algeria		Ac	16.03.1981	15.04.1981
Bosnia and Herzegovina		S	22.10.1994	01.03.1992
Croatia		S	12.06.1992	08.10.1991

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)/ Approval (Ap) Succession (S)	Date	Date of Entry into force
Cyprus	16.02.1976	R	19.11.1979	19.12.1979
Egypt	16.02.1976	Ap	24.08.1978	23.09.1978
France ⁹¹	16.02.1976	Ap	11.03.1978	10.04.1978
Greece	16.02.1976	R	03.01.1979	02.02.1979
Israel	16.02.1976	R	03.03.1978	02.04.1978
Italy	16.02.1976	R	03.02.1979	05.03.1979
Lebanon		Ac	08.11.1977	12.02.1978
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	31.01.1977	R	31.01.1979	02.03.1979
Malta	16.02.1976	R	30.12.1977	12.02.1978
Monaco	16.02.1976	R	20.09.1977	12.02.1978
Morocco	16.02.1976	R	15.01.1980	15.02.1980
Serbia and Montenegro			16.07.2002	
Slovenia		Ac	16.09.1993	15.03.1994
Spain	16.02.1976	R	17.12.1976	12.02.1978
Syrian Arab Republic		Ac	26.12.1978	25.01.1979
Tunisia	25.05.1976	R	30.07.1977	12.02.1978
Turkey	16.02.1976	R	06.04.1981	06.05.1981
European Community	13.09.19761	Ap	12.08.1981	11.09.1981

⁹¹ With a reservation or declaration.

78. EUROPEAN CONVENTION FOR THE PROTECTION OF ANIMALS KEPT FOR FARMING PURPOSES

Objectives

To protect animals kept for farming purposes, particularly in modern intensive stock farming.

Summary of provisions

(a) Applies to the keeping, care and housing of animals and in particular to animals in modern intensive stock-farming systems (art. 1);

(b) Animals shall be housed and provided with food, water, care, freedom of movement, lighting, heating, humidity, ventilation and other environmental conditions, having regard to their species and to their degree of development, adoption and domestication, which are appropriate to their physiological and ethological needs in accordance with established experience and scientific knowledge (arts. 2-7);

(c) A Standing Committee to be set up within a year of the entry into force of the Convention, with responsibility for the drafting and adoption of recommendations to be effective six months after the date of their adoption. Each party to report on its implementation of the recommendations, or its reasons for not implementing them. If two or more parties do not implement a recommendation it shall cease to have effect (arts. 8-10).

Membership

Open for signature by the Member States of the Council of Europe and by the European Community and also subject to ratification, acceptance or approval.

Date of adoption	10.03.1976
Place of adoption	Strasbourg, France
Date of entry into force	10.09.1978
Languages	English, French
Depositary	Council of Europe

(Status as of 15 December 2005)

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Approval (Ap)/ Accession (Ac) Succession (S)	Date	Entry into force
Austria	23.01.1992	R	22.06.1992	23.06.1993
Belgium	30.04.1996	R	13.09.1979	14.03.1980
Bosnia and Herzegovina		S	29.12.1994	30.06.1995
Bulgaria	21.05.2003	R	20.07.2004	21.01.2005
Croatia		S	14.09.1994	15.03.1995
Cyprus	08.11.1976	R	15.04.1977	10.09.1978
Czech Republic	24.06.1998	R	23.09.1998	24.03.1999
Denmark	10.03.1976	R	28.01.1980	29.07.1980

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Approval (Ap)/ Accession (Ac) Succession (S)	Date	Entry into force
Finland	02.12.1991	R	02.12.1991	03.06.1992
France	03.07.1976	R	10.01.1978	10.09.1978
Germany	23.07.1976	R	09.03.1978	10.09.1978
Greece	30.04.1976	R	12.11.1984	13.05.1985
Hungary	09.12.1998	R	30.03.2004	01.10.2004
Iceland	27.01.1977	R	19.09.1989	20.03.1990
Ireland	28.06.1978	R	07.04.1986	08.10.1986
Italy	23.04.1980	R	07.02.1986	08.08.1986
Lithuania	11.09.2003	R	02.03.2004	03.09.2004
Luxembourg	08.04.1976	R	19.01.1979	20.07.1979
Malta	29.09.1988	R	26.03.1991	27.09.1991
Netherlands	04.09.1980	R	21.04.1981	22.10.1981
Norway	28.01.1980	R	25.02.1980	26.08.1980
Poland	20.04.2005			
Portugal	20.11.1979	R	20.04.1982	21.10.1982
Serbia and Montenegro		S	28.02.2001	29.08.2001
Slovenia		Ac	20.10.1992	21.04.1993
Spain	08.11.1985	R	05.05.1988	06.11.1988
Sweden	08.06.1976	R	07.12.1977	10.09.1978
Switzerland	07.07.1976	R	24.09.1980	25.03.1981
The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia		S	30.03.1994	01.10.1994
United Kingdom	10.03.1976	R	08.01.1979	09.07.1979
European Community	18.10.1988	R	18.10.1988	19.04.1989

79. AGREEMENT CONCERNING THE PROTECTION OF THE WATERS OF THE MEDITERRANEAN SHORES

Objectives

To maintain cooperation between the three coastal States in preventing pollution and improving the quality of the waters of the Mediterranean shores, in the coastal region between 6° 7' longitude east and longitude 9° 8' east.

Summary of provisions

- (a) An international commission established (arts. 1 and 2);
- (b) The commission to be responsible for research into the nature, importance and sources of pollution, and to propose measures to the parties to protect the waters of the Mediterranean shores (art. 9).

Membership

Restricted to the three coastal States.

Date of adoption	10.05.1976
Place of adoption	Monaco, Monaco
Date of entry into force	01.01.1981
Languages	French, Italian
Depositary	Monaco

Participant	Entry into force
France	01.01.1981
Italy	01.01.1981
Monaco	01.01.1981

80. CONVENTION ON CONSERVATION OF NATURE IN THE SOUTH PACIFIC

Objectives

To take action for the conservation, utilization and development of the natural resources of the South Pacific region through careful planning and management for the benefit of present and future generations.

Summary of provisions

(a) Parties to create protected areas to safeguard representative samples of natural ecosystems, superlative scenery, striking geological formations and regions and objects of aesthetic, historic, cultural or scientific value (art. 2);

(b) National parks not to be altered so as to reduce their area except after the fullest investigation, their resources not to be subject to commercial exploitation, hunting and collection of species to be prohibited and provision to be made for visitors (art. 3);

(c) Parties to maintain lists of indigenous fauna and flora in danger of extinction and to give such species as complete protection as possible (art. 5);

(d) Provision may be made as appropriate for customary use of areas and species in accordance with traditional cultural practices (art. 6).

Membership

Open to all States members, or eligible to be invited to become members, of the South Pacific Commission, until 31 December 1977 for signature subject to ratification, and thereafter for accession. Instruments of ratification and accession to be deposited with the Government of Western Samoa.

Date of adoption	12.06.1976
Place of adoption	Apia, Western Samoa
Date of entry into force	28.06.1990
Languages	English, French
Depositary	Western Samoa

(Status as of June 2005)

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)	Date	Entry into force
Australia		Ac	28.03.1990	28.06.1990
Cook Islands		Ac	24.06.1987	28.06.1990
Fiji		Ac	08.09.1989	28.06.1990
France	12.06.1976	R	20.01.1989	28.06.1990
Papua New Guinea	12.06.1976			
Western Samoa	12.06.1976	R	20.07.1990	20.10.1990

Secretariat

Secretariat of the Pacific Regional Environment Programme (SPREP)
 PO Box 240, Apia, Samoa
 Tel: +685 21929
 Fax: +685 20231
 Email: sprep@sprep.org

81. CONVENTION ON THE PROTECTION OF THE ARCHAEOLOGICAL, HISTORICAL AND ARTISTIC HERITAGE OF THE AMERICAN NATIONS (CONVENTION OF SAN SALVADOR)

Objectives

To take steps at the national and international levels for effective protection of cultural treasures, and to fulfil the obligation to transmit the cultural heritage to coming generations.

Summary of provisions

(a) The identification, registration, protection and safeguarding of the cultural heritage to prevent its illegal export and import and to promote awareness and appreciation of the heritage (art. 1);

(b) Cultural property to include, *inter alia*, monuments, objects, ruins, remains of human beings, fauna and flora of the pre-Colombian era; monuments, buildings, objects of an artistic, utilitarian or ethnological nature from the colonial era and the nineteenth century; libraries, archives, and manuscripts; publications and documents published before 1850; and any other post-1850 objects that parties declare to be within the scope of the Convention (art. 2);

(c) Domestic measures to be taken by parties to register collections of such cultural property, to register transactions involving such property, and to prohibit the import of such property from other States without appropriate authorization (art. 7);

(d) Parties to prevent the unlawful export and import of cultural property and to return illegally removed property to the State to which it belongs (art. 10);

(e) Parties to cooperate in the circulation, exchange and exhibition of cultural property, the exchange of information on such property, and archaeological excavations and discoveries (art. 15).

Membership

Open for signature by the States members of the Organization of American States, and for adherence by any State.

Date of adoption	16.06.1976
Place of adoption	Washington, D.C.
Date of entry into force	30.06.1978
Languages	English, French, Portuguese, Spanish
Depositary	Organization of American States

(Status as of September 2005)

Participant	Signature	Ratification
Argentina	17.07.2002	17.07.2002
Bolivia	18.06.1980	25.02.2003
Chile	12.07.1978	
Costa Rica	29.05.1980	27.08.1980
Ecuador	27.07.1978	27.09.1978
El Salvador	05.04.1979	11.08.1980
Guatemala	03.04.1978	17.12.1979

Participant	Signature	Ratification
Haiti	11.03.1980	15.12.1983
Honduras	06.07.1983	06.07.1983
Nicaragua	26.02.1980	01.04.1980
Panama	08.02.1978	30.06.1978
Paraguay	15.04.2005	
Peru	19.03.1979	22.01.1980

Secretariat

General Secretariat of the
Organization of American States
Secretariat for Legal Affairs
19th Street/Constitution Avenue
N.W., Washington, D.C., 20006
United States of America
Tel: (202) 458-3397
Fax (202) 458-6029

82. CONVENTION FOR THE PROTECTION OF THE RHINE AGAINST CHEMICAL POLLUTION

Objectives

To protect the Rhine against chemical pollution with the purpose of ameliorating the standards of water for potable and industrial use, navigation, etc.

Summary of provisions

- (a) Discharge of substances in the Rhine strictly regulated. Substances subject to regulation are divided into two groups and listed in annexes I and II (art. 1);
- (b) Norms of emission of substances (annex I) to be defined by the International Commission for the Protection of the Rhine against Pollution (art. 2);
- (c) Government authorization required for the discharge of substances listed in annex I (art. 3);
- (d) Discharge of substances listed in annex II is regulated by Governments under the supervision of the Commission (art. 6).

Membership

Restricted to the contracting parties.

Date of adoption	03.12.1976
Place of adoption	Bonn
Date of entry into force	01.02.1979
Languages	Dutch, French, German
Depository	Switzerland

Participant	Signature	Ratification	Entry into force
France	03.12.1976	28.12.1977	01.02.1979
Germany	03.12.1976	07.12.1978	01.02.1979
Luxembourg	03.12.1976	03.05.1978	01.02.1979
Netherlands	03.12.1976	18.09.1978	01.02.1979
Switzerland	03.12.1976	28.11.1977	01.02.1979
European Community	03.12.1976	26.09.1978	01.02.1979

Secretariat

Department Federal des Affaires Etrangères
 Direction du Droit International Public
 Section des Traités Internationaux
 CH-3003, Berne, Suisse
 Tel: 613067/613075/613063/613079
 Fax: 213926
 Telex: 911 440 EDA CH

83. CONVENTION CONCERNING THE PROTECTION OF THE RHINE AGAINST POLLUTION BY CHLORIDES

Objectives

To protect the Rhine against chloride pollution with the purpose of ameliorating water standards.

Summary of provisions

(a) The discharge of chlorides into the Rhine shall be reduced by an annual average of at least 60 kilograms (art. 2); annex I gives details concerning an installation for subsoil disposal to be built by the French Government and funded jointly;

(b) The parties to take the necessary steps to avoid a rise in the amount of chloride ions discharged into the catchment area of the Rhine. Each party shall provide the International Commission for the Protection of the Rhine against Pollution with an annual report on concentrations of chloride ions in the Rhine water (art. 3). Annex II gives permissible concentrations of chloride ions from discharges of over one kilogram in certain sections of the Rhine;

(c) The International Commission, within four years of the entry into force of the Convention, to submit to the parties proposals for the gradual reduction of concentrations of chloride ions along the entire course of the Rhine (art. 6);

(d) If a party notes a sudden rise in the amount of chloride ions in the water of the Rhine, or learns of an accident likely seriously to endanger the quality of the water, it shall immediately inform the International Commission and parties that may be affected (art. II).

Membership

Restricted to the contracting parties.

Date of adoption	03.12.1976
Place of adoption	Bonn
Date of entry into force	05.07.1985
Languages	Dutch, French, German
Depositary	Switzerland

Participant	Signature	Ratification	Entry into force
France	03.12.1976	02.02.1984	05.07.1985
Germany	03.12.1976	07.12.1978	05.07.1985
Luxembourg	03.12.1976	03.05.1978	05.07.1985
Netherlands	03.12.1976	18.09.1978	05.07.1985
Switzerland	03.12.1976	28.11.1977	05.07.1985

Secretariat

Department Federal des Affaires Etrangères
 Direction du droit international public
 Palais fédéral ouest, CH-3003 Berne, Suisse
 Tel.: (+41) 031 322 30 82,
 Fax: (+41) 031 324 90 73
 E-mail: dvsite@eda.admin.ch

84. CONVENTION ON THE PROHIBITION OF MILITARY OR ANY OTHER HOSTILE USE OF ENVIRONMENTAL MODIFICATION TECHNIQUES

Objectives

To prohibit the military or other hostile use of such techniques in order to consolidate world peace and trust among nations.

Summary of provisions

- (a) Parties not to use environmental modification techniques having widespread, long lasting or severe effects as the means of destruction, damage or injury to other parties, nor to assist, encourage or induce any other State, group of States or international organization to do so (art. I)
- (b) "Environmental modification techniques" refers to any technique for changing, through the deliberate manipulation of natural processes, the dynamics, composition or structure (i) of the earth, including its biota, lithosphere, hydrosphere, and atmosphere, or (ii) of outer space (art. II);
- (c) The use of such techniques for peaceful purposes not to be hindered, and parties to exchange scientific and technological information concerning such uses (art. III);
- (d) Any complaint of breach by a party to be lodged with the United Nations Security Council, which shall investigate it (art. V).

Membership

Open to all States for signature subject to ratification and, subsequent to its entry into force, to any non-signatory State for accession. Instruments to be deposited with the Secretary-General of the United Nations.

Date of adoption	10.12.1976 (opened for signature on 18.05.1977)
Place of adoption	Geneva
Date of entry into force	05.10.1978
Languages	Arabic, Chinese, English, French, Russian, Spanish
Depositary	Secretary-General of United Nations

(Status as of 30 December 2005)

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R) Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date	Entry into force
Afghanistan		Ac	22.10.1985	22.10.1985
Algeria		Ac	19.12.1991	19.12.1991
Antigua and Barbuda		S	25.10.1988	25.10.1988
Argentina		Ac	20.03.1987	20.03.1987
Armenia		Ac	15.05.2002	15.05.2002
Australia	31.05.1978	R	07.09.1984	07.09.1984
Austria		Ac	17.01.1990	17.01.1990

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R) Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date	Entry into force
Bangladesh		Ac	03.10.1979	03.10.1979
Belarus	18.05.1977	R	07.06.1988	05.10.1988
Belgium	18.05.1977	R	12.07.1982	12.07.1982
Benin	10.06.1977	R	30.06.1986	30.06.1986
Bolivia	18.05.1977			
Brazil	09.11.1977	R	12.10.1984	12.10.1984
Bulgaria	18.05.1977	R	31.05.1978	05.10.1978
Canada	18.05.1977	R	11.06.1981	11.06.1981
Cape Verde		Ac	03.10.1979	03.10.1979
Chile		Ac	26.04.1994	26.04.1994
China		Ac	08.06.2005	
Costa Rica		Ac	07.02.1996	07.02.1996
Cuba	23.09.1977	R	10.04.1978	05.10.1978
Cyprus	07.10.1977	R	12.04.1978	05.10.1978
Czech Republic		S	22.02.1993	01.01.1993
Democratic People's Republic of Korea		Ac	08.11.1984	08.11.1984
Democratic Republic of the Congo	28.02.1978			
Denmark	18.05.1977	R	19.04.1978	05.10.1978
Dominica		S	09.11.1992	09.11.1992
Egypt		Ac	01.04.1982	01.04.1982
Ethiopia	18.05.1977			
Finland	18.05.1977	R	12.05.1978	05.10.1978
Germany	18.05.1977	R	24.05.1983	24.05.1983
Ghana	21.03.1978	R	22.06.1978	05.10.1978

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R) Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date	Entry into force
Greece		Ac	21.03.1988	21.03.1988
Guatemala		Ac	21.03.1988	21.03.1988
Holy See	27.05.1977			
Hungary	18.05.1977	R	19.04.1978	05.10.1978
Iceland	18.05.1977			
India	15.12.1977	R	15.12.1978	15.12.1978
Iran, Islamic Republic of	18.05.1977			
Iraq	15.08.1977			
Ireland	18.05.1977	R	16.12.1982	16.12.1982
Italy	18.05.1977	R	27.11.1981	27.11.1981
Japan		Ac	09.06.1982	09.06.1982
Kazakhstan		Ac	25.04.2005	
Kuwait		Ac	02.01.1980	02.01.1980
Lao People's Democratic Republic	13.04.1978	R	05.10.1978	05.10.1978
Lebanon	18.05.1977			
Liberia	18.05.1977			
Lithuania		Ac	16.04.2002	16.04.2002
Luxembourg	18.05.1977			
Malawi		Ac	05.10.1978	05.10.1978
Mauritius		Ac	09.10.1992	09.10.1978
Mongolia	18.05.1977	R	19.05.1978	05.10.1978
Morocco	18.05.1977			
Netherlands ⁹²	18.05.1977	R	15.04.1983	15.04.1983

⁹² For all parts of the Kingdom.

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R) Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date	Entry into force
New Zealand		Ac	07.09.1984	07.09.1984
Nicaragua	11.08.1977			
Niger		Ac	17.02.1993	17.02.1993
Norway	18.05.1977	R	15.02.1979	15.02.1979
Pakistan		Ac	27.02.1986	27.02.1986
Panama		Ac	13.05.2003	13.05.2003
Papua New Guinea		Ac	28.10.1980	28.10.1980
Poland	18.05.1977	R	08.06.1978	05.10.1978
Portugal	18.05.1977			
Republic of Korea		Ac	02.12.1986	02.12.1986
Romania	18.05.1977	R	06.05.1983	06.05.1983
Russian Federation	18.05.1977	R	30.05.1978	06.05.1983
Saint Lucia		S	27.05.1993	27.05.1993
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines		S	27.04.1999	27.04.1999
Sao Tome and Principe		Ac	05.10.1979	05.10.1979
Sierra Leone	12.04.1978			
Slovakia		S	28.05.1993	28.05.1993
Slovenia		S	20.04.2005	
Solomon Islands		S	19.06.1981	19.06.1981
Spain	18.05.1977	R	19.07.1978	05.10.1978
Sri Lanka	08.06.1977	R	25.04.1978	05.10.1978
Sweden		Ac	27.04.1984	27.04.1984
Switzerland		Ac	05.08.1988	05.08.1988
Syrian Arab Republic	04.08.1977			
Tajikistan		Ac	12.10.1999	12.10.1999

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R) Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date	Entry into force
Tunisia	11.05.1977	R	11.05.1978	05.10.1978
Turkey	18.05.1977			
Uganda	18.05.1977			
Ukraine	18.05.1977	R	13.06.1978	05.10.1978
United Kingdom	18.05.1977	R	16.05.1978	05.10.1978
United States of America	18.05.1977	R	17.01.1980	17.10.1980
Uruguay		Ac	16.09.1993	16.09.1993
Uzbekistan		Ac	26.05.1993	26.05.1993
Viet Nam		Ac	26.08.1980	26.08.1980
Yemen	18.05.1977	R	20.07.1977	05.10.1978

85. CONVENTION ON CIVIL LIABILITY FOR OIL POLLUTION DAMAGE RESULTING FROM EXPLORATION FOR AND EXPLOITATION OF SEA BED MINERAL RESOURCES

Objectives

to ensure that adequate compensation is available to victims of pollution damage from offshore activities, by means of the adoption of uniform rules and procedures for determining questions of liability and for providing such compensation.

Summary of provisions

(a) The damage must originate beyond the coastal low-water line of a State party, and be suffered in the territory, including the internal territorial waters, of such a State, or in the areas in which it has sovereign rights over natural resources (art. 2);

(b) The operator, or joint operators, of the installation from which such damage originates shall be liable for such damage. Liability shall extend for five years after the abandonment of such installation if abandoned in accordance with requirements laid down (art. 3);

(c) The operator to be exonerated, wholly or in part, if he can prove an act or omission by the victim with intent to cause damage, or negligence by the victim;

(d) Liability of the operator limited for each installation and each incident, unless damage caused by deliberate act of the operator himself (art. 6);

(e) Operators to maintain insurance or other financial security to cover liability (art. 8);

(f) Judgements of victims' courts to be enforceable in any other State party (art. 12);

(g) States parties which are operators shall waive all defenses based on status as a sovereign State (art. 13).

Membership

Open for signature until 30 April 1978 by States which participated in the intergovernmental conference on the Convention held in London in October 1975 and December 1976, and thereafter for accession by such States, subject to ratification. Parties may unanimously invite other States to accede which have coastlines on the North Sea, the Baltic Sea, or the Atlantic Ocean north of latitude 36° north.

Date of adoption	01.05.1977
Place of adoption	London
Date of entry into force	Not yet in force
Languages	English, French
Depositary	United Kingdom

(Status as of September 2005)

Participant	Signature
Germany	28.04.1978
Ireland	27.04.1978
Netherlands	04.05.1977
Norway	04.05.1977
Sweden	11.05.1977
United Kingdom	04.05.1977

Secretariat

Treaty Section
Legal Advisers Directorate
Foreign and Commonwealth Office
Old Admiralty Building
London, SW1A 2PA, United Kingdom
Telephone: 020 7008 1109
Fax: 020 7008 1115
E-Mail: treaty.fco@gtnet.gov.uk

86. CONVENTION CONCERNING THE PROTECTION OF WORKERS AGAINST OCCUPATIONAL HAZARDS IN THE WORKING ENVIRONMENT DUE TO AIR POLLUTION, NOISE AND VIBRATION

Objectives

To protect workers against occupational hazards in the working environment.

Summary of provisions

- (a) Applies to all branches of economic activity, except where special problems of a substantial nature exist (art. 1);
- (b) Parties may accept the obligations of this Convention separately in respect of air pollution, noise and vibration (art. 2);
- (c) Measures to be taken for the prevention and control of, and protection against, occupational hazards in the working environment due to air pollution, noise and vibration shall be prescribed by national laws and regulations (art. 4);
- (d) Criteria for determining the hazards of exposure to air pollution, noise and vibration in the working environment and exposure limits on the basis of these criteria shall be established by the competent authority (art. 8).

Membership

Open for accession to all States members of the International Labour Organization.

Date of adoption	20.06.1977
Place of adoption	Geneva
Date of entry into force	11.07.1979
Languages	English, French
Depositary	Director-General of the International Labour Office

(Status as of 15 December 2005)

Participant	Ratification
Azerbaijan	19.05.1992
Belgium	01.06.1994
Bosnia and Herzegovina	02.06.1993
Brazil	14.01.1982
Costa Rica	16.06.1981
Croatia	08.10.1991
Cuba	29.12.1980
Czech Republic	01.01.1993
Denmark	08.01.1988
Ecuador	11.07.1978

Participant	Ratification
Egypt	04.05.1988
Finland	08.06.1979
France	30.07.1985
Germany	18.11.1993
Ghana	27.05.1986
Guatemala	22.02.1996
Guinea	08.06.1982
Hungary	04.01.1994
Iraq	17.04.1985
Italy	28.02.1985
Kazakhstan	30.07.1996
Kyrgyzstan	31.03.1992
Latvia	08.03.1993
Lebanon	04.04.2005
Malta ⁹³	09.06.1988
Niger	28.01.1993
Norway	13.03.1979
Poland	02.12.2004
Portugal	09.01.1981
Russian Federation	03.06.1988
San Marino	19.04.1988
Serbia and Montenegro	24.11.2000
Seychelles	23.11.1999
Slovakia	01.01.1993
Slovenia	29.05.1992
Spain ⁹⁴	17.12.1980

⁹³ Air pollution only.

Participant	Ratification
Sweden	10.07.1978
The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	17.11.1991
Tajikistan	26.11.1993
United Kingdom ⁹³	08.03.1979
United Republic of Tanzania ⁹³	30.05.1983
Uruguay	05.09.1988
Zambia	19.08.1980

Secretariat

International Labour Office
4, route des Morillons
CH-1211 Geneva 22
Switzerland
Tel: +41 22 799 6111
Fax: +41 22 798 8685
E-mail: infonorm@ilo.org

⁹⁴ Air pollution and noise only.

87. KUWAIT REGIONAL CONVENTION FOR COOPERATION ON THE PROTECTION OF THE MARINE ENVIRONMENT FROM POLLUTION

Objectives

To prevent, abate and combat pollution of the marine environment.

Summary of provisions

(a) Parties to take all appropriate measures to prevent, abate and combat pollution of the marine environment (arts. III-VIII);

(b) Parties to cooperate in taking necessary measures to deal with pollution emergencies (art. IX);

(c) Parties to cooperate in scientific and technical research relating to marine pollution (arts. X-XII);

(d) Parties to cooperate in establishing appropriate rules and procedures for the determination of civil liability and compensation for damage related to the subject-matter of the Convention (art. XIII).

Membership

Open to the States which participated in the Kuwait Conference held from 15 to 23 April 1978.

Date of adoption	24.04.1978
Place of adoption	Kuwait
Date of entry into force	01.07.1979
Languages	Arabic, English, Persian
Depositary	Kuwait

Participant	Ratification	Entry into force
Bahrain	01.04.1979	01.07.1979
Iran, Islamic Republic of	03.03.1980	01.06.1980
Iraq	04.02.1979	01.07.1979
Kuwait	07.11.1978	01.07.1979
Oman	20.03.1979	01.07.1979
Qatar	03.01.1979	01.07.1979
Saudi Arabia	26.12.1981	26.03.1982
United Arab Emirates	01.12.1979	01.03.1980

Secretariat

Regional Organization for the
Protection of the Marine Environment (ROPME)
P.O. Box 26388, 13124 Safat, State of Kuwait
Tel: (965) 5312140-3
Fax: (965) 5324172
Email: ropme@qualitynet.net
Website: <http://www.ropme.net/default.asp>

88. PROTOCOL CONCERNING REGIONAL COOPERATION IN COMBATING POLLUTION BY OIL AND OTHER HARMFUL SUBSTANCES IN CASES OF EMERGENCY⁹⁵

Objectives

To enhance on a national and regional basis the existing measures for responding to pollution emergencies.

Summary of provisions

(a) The parties shall cooperate in maintaining and promoting their contingency plans and means for combating pollution in the area and protecting the coastline and related interests (art. II);

(b) A Marine Emergency Mutual Aid Centre established (art. III);

(c) Each contracting State to inform other contracting States and the Centre of its laws, marine emergency contingency plans and appropriate authority, and of existing and new technical developments relating to marine emergency response, research and developments in these areas and their results, as well as the receipt of a report of a marine emergency (arts. V-VIII);

(d) Any contracting State faced with a marine emergency to take appropriate measures to combat pollution, inform the other States of the measures it has taken or intends to take, make an assessment of the nature and extent of the marine emergency and determine the necessary and appropriate action to be taken (art. X);

(e) Any contracting State may call for assistance from the others and from the Centre (art. XI);

(f) Each contracting State to establish and maintain an appropriate authority to carry out its obligations under this Protocol (art. XII).

Membership

Open to the States invited as participants to the Kuwait Conference, held from 15 to 23 April, 1978.

Date of adoption	24.04.1978
Place of adoption	Kuwait
Date of entry into force	01.07.1979
Languages	Arabic, English, Persian
Depositary	Kuwait

Participant	Ratification	Entry into force
Bahrain	01.04.1979	01.07.1979
Iran, Islamic Republic of	03.03.1980	01.06.1980
Iraq	04.02.1979	01.07.1979
Kuwait	07.11.1979	01.07.1979
Oman	20.03.1979	01.07.1979

⁹⁵ Protocol to the Kuwait Regional Convention for Cooperation on the Protection of the Marine Environment from Pollution.

Participant	Ratification	Entry into force
Qatar	03.01.1979	01.07.1979
Saudi Arabia	26.12.1981	26.03.1982
United Arab Emirates	01.12.1979	01.03.1980

89. TREATY FOR AMAZONIAN COOPERATION

Objectives

To promote the harmonious development of the Amazon region and permit equitable distribution of the benefits of such development among the contracting Parties.

Summary of provisions

(a) Parties to undertake joint action and efforts to promote the harmonious development of their Amazonian territories in such a way that these joint actions produce equitable and mutually beneficial results and also achieve the preservation of the environment and the conservation and rational utilization of the natural resources of those territories;

(b) Parties to guarantee complete freedom of commercial navigation on the Amazon and other international Amazonian rivers on the basis of reciprocity, and to undertake national, bilateral or multilateral measures aimed at improving and making the said rivers navigable;

(c) The sovereign right to the exclusive use of natural resources within the territory of each party is declared, and parties to make efforts to achieve rational utilization of water resources;

(d) Scientific research and the exchange of information to be promoted to ensure that the exploitation of the fauna and flora of the Amazon region is rationally planned so as to maintain the ecological balance within the region and preserve the species;

(e) Joint studies and measures to be encouraged for the rational utilization of the human and natural resources of the Amazonian territories of the parties;

(f) Transport and communication links among the States of the Amazonian region to be improved, and retail trade among them to be promoted;

(g) Conservation of the ethnological and archaeological wealth of the Amazon to be ensured;

(h) The Amazonian Cooperative Council comprising top-level diplomatic representatives to be created and meet once a year to supervise the effective implementation of the Treaty under the general guidance of the Ministers for Foreign Affairs.

Membership

Membership restricted to the signatory States and not open to other States for accession. Instruments of ratification to be deposited with the Government of Brazil.

Date of adoption	03.07.1978
Place of adoption	Brasilia
Date of entry into force	02.08.1980
Language	English, Dutch, Portuguese, Spanish
Depositary	Brazil

Participant	Entry into force
Bolivia	02.08.1980
Brazil	02.08.1980
Colombia	02.08.1980
Ecuador	02.08.1980
Guyana	02.08.1980

Participant	Entry into force
Peru	02.08.1980
Suriname	02.08.1980
Venezuela	02.08.1980

90. CONVENTION ON FUTURE MULTILATERAL COOPERATION IN THE NORTHWEST ATLANTIC FISHERIES⁹⁶

Objectives

To promote the conservation and optimum utilization of the fishery resources of the Northwest Atlantic area within a framework appropriate to the regime of extended coastal State jurisdiction over fisheries, and accordingly to encourage international cooperation and consultation with respect to these resources.

Summary of provisions

(a) The Convention to apply to all fishery resources within the Convention Area defined in article I. Regulatory Area is also defined in article I;

(b) The parties to establish and maintain an international organization, the North-West Atlantic Fisheries Organization, whose object shall be to contribute through consultation and cooperation to the optimum utilization, rational management and conservation of the fishery resources of the Convention Area (art. II);

(c) The Organization shall consist of a General Council, a Scientific Council, a Fisheries Commission and a Secretariat (art. II);

(d) The functions of the General Council shall consist *inter alia* of supervising and coordinating the financial and other internal affairs of the Organization, including the relations among its constituent bodies and its external relations, and reviewing and determining the membership of the Fisheries Commission (art. III);

(e) The functions of the Scientific Council shall generally consist of providing a forum for consultation and cooperation among parties with respect to the study, appraisal and exchange of scientific information and views relating to the Convention Area (art. Vi);

(f) The Fisheries Commission shall be responsible *inter alia* for the management and conservation of the fishery resources of the Regulatory Area (art. XI (1));

(g) The Secretariat shall *inter alia* provide services to the Organization in the exercise of its duties and functions (art. XV).

Membership

Open for ratification, acceptance or approval by the Signatories represented at the Diplomatic Conference on the Future of Multilateral Cooperation in the Northwest Atlantic Fisheries. Also open for adhesion.

Date of adoption	24.10.1978
Place of adoption	Ottawa
Date of entry into force	01.01.1979
Language	English, French
Depositary	Canada

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Acceptance (At)/ Accession (Ac)	Date	Withdrawal
Bulgaria	R	25.05.1979	

⁹⁶ Supersedes the International Convention for the Northwest Atlantic Fisheries (Washington, 08.01.1949), which was terminated on 02.08.1979.

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Acceptance (At)/ Accession (Ac)	Date	Withdrawal
Canada	R	30.11.19778	
Denmark ⁹⁷	At	30.05.1979	
Estonia	Ac	31.08.1992	
France		1996 ⁹⁸	
Germany		28.12.1978	
Iceland	R	22.12.1978	
Japan	At	04.01.1980	
Latvia	Ac	28.08.1992	
Lithuania	Ac	18.08.1992	
Norway	R	28.12.1978	
Poland	R	06.11.1979	
Portugal	R	25.05.1979	31.12.1986
Republic of Korea	Ac	21.12.1993	
Romania	R	05.03.1979	31.12.2002
Russian Federation	At	27.12.1978	
Spain	Ac	31.08.1993	31.12.1986
Ukraine		1999	
United States of America	Ac	29.11.1995	
European Community	Ap	28.12.1978	

Secretariat

Department of Foreign Affairs and International Trade
Treaty Register
Legal Advisory Division
Leal and Consular Affairs Branch
125 Sussex Drive, Ottawa, Ontario
Canada K1A 0G2
Tel: 613 995 3130
Fax: 613 944 0807

⁹⁷ Extended to the Faeroe Islands.

⁹⁸ In respect of Saint Pierre et Miquelon

**91. PROTOCOL AMENDING THE INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION
FOR THE HIGH SEAS FISHERIES OF THE NORTH PACIFIC
OCEAN⁹⁹**

Date of adoption	25.04.1978
Place of adoption	Tokyo
Date of entry into force	15.02.1979
Language	English
Depositary	International North Pacific Fisheries Commission (INPFC)

Participant	Entry into force
Canada	15.02.1979
Japan	15.02.1979
United States of America	15.02.1979

Withdrawal notice served on 21.02.1992; to take effect one year from that date.

⁹⁹ INPFC was dissolved on 20.02.1993 following the withdrawal of the United States of America from the Convention on 21.02.1992 and the North Pacific Anadromous Fish Commission (NPAFC) was created on 24.02.1993.

92. PROTOCOL OF 1978 RELATING TO THE INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION FOR THE PREVENTION OF POLLUTION FROM SHIPS, 1973

Objectives/Summary of provisions

(a) The 1978 Protocol modifies various provisions of the 1973 London Convention, and in particular of its annex I. It also postpones the entry into force of annex II of the Convention for a period of at least three years;

(b) The Parties to undertake to give effect to the provisions of the Protocol and its Annex, and the International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships, 1973 ("Convention"), subject to the modifications and additions set out in the Protocol. The provisions of the Convention and the Protocol to be read and interpreted together as one single instrument (art. I (1) and (2)).

Membership

States may become parties to the Protocol by signature without reservation as to ratification, acceptance or approval, or by signature subject to ratification, acceptance or approval, followed by ratification, acceptance or approval, or by accession.

Date of adoption	17.02.1978
Place of adoption	London
Date of entry into force	02.10.1983
Languages	English, French, Russian, Spanish
Depositary	Secretary-General of the International Maritime Organization

(Status as of 31 December 2003)

Optional Annexes

Participant	Protocol Entry into force or Succession	Annex III Entry into force or Succession	Annex IV Acceptance/S uccession	Annex V Entry into force or Succession	Protocol 1997
Algeria	01.05.1989	01.07.1992	31.01.1989	01.05.1989	
Angola	04.01.2002	04.01.2002	04.10.2001	04.01.2002	
Antigua and Barbuda	29.04.1988	01.07.1992	29.01.1988	31.12.1988	
Argentina	01.12.1993	01.12.1993	31.08.1993	01.12.1993	
Australia	14.01.1988	10.01.1995		14.11.1990	
Austria	27.08.1988	01.07.1992	27.05.1988	31.12.1988	
Bahamas	02.10.1983	11.11.1992		12.01.1991	08.11.2001
Bangladesh	18.03.2003	18.03.2003	27.09.2003	18.03.2003	18.12.2002
Barbados	06.08.1994	06.08.1994	26.11.2001	06.08.1994	

Optional Annexes

Participant	Protocol Entry into force or Succession	Annex III Entry into force or Succession	Annex IV Acceptance/Succession	Annex V Entry into force or Succession	Protocol 1997
Belarus	07.04.1994	07.04.1994	07.01.1994	07.04.1994	
Belgium	06.06.1984	01.07.1992	04.01.1996	27.01.1989	
Belize	26.08.1995	26.08.1995	26.05.1995	26.08.1995	
Benin	11.05.2000	11.05.2000	11.02.2000	11.05.2000	
Bolivia	04.09.1999	04.09.1999	04.06.1999	04.09.1999	
Brazil	29.04.1988	08.02.1996	08.11.1995	08.02.1996	
Brunei Darussalam	23.01.1987				
Bulgaria	12.03.1985	13.08.1993	13.05.1993	13.08.1993	
Cambodia	28.02.1995	28.02.1995	28.11.1994	28.11.1995	
Canada	16.02.1993	08.11.2002			
Cape Verde	04.10.2003	04.10.2003	04.07.2003	04.10.2003	
Chile	10.01.1995	10.01.1995	10.10.1994		
China ^{100, 101, 102}	02.10.1983	13.12.1994		21.02.1989	
Colombia	02.10.1983	01.07.1992	27.07.1981	31.12.1988	
Comoros	22.02.2001	22.02.2001	22.11.2000	22.02.2001	
Côte d'Ivoire	05.01.1988	01.07.1992	05.10.1987	31.12.1988	
Croatia	08.10.1991	01.07.1992	08.10.1991	08.10.1991	
Cuba	21.03.1993			12.05.2002	
Cyprus	22.09.1989			22.09.1989	
Czech Republic	01.01.1993	01.01.1993	01.01.1993	01.01.1993	

¹⁰⁰ With a reservation.

¹⁰¹ Ceased to apply to the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region with effect from 1 July 1997.

¹⁰² Ceased to apply to the Macao Special Administrative Region with effect from 20 December 1999.

Optional Annexes

Participant	Protocol Entry into force or Succession	Annex III Entry into force or Succession	Annex IV Acceptance/S accession	Annex V Entry into force or Succession	Protocol 1997
Democratic People's Republic of Korea	01.08.1985	01.07.1992	01.05.1985	31.12.1988	
Denmark	02.10.1983	01.07.1992	27.11.1980	31.12.1988	18.12.2002
Djibouti	01.06.1990				
Dominica	21.09.2000	30.11.2001		21.09.2000	
Dominican Republic	24.09.1999	24.09.1999	24.06.1999	24.09.1999	
Ecuador	18.08.1990	01.07.1992	18.05.1990	18.08.1990	
Egypt	07.11.1986	01.07.1992	07.08.1986	31.12.1988	
Equatorial Guinea	24.07.1996	24.07.1996	24.04.1996	24.07.1996	
Estonia	16.03.1992	18.11.1992	18.08.1992	18.11.1992	
Finland	02.10.1983	01.07.1992	20.09.1983	31.12.1988	
France	02.10.1983	01.07.1992	25.09.1981	31.12.1988	
Gabon	02.10.1983	01.07.1992	26.04.1983	31.12.1988	
Gambia	01.02.1992	01.07.1992	01.11.1991	01.02.1992	
Georgia	08.02.1995	08.02.1995	08.11.1994	08.02.1995	
Germany	02.10.1983	01.07.1992	21.01.1982	31.12.1988	
Ghana	03.09.1991				
Greece	02.10.1983	01.07.1992	23.09.1982	31.12.1988	
Guatemala	03.02.1998	03.02.1998	03.11.1997	03.02.1998	
Guinea	02.01.2003	02.01.2003	02.10.2002	02.01.2003	
Guyana	10.03.1998	10.03.1998	10.12.1997	10.03.1998	
Honduras	21.11.2001			21.11.2001	
Hungary	14.04.1985	01.07.1992	14.01.1985	31.12.1988	

Optional Annexes

Participant	Protocol Entry into force or Succession	Annex III Entry into force or Succession	Annex IV Acceptance/Succession	Annex V Entry into force or Succession	Protocol 1997
Iceland	25.09.1985	01.07.1992		30.09.1989	
India	24.12.1986	11.09.2003	11.09.2003	11.09.2003	
Indonesia	21.01.1987				
Iran, Islamic Republic of	25.01.2003			25.01.2003	
Ireland	06.04.1995	27.07.1998		06.04.1995	
Israel	02.10.1983	01.01.1997			
Italy	02.10.1983	01.07.1992	01.10.1982	31.12.1988	
Jamaica	13.06.1991	01.07.1992	13.03.1991	13.06.1991	
Japan	02.10.1983	01.07.1992	09.06.1983	31.12.1988	
Kazakhstan	07.06.1994	07.06.1994	07.03.1994	07.06.1994	
Kenya	15.03.1993	15.03.1993	15.12.1992	15.03.1993	
Latvia	20.08.1992	20.08.1992	20.05.1992	20.08.1992	
Lebanon	02.10.1983	01.07.1992	18.07.1983	31.12.1988	
Liberia	02.10.1983	05.01.1996		12.09.1995	28.08.2002
Lithuania	04.03.1992	01.07.1992	04.12.1991	04.03.1992	
Luxembourg	14.05.1991	01.07.1992	14.02.1991	14.05.1991	
Malawi	17.03.2002	17.03.2002	17.12.2001	17.03.2002	
Malaysia	01.05.1997			01.05.1997	
Malta	21.09.1991				
Marshall Islands	26.07.1988	01.07.1992	26.04.1988	31.12.1988	07.03.2002
Mauritania	24.02.1998	24.02.1998	24.11.1997	24.02.1998	
Mauritius	06.07.1995	06.07.1995	06.04.1995	06.07.1995	
Mexico	23.07.1992			15.10.1998	
Monaco	20.11.1992	20.11.1992	20.08.1992	20.11.1992	

Optional Annexes

Participant	Protocol Entry into force or Succession	Annex III Entry into force or Succession	Annex IV Acceptance/Succession	Annex V Entry into force or Succession	Protocol 1997
Mongolia	15.01.2004	15.01.2004	15.10.2003	15.01.2004	
Morocco	12.01.1994	12.01.1994	12.10.1993	12.01.1994	
Myanmar	04.08.1988				
Namibia	18.03.2003	18.03.2003		18.03.2003	
Netherlands	02.10.1983	01.07.1992		31.12.1988	
New Zealand	25.12.1998	25.12.1998		25.12.1998	
Nicaragua	01.05.2001	01.05.2001	01.02.2001	01.05.2001	
Nigeria	24.08.2002	24.08.2002	24.05.2002	24.08.2002	
Norway	02.10.1983	01.07.1992	26.09.2002	31.12.1988	21.12.1998
Oman	13.06.1984	01.07.1992	13.03.1984	31.12.1988	
Pakistan	22.02.1995	22.02.1995	22.11.1994	22.02.1995	
Panama	20.05.1985	01.07.1992	20.02.1985	31.12.1988	
Papua New Guinea	25.01.1994	25.01.1994	25.10.1993	25.01.1994	
Peru	02.10.1983	01.07.1992	25.04.1980	31.12.1988	
Philippines	15.09.2001	15.09.2001	15.06.2001	15.09.2001	
Poland	01.07.1986	01.07.1992	01.04.1986	31.12.1988	
Portugal	22.01.1988	01.07.1992	22.10.1987	31.12.1988	
Republic of Korea	23.10.1984	28.05.1996	28.11.2003	28.05.1996	
Romania	15.07.1993			15.07.1993	
Russian Federation	03.02.1984	01.07.1992	14.08.1987	31.12.1988	
Saint Kitts and Nevis	24.03.1998	24.03.1998	24.12.1997	24.03.1998	
Saint Lucia	12.10.2000	12.10.2000	12.07.2000	12.10.2000	
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	28.01.1984	01.07.1992	28.10.1983	31.12.1988	

Optional Annexes

Participant	Protocol Entry into force or Succession	Annex III Entry into force or Succession	Annex IV Acceptance/Succession	Annex V Entry into force or Succession	Protocol 1997
and the Grenadines					
Samoa	07.05.2002	07.05.2002	07.02.2002	07.05.2002	
Sao Tome and Principe	29.01.1999	29.01.1999	29.10.1998	29.01.1999	
Senegal	16.04.1997	16.04.1997	16.01.1997	16.04.1997	
Serbia and Montenegro ¹⁰³	27.04.1992	27.04.1992	27.09.2003	27.04.1992	
Seychelles	28.02.1991				
Sierra Leone	26.10.2001	23.08.2002	23.05.2002		
Singapore	01.02.1991	02.06.1994		27.08.1999	10.08.2000
Slovakia	01.01.1993	01.01.1993	01.01.1993	01.01.1993	
Slovenia	25.06.1991	01.07.1992	25.06.1991	25.06.1991	
South Africa	28.02.1985	05.05.1997		13.08.1992	
Spain	06.10.1984	01.07.1992	21.01.1991	21.04.1991	
Sri Lanka	24.09.1997	24.09.1997	24.06.1997	24.09.1997	
Suriname	04.02.1989	01.07.1992	04.11.1988	04.02.1989	
Sweden	02.10.1983	01.07.1992	09.06.1980	31.12.1988	18.05.1998
Switzerland	15.03.1988	01.07.1992	20.11.1998	30.07.1990	
Syrian Arab Republic	09.02.1989				
Togo	09.05.1990	01.07.1992	09.02.1990	09.05.1990	
Tonga	01.05.1996	01.05.1996	01.02.1996	01.05.1996	
Trinidad and Tobago	06.06.2000	06.06.2000	06.03.2000	06.06.2000	

¹⁰³ As from 4 February 2003, the name of the State of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia was changed to Serbia and Montenegro. The date of succession by Serbia and Montenegro to the Protocol and its Optional Annexes III, IV and V, is the date on which the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia assumed responsibility for its international relations.

Optional Annexes

Participant	Protocol Entry into force or Succession	Annex III Entry into force or Succession	Annex IV Acceptance/S uccession	Annex V Entry into force or Succession	Protocol 1997
Tobago					
Tunisia	02.10.1983	01.07.1992	01.10.1980	31.12.1988	
Turkey	10.01.1991			10.01.1991	
Tuvalu	22.11.1985	01.07.1992	22.08.1985	31.12.1988	
Ukraine	25.01.1994	25.01.1994	25.10.1993	25.01.1994	
United Kingdom	02.10.1983	01.07.1992	11.09.1995	31.12.1988	
United States	02.10.1983	01.07.1992		31.12.1988	
Uruguay	02.10.1983	01.07.1992	30.04.1979	31.12.1988	
Venezuela	29.10.1994	29.10.1994	29.07.1994	29.10.1994	
Vietnam	29.08.1991				

93. CONVENTION ON THE CONSERVATION OF MIGRATORY SPECIES OF WILD ANIMALS

Objectives

To protect those species of wild animals that migrate across or outside national boundaries.

Summary of provisions

- (a) Endangered migratory species to be listed in appendix I;
- (b) Migratory species to be subject to agreements listed in appendix II;
- (c) International agreements should deal with those aspects of the conservation and management of the migratory species concerned which serve to achieve the object of protection;
- (d) A scientific council to be established to provide advice on scientific matters;¹⁰⁴
- (e) A secretariat to be established.¹⁰⁴

Membership

Open for signature by all States and regional economic integration organizations until 22 June 1980, and thereafter open for accession by non-signatory States and regional economic integration organizations.

Date of adoption	23.06.1979
Place of adoption	Bonn
Date of entry into force	01.11.1983
Language	English, French, German, Russian, Spanish
Depositary	Germany

(Status as of 1 November 2005)

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)	Date	Entry into force
Albania		Ac		01.09.2001
Argentina		Ac	10.10.1991	01.01.1992
Australia		Ac	26.06.1991	01.09.1991
Austria		Ac		01.07.2005
Belarus		Ac		01.09.2003
Belgium		Ac	11.07.1990	01.10.1990
Benin		Ac	14.01.1986	01.04.1986
Bolivia		Ac		01.03.2003
Bulgaria		Ac		01.09.1999
Burkina Faso		Ac	09.10.1989	01.01.1990

¹⁰⁴ A scientific Council and a Secretariat have now been formed.

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)	Date	Entry into force
Cameroon	10.06.1980	R	07.09.1981	01.11.1983
Chad		R		01.09.1997
Chile		Ac	15.09.1981	01.11.1983
Congo		Ac		01.01.2000
Côte d'Ivoire	23.06.1979	R		01.07.2003
Croatia		Ac		01.10.2000
Cyprus		Ac		01.11.2001
Czech Republic		Ac	08.02.1994	01.11.1983
Democratic Republic of the Congo		Ac	22.06.1990	01.09.1990
Denmark	23.06.1979	R	05.08.1982	01.11.1983
Djibouti		Ac		01.11.2004
Ecuador		Ac		01.02.2004
Egypt	23.06.1979	R	11.02.1982	01.11.1983
European Community		Ac	01.08.1983	01.11.1983
Finland		Ac	03.10.1988	01.01.1989
France	23.06.1979	R	23.04.1990	01.07.1990
Gambia		Ac		01.08.2001
Georgia		Ac		01.06.2000
Germany	23.06.1979	R	31.07.1984	01.10.1984
Ghana		Ac	19.01.1988	01.04.1988
Greece	23.06.1979	R		01.10.1999
Guinea		Ac	21.05.1993	01.08.1993
Guinea-Bissau		Ac	19.06.1995	01.09.1995
Hungary		Ac	12.07.1983	01.11.1983
India	23.06.1979	R	04.05.1982	01.11.1983

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)	Date	Entry into force
Ireland	20.06.1980	R	05.08.1983	01.11.1983
Israel		Ac	17.05.1983	01.11.1983
Italy	23.06.1979	R	26.08.1983	01.11.1983
Jamaica	20.06.1980			
Jordan		Ac		01.03.2001
Kenya		Ac		01.05.1999
Latvia		Ac		01.07.1999
Liberia		Ac		01.12.2004
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya		Ac		01.09.2002
Liechtenstein		Ac		01.11.1997
Lithuania		Ac		01.02.2002
Luxembourg	26.03.1980	R	30.11.1982	01.11.1983
Madagascar	23.06.1979			
Mali		Ac	28.07.1987	01.10.1987
Malta		Ac		01.06.2001
Mauritania		Ac		01.07.1998
Monaco		Ac	01.03.1993	01.06.1993
Mongolia		Ac		01.11.1999
Morocco	23.06.1979	R	12.08.1993	01.11.1993
Netherlands	20.06.1980	R	05.06.1981	01.11.1983
New Zealand		Ac		01.10.2000
Niger	23.06.1979	R	03.07.1980	01.11.1983
Nigeria		Ac	15.10.1986	01.01.1987
Norway	23.06.1979	R	30.05.1985	01.08.1985
Pakistan		Ac	22.09.1987	01.12.1987
Panama		Ac	20.02.1989	01.05.1989

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)	Date	Entry into force
Paraguay	23.06.1979	R		01.01.1999
Peru		Ac		01.06.1997
Philippines	20.06.1980	R	15.11.1993	01.02.1994
Poland		Ac	01.02.1996	01.05.1996
Portugal	23.06.1979	R	21.01.1981	01.11.1983
Republic of Moldova		Ac		01.04.2001
Romania		Ac		01.07.1998
Rwanda		Ac		01.06.2005
Samoa		Ac		01.11.2005
Sao Tome and Principe		Ac		01.12.2001
Saudi Arabia		Ac	17.12.1990	01.03.1991
Senegal		Ac	18.03.1988	01.06.1988
Slovakia		Ac	14.12.1994	01.03.1995
Slovenia		Ac		01.02.1999
Somalia	23.06.1979	R	11.11.1985	01.02.1986
South Africa		Ac	27.09.1991	01.12.1991
Spain	23.06.1979	R	12.02.1985	01.05.1985
Sri Lanka	23.06.1979	R	06.06.1990	01.09.1990
Sweden	23.06.1979	R	09.06.1983	01.11.1983
Switzerland		Ac	07.04.1995	01.07.1995
Syrian Arab Republic		Ac		01.06.2003
Tajikistan		Ac		01.02.2001
The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia		Ac		01.11.1999
Togo	23.06.1979	R	09.11.1995	01.02.1996

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)	Date	Entry into force
Tunisia		Ac	27.05.1987	01.08.1987
Uganda	22.06.1980	R		01.08.2000
Ukraine		Ac		01.11.1999
United Kingdom	23.06.1979	R	23.07.1985	01.10.1985
United Republic of Tanzania		Ac		01.07.1999
Uruguay		Ac	01.02.1990	01.05.1990
Uzbekistan		Ac		01.09.1998

Secretariat

UNEP/CMS Secretariat
United Nations Premises in Bonn
Martin-Luther-King-Str. 8
D-53175 Bonn, Germany
Tel: (+49 228) 815 2401/2
Fax: (+49 228) 815 2449;
E-mail: secretariat@cms.int

94. EUROPEAN CONVENTION FOR THE PROTECTION OF ANIMALS FOR SLAUGHTER

Objectives

To ensure the protection of animals which are to be slaughtered.

Summary of provisions

- (a) Applies to the movement, lairaging, restraint, stunning and slaughter of domestic solipeds, pigs, rabbits and poultry (art. 1);
- (b) Each contracting party to ensure that the design, construction, facilities and operation of slaughter houses are such as to ensure that the provisions of the Convention are compiled with in order to spare animals and avoidable excitement, pain or suffering (art. 2);
- (c) The Convention deals specifically with the delivery of animals to slaughterhouses and their lairaging until they are slaughtered (art. 3); the moving of animals within the precincts of slaughtershouses (arts. 4-6); and their lairaging (art. 7), care (arts. 8 and 9) and slaughtering (arts. 12-19).

Membership

Open for signature by member States of the Council of Europe and by the European Community, and also subject to ratification, acceptance or approval.

Date of adoption	10.05.1979
Place of adoption	Strasbourg, France
Date of entry into force	11.06.1982
Languages	English, French
Depositary	Council of Europe

(Status as of 15 December 2005)

Participant	Signature	Instrument Ratification (R) Accession (Ac) Succession (Sc)	Date	Entry into force
Belgium	10.05.1979			
Bosnia and Herzegovina		Sc	29.12.1994	30.06.1995
Bulgaria	21.05.2003	R	20.07.2004	21.01.2005
Croatia		Sc	14.09.1994	15.03.1995
Cyprus	25.07.1986	R	23.06.2005	24.12.2005
Czech Republic	09.11.2000	R	20.03.2003	21.09.2003
Denmark	20.06.1979	R	23.02.1981	11.06.1982
Finland	02.12.1991	R	02.12.1991	03.06.1992
France	10.05.1979			
Germany	10.05.1979	R	24.02.1984	25.08.1984

Participant	Signature	Instrument Ratification (R) Accession (Ac) Succession (Sc)	Date	Entry into force
Greece	12.11.1984	R	12.11.1984	13.05.1985
Ireland	06.10.1980	R	10.12.1981	11.06.1982
Italy	19.02.1980	R	07.02.1986	08.08.1986
Lithuania	11.09.2003	R	02.03.2004	03.09.2004
Luxembourg	10.05.1979	R	24.07.1980	11.06.1982
Netherlands	25.02.1981	R	27.06.1986	28.12.1986
Norway	06.04.1982	R	12.05.1982	13.11.1982
Portugal	18.12.1979	R	03.11.1981	11.06.1982
Serbia and Montenegro		Sc	28.02.2001	29.08.2001
Slovenia		Sc	20.10.1992	21.04.1993
Sweden	28.11.1979	R	26.02.1982	27.08.1982
Switzerland	10.05.1979	R	03.11.1993	04.05.1994
The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia		Sc	30.03.1994	01.10.1994
United Kingdom	10.05.1979			

Secretariat

Secretariat General
Council of Europe
DG I - Legal Affairs
F-67075 STRASBOURG CEDEX
Tel: 8841-2000
Fax: 8841 2781/82/83
E-mail: Treaty.Office@coe.int

95. CONVENTION ON THE CONSERVATION OF EUROPEAN WILDLIFE AND NATURAL HABITATS

Objectives

To conserve wild fauna and flora and their natural habitats, especially those species and habitats whose conservation requires the cooperation of several States, and to promote such cooperation.

Summary of provisions

(a) The contracting parties to take requisite measures to maintain the population of wild fauna and flora at, or adapt them to, a level which corresponds in particular to ecological, scientific and cultural requirements, and to take steps to promote national policies for conservation with particular attention to endangered and vulnerable species and endangered habitats (arts. 2 and 3);

(b) Appropriate and necessary measures to be taken to ensure the conservation of the habitats of the wild species of fauna and flora, especially those specified in appendices I and II of the Convention. Special attention to be given to the protection of areas that are of importance for the migratory species specified in appendices I and III (art. 4);

(c) Appropriate and necessary measures to be taken to ensure the special protection of wild species of fauna and flora specified in appendices I and II. Wild fauna species specified in appendix III shall be protected, and any exploitation shall be regulated in order to keep the populations out of danger (arts. 5-7);

(d) A Standing Committee established, to be responsible for monitoring the application of the Convention (arts. 13-15).

Membership

The Convention is open for signature by the member States of the Council of Europe, non-member States which have participated in its elaboration and the European Community. After its entry into force, the Committee of Ministers of the Council of Europe may invite any non-member State of the Council to accede to the Convention..

Date of adoption	19.09.1979
Place of adoption	Berne
Date of entry into force	01.06.1982
Languages	English, French
Depositary	Council of Europe

(Status as of 15 December 2005)

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/Accession (Ac)	Date	Entry into force
Albania	31.10.1995	R	13.01.1999	01.05.1999
Andorra	11.05.2000	R	13.10.2000	01.02.2001
Austria	19.09.1979	R	02.05.1983	01.09.1983
Azerbaijan		Ac	28.03.2000	01.07.2000
Belgium	19.09.1979	R	24.08.1990	01.12.1990
Bulgaria		Ac	31.01.1991	01.05.1991

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/Accession (Ac)	Date	Entry into force
Burkina Faso		Ac	14.06.1990	01.10.1990
Croatia	03.11.1999	R	03.07.2000	01.11.2000
Cyprus	21.10.1981	R	16.05.1988	01.09.1988
Czech Republic	08.10.1997	R	25.02.1998	01.06.1998
Denmark	19.09.1979	R	08.09.1982	01.01.1983
Estonia		Ac	03.08.1992	01.12.1992
Finland	19.09.1979	R	09.12.1985	01.04.1986
France	19.09.1979	R	26.04.1990	01.08.1990
Germany	19.09.1979	R	13.12.1984	01.04.1985
Greece	19.09.1979	R	13.06.1983	01.10.1983
Hungary		Ac	16.11.1989	01.03.1990
Iceland	17.06.1993	R	17.06.1993	01.10.1993
Ireland	19.09.1979	R	23.04.1982	01.08.1982'
Italy	19.09.1979	R	11.02.1982	01.06.1982
Latvia	23.01.1997	R	23.01.1997	01.05.1997
Liechtenstein	19.09.1979	R	30.10.1980	01.06.1982
Lithuania	28.09.1994	R	05.09.1996	01.01.1997
Luxembourg	19.09.1979	R	23.03.1982	01.07.1982
Malta	26.11.1993	R	26.11.1993	01.03.1994
Moldova		Ac	24.05.1994	01.09.1994
Monaco		Ac	07.02.1994	01.06.1994
Morocco		Ac	25.04.2001	01.08.2001
Netherlands	19.09.1979	R	28.10.1980	01.06.1982
Norway	19.09.1979	R	27.05.1986	01.09.1986
Poland	24.03.1995	R	13.09.1995	01.01.1996
Portugal	19.09.1979	R	03.02.1982	01.06.1982

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/Accession (Ac)	Date	Entry into force
Romania		Ac	18.05.1993	01.09.1993
Senegal		Ac	13.04.1987	01.08.1987
Slovakia	28.04.1994	R	23.09.1996	01.01.1997
Slovenia	20.10.1998	R	29.09.1999	01.01.2000
Spain	19.09.1979	R	27.05.1986	01.09.1986
Sweden	19.09.1979	R	14.06.1983	01.10.1983
Switzerland	19.09.1979	R	12.03.1981	01.06.1982
The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	17.12.1998	R	17.12.1998	01.04.1999
Tunisia		Ac	12.01.1996	01.05.1996
Turkey	19.09.1979	R	02.05.1984	01.09.1984
Ukraine	17.08.1998	R	05.01.1999	01.05.1999
United Kingdom	19.09.1979	R	28.05.1982	01.09.1986
European Community	19.09.1979	R	07.05.1982	01.09.1982

Secretariat

Secretariat General
 Council of Europe
 DG I - Legal Affairs
 F-67075 STRASBOURG CEDEX
 Tel: 8841-2000
 Fax: 8841 2781/82/83
 E-mail : Treaty.Office@coe.int

96. CONVENTION ON THE PHYSICAL PROTECTION OF NUCLEAR MATERIAL

Objectives

To facilitate the safe transfer of nuclear material and to establish effective measures for its physical protection.

Summary of provisions

The Parties undertake:

- (a) To ensure that during international nuclear transport, nuclear material within their territories, or on board a ship or aircraft under their jurisdiction is protected at the levels described in Annex I (art. 3);
- (b) Not to export nuclear material unless they have received assurances that such material will be protected during the international transport (art. 4, para.1);
- (c) Not to import nuclear material from a state not a party to this Convention unless they have received assurances that such material will during the international nuclear transport be protected (art. 4, para 2);
- (d) Not to allow the transit of their territories by land or internal waterways or through their airports or seaports of nuclear material between states that are not parties to this Convention unless they have received assurances that this nuclear material will be protected during international nuclear transport (art. 4, para. 3).

Membership

The Convention is open to all states, and subject to conditions in Article 18, to international organizations and regional organizations. The instruments of ratification, acceptance, approval or accession shall be deposited with the Director General of the International Atomic Energy Agency.

Date of adoption	26.10.1979
Place of adoption	Vienna, Austria
Date of entry into force	08.02.1987
Languages	Arabic, Chinese, English, French, Russian, Spanish
Depositary	International Atomic Energy Agency

(Status as of 15 December 2005)

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Confirmation (C) Ratification (R) Acceptance (At) Accession (Ac) Approval (Ap) Notification of Succession (S)	Date	Entry into force
Afghanistan		Ac	12.09.2003	12.10.2003
Albania		Ac	05.03.2002	04.04.2002
Algeria		Ac	30.04.2003	30.05.2003
Antigua and Barbuda		Ac	04.08.1993	03.09.1993

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Confirmation (C) Ratification (R) Acceptance (A) Accession (Ac) Approval (Ap) Notification of Succession (S)	Date	Entry into force
Argentina	28.02.1986	R	06.04.1989	06.05.1989
Armenia		Ac	24.08.1993	23.09.1993
Australia	22.02.1984	R	22.09.1987	22.10.1987
Austria	03.03.1980	R	22.12.1988	21.01.1989
Azerbaijan		Ac	19.01.2004	18.02.2004
Bangladesh		Ac	11.05.2005	10.06.2005
Belarus		S	09.09.1993	14.06.1993
Belgium	13.06.1980	R	06.09.1991	06.10.1991
Bolivia		Ac	24.01.2002	23.02.2002
Bosnia and Herzegovina		S	30.06.1998	01.03.1992
Botswana		Ac	19.09.2000	19.10.2000
Brazil	15.05.1981	R	17.10.1985	08.02.1987
Bulgaria	23.06.1981	R	10.04.1984	08.02.1987
Burkina Faso		Ac	13.01.2004	12.02.2004
Cameroon		Ac	29.06.2004	29.07.2004
Canada	23.09.1980	R	21.03.1986	08.02.1987
Chile		Ac	27.04.1994	27.05.1994
China		Ac	10.01.1989	09.02.1989
Colombia		Ac	28.03.2003	27.04.2003
Costa Rica		Ac	02.05.2003	01.06.2003
Croatia		S	29.09.1992	08.10.1991
Cuba		Ac	26.09.1997	26.10.1997
Cyprus		Ac	23.07.1998	22.08.1998
Czech Republic		S	24.03.1993	01.01.1993

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Confirmation (C) Ratification (R) Acceptance (A) Accession (Ac) Approval (Ap) Notification of Succession (S)	Date	Entry into force
Democratic Republic of the Congo		Ac	21.09.2004	21.10.2004
Denmark	13.06.1980	R	06.09.1991	06.10.1991
Djibouti		Ac	22.06.2004	22.07.2004
Dominica		Ac	08.11.2004	08.12.2004
Dominican Republic	03.03.1980			
Ecuador	26.06.1986	R	17.01.1996	16.02.1996
Equatorial Guinea		Ac	24.11.2003	24.12.2003
Estonia		Ac	09.05.1994	08.06.1994
Finland	25.06.1981	Ac	22.09.1989	22.10.1989
France	13.06.1980	Ap	06.09.1991	06.10.1991
Germany	13.06.1980	R	06.09.1991	06.10.1991
Ghana		Ac	16.10.2002	15.11.2002
Greece	03.03.1980	R	06.09.1991	06.10.1991
Grenada		Ac	09.01.2002	08.02.2002
Guatemala	12.03.1980	R	23.04.1985	08.02.1987
Guinea		Ac	29.11.2005	29.12.2005
Haiti	09.04.1980			
Honduras		Ac	28.01.2004	27.02.2004
Hungary	17.06.1980	R	04.05.1984	08.02.1987
Iceland		Ac	18.06.2002	18.07.2002
India		Ac	12.03.2002	11.04.2002
Indonesia	03.07.1986	R	05.11.1986	08.02.1987
Ireland	13.06.1980	R	06.09.1991	06.10.1991

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Confirmation (C) Ratification (R) Acceptance (A) Accession (Ac) Approval (Ap) Notification of Succession (S)	Date	Entry into force
Israel	17.06.1983	R	22.01.2002	21.02.2002
Italy	13.06.1980	R	06.09.1991	06.10.1991
Jamaica		Ac	16.08.2005	15.09.2005
Japan		Ac	28.10.1988	27.11.1988
Kazakhstan		Ac	02.09.2005	02.10.2005
Kenya		Ac	11.02.2002	13.03.2002
Korea, Republic of	29.12.1981	R	07.04.1982	08.02.1987
Kuwait		Ac	23.04.2004	23.05.2004
Latvia		Ac	06.11.2002	06.12.2002
Lebanon		Ac	16.12.1997	15.01.1998
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya		Ac	18.10.2000	17.11.2000
Liechtenstein	13.01.1986	R	25.11.1986	08.02.1987
Lithuania		Ac	07.12.1993	06.01.1994
Luxembourg	13.06.1980	R	06.09.1991	06.10.1991
Madagascar		Ac	28.10.2003	27.11.2003
Mali		Ac	07.05.2002	06.06.2002
Malta		Ac	16.10.2003	15.11.2003
Marshall Islands		Ac	07.02.2002	09.03.2003
Mexico		Ac	04.04.1988	04.05.1988
Monaco		Ac	09.08.1996	08.09.1996
Mongolia	23.01.1986	R	28.05.1986	08.02.1987
Morocco	25.07.1980	R	23.08.2002	22.09.2002
Mozambique		Ac	03.03.2003	02.04.2003
Namibia		Ac	02.10.2002	01.11.2002

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Confirmation (C) Ratification (R) Acceptance (At) Accession (Ac) Approval (Ap) Notification of Succession (S)	Date	Entry into force
Nauru		Ac	12.08.2005	11.09.2005
Netherlands	13.06.1980	At	06.09.1991	06.10.1991
New Zealand		Ac	19.12.2003	18.01.2004
Nicaragua		Ac	10.12.2004	09.01.2005
Niger	07.01.1985	R	19.08.2004	18.09.2004
Norway	26.01.1983	R	15.08.1985	08.02.1987
Oman		Ac	11.06.2003	11.07.2003
Pakistan		Ac	12.09.2000	12.10.2000
Panama	18.03.1980	R	01.04.1999	01.05.1999
Paraguay	21.05.1980	R	06.02.1985	08.02.1987
Peru		Ac	11.01.1995	10.02.1995
Philippines	19.05.1980	R	22.09.1981	08.02.1987
Poland	06.08.1980	R	05.10.1983	08.02.1987
Portugal	19.09.1984	R	06.09.1991	06.10.1991
Qatar		Ac	09.03.2004	08.04.2004
Republic of Moldova		Ac	07.05.1998	06.06.1998
Romania	15.01.1981	R	23.11.1993	23.12.1993
Russian Federation	22.05.1980	R	25.05.1983	08.02.1987
Senegal		Ac	03.11.2003	03.12.2003
Serbia and Montenegro	15.07.1980	S	05.02.2002	27.04.1992
Seychelles		Ac	13.08.2003	12.09.2003
Slovakia		S	10.02.1993	01.01.1993
Slovenia		S	07.07.1992	25.06.1991
South Africa	18.05.1981			

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Confirmation (C) Ratification (R) Acceptance (A) Accession (Ac) Approval (Ap) Notification of Succession (S)	Date	Entry into force
Spain	07.04.1986	R	06.09.1991	06.10.1991
Sudan		Ac	18.05.2000	17.06.2000
Swaziland		Ac	17.04.2003	17.05.2003
Sweden	02.07.1980	R	01.08.1980	08.02.1987
Switzerland	09.01.1987	R	09.01.1987	08.02.1987
Tajikistan		Ac	11.07.1996	10.08.1996
The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia		S	20.09.1996	17.11.1991
Tonga		Ac	25.01.2003	23.02.2003
Trinidad and Tobago		Ac	25.04.2001	25.05.2001
Tunisia		Ac	08.04.1993	08.05.1993
Turkey	23.08.1983	R	27.02.1985	08.02.1987
Turkmenistan		Ac	07.01.2005	06.02.2005
Uganda		Ac	10.12.2003	10.01.2004
Ukraine		Ac	06.07.1993	05.08.1993
United Arab Emirates		Ac	16.10.2003	15.11.2003
United Kingdom	13.06.1980	R	06.09.1991	06.10.1991
United States	03.03.1980	R	13.12.1982	08.02.1987
Uruguay		Ac	24.10.2003	23.11.2003
Uzbekistan		Ac	09.02.1998	11.03.1998
European Atomic Energy Community	13.06.1980	C	06.09.1991	06.10.1991

Secretariat

International Atomic Energy Agency

P.O. Box 100

Wagramer Strasse 5

A-1400 Vienna, Austria

Tel: (+431) 2600-0

Fax: (+431) 2600-7

E-Mail: Official.Mail@iaea.org

97. CONVENTION ON LONG-RANGE TRANSBOUNDARY AIR POLLUTION

Objectives

To protect man and his environment against air pollution and to endeavour to limit and, as far as possible, gradually reduce and prevent air pollution, including long-range transboundary air pollution.

Summary of provisions

- (a) By means of exchanges of information, consultation, research and monitoring, policies and strategies to be developed without undue delay which will serve as a means of combating the discharge of air pollutants;
- (b) Cooperation in the conduct of research into and/or development of:
 - (i) Existing and proposed technologies for reducing emissions of sulphur compounds and other major air pollutants, including technical and economic feasibility, and their environmental consequences;
 - (ii) Instrumentation and other techniques for monitoring and measuring emission rates and ambient concentrations of air pollutants;
 - (iii) Improved models for better understanding of the transmission of long-range transboundary air pollutants;
 - (iv) The effects of sulphur compounds and other major air pollutants on human health and the environment, including agriculture, forestry, materials, aquatic and other natural ecosystems and visibility, with a view to establishing a scientific basis for dose/effect relationships designed to protect the environment;
 - (v) Education and training programmes related to the environmental aspects of pollution by sulphur compounds and other major air pollutants;
- (c) An Executive Body to be established within the framework of the Senior Advisers to ECE Governments on Environmental Programmes, which shall:
 - (i) Review the implementation of the Convention;
 - (ii) Establish, as appropriate, working groups to consider matters related to the implementation and development of the Convention, and to this end to prepare appropriate studies and other documentation and submit recommendations to be considered by the Executive Body;
 - (iii) Fulfil such other functions as may be appropriate under the provisions of the Convention.

Membership

Open for accession by the member States of the Economic Commission for Europe, as well as States having consultative status with the Commission and by regional economic integration organizations constituted by sovereign States members of the Commission.

Date of adoption	13.11.1979
Place of adoption	Geneva
Date of entry into force	16.03.1983
Languages	English, French, Russian
Depositary	Secretary-General of the United Nations

(Status as of 30 December 2005)

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Acceptance (At)/ Approval (Ap)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date
Armenia		Ac	21.02.1994
Austria	13.11.1979	R	16.12.1982
Azerbaijan		Ac	03.07.2002
Belarus	14.11.1979	R	13.01.1980
Belgium	13.11.1979	R	15.07.1982
Bosnia and Herzegovina		S	01.09.1993
Bulgaria	14.11.1979	R	09.06.1981
Canada	13.11.1979	R	15.12.1981
Croatia		S	21.09.1992
Cyprus		Ac	20.11.1991
Czech Republic		S	30.09.1993
Denmark	14.11.1979	R	18.06.1982
Estonia		Ac	07.03.2000
European Community	14.11.1979	Ap	15.07.1982
Finland	13.11.1979	R	15.04.1981
France	13.11.1979	Ap	03.11.1981
Georgia		Ac	11.02.1999
Germany ¹⁰⁵	13.11.1979	R	15.07.1982
Greece	14.11.1979	R	30.08.1983
Holy See	14.11.1979		
Hungary	13.11.1979	R	22.09.1980
Iceland	13.11.1979	R	05.05.1983

¹⁰⁵ With a declaration.

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Acceptance (At)/ Approval (Ap)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date
Ireland	13.11.1979	R	15.07.1982
Italy	14.11.1979	R	15.07.1982
Kazakhstan		Ac	11.01.2001
Kyrgyzstan		Ac	25.05.2000
Latvia		R	22.11.1983
Liechtenstein	14.11.1979	R	22.11.1983
Lithuania		Ac	25.01.1994
Luxembourg	13.11.1979	R	15.07.1982
Malta		Ac	14.03.1997
Monaco		Ac	27.08.1999
Netherlands	13.11.1979	At	15.07.1982
Norway	13.11.1979	R	13.02.1981
Poland	13.11.1979	R	19.07.1985
Portugal	14.11.1979	R	29.09.1980
Republic of Moldova		Ac	09.06.1995
Romania	14.11.1979	R	27.02.1991
Russian Federation ¹⁰⁶	13.11.1979	R	22.05.1980
San Marino	14.11.1979		
Serbia and Montenegro ¹⁰⁷		S	12.03.2001
Slovakia		S	28.05.1993
Slovenia		S	06.07.1992
Spain	14.11.1979	R	15.06.1982

¹⁰⁶ A declaration received by depositary on 20.04.1983.

¹⁰⁷ The former Yugoslav had signed and ratified the Convention on 13 November 1979 and 18 March 1987 respectively.

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Acceptance (At)/ Approval (Ap)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date
Sweden	13.11.1979	R	12.02.1981
Switzerland	13.11.1979	R	06.05.1983
The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia		S	30.12.1997
Turkey	13.11.1979	R	18.04.1983
Ukraine	14.11.1979	R	06.06.1980
United Kingdom ¹⁰⁸	13.11.1979	R	15.07.1982
United States of America	13.11.1979	At	30.11.1981

Secretariat

United Nations Economic Commission for Europe (UNECE)
 Environment and Human Settlements Division
 Palais des Nations
 CH-1211 GENEVA
 Switzerland
 Tel: (+41-22) 917-2370 or (+41-22) 917-2354
 Fax: (+41-22) 917-0107
 Email: air.env@unece.org

¹⁰⁸ The Convention is also effective in respect of the Bailiwick of Jersey, the Isle of Man, Gibraltar and the United Kingdom Sovereign Base Areas of Akrotiri and Dhekelia in the Island of Cyprus

98. CONVENTION FOR THE CONSERVATION AND MANAGEMENT OF THE VICUNA

Objectives

To continue to promote the conservation and management of the vicuna.

Summary of provisions

- (a) The signatory Governments to place the vicuna under strict State control, applying such technical methods of wildlife management as the competent official authorities may determine (art. 1);
- (b) The hunting of and illegal trade in the vicuna, its products and derivatives to be prohibited within the territory of the signatory Governments (art. 2);
- (c) The export of fertile vicuna semen or other reproductive material to be prohibited, except to member countries for research and/or repopulation (art. 4);
- (d) National parks, reserves and other protected areas to be maintained and areas of repopulation managed as wildland areas, and be extended as a matter of priority under State control (art. 5);
- (e) Continued comprehensive research on the vicuna agreed upon, as well as an active interchange of information through a Multinational Documentation Centre (art. 6);
- (f) Technical assistance for management and repopulation, including training of personnel, dissemination and extension of activities aimed at the conservation and management of the vicuna is agreed to (art. 7);
- (g) A Technical Administrative Commission created (art. 8).

Membership

Open for signature by Argentina, and for ratification by Bolivia, Chile, Ecuador and Peru. The Convention is not open for accession by any other countries due to its specific nature.

Date of adoption	20.12.1979
Place of adoption	Lima
Date of entry into force	20.12.1979 (provisional) 19.03.1982 (definitive)
Date of expiration	31.12.1989
Language	Spanish
Depositary	Peru

Participant	Entry into force
Bolivia	19.03.1982
Chile	19.03.1982
Ecuador	07.05.1982
Peru	19.03.1982

99. CONVENTION ON THE CONSERVATION OF ANTARCTIC MARINE LIVING RESOURCES

Objectives

To safeguard the environment and protect the integrity of the ecosystem of the seas surrounding Antarctica, and to conserve Antarctic marine living resources.

Summary of provisions

A Commission for the Conservation of Antarctic Marine Living Resources, established, with the following functions:

- (a) To facilitate research into and comprehensive studies of Antarctic marine living resources and the Antarctic marine ecosystems;
- (b) To compile data on the status of and changes in populations of Antarctic marine living resources, and on factors affecting the distribution, abundance and productivity of harvested species and dependent or related species or populations;
- (c) To ensure the acquisition of catch and effort statistics on harvested populations;
- (d) To analyze, disseminate and publish the information referred to in subparagraphs (b) and (c) above, and the reports of the Scientific Committee;
- (e) To identify conservation needs and analyze the effectiveness of conservation measures;
- (f) To formulate, adopt and revise conservation measures on the basis of the best scientific evidence available;
- (g) To implement a system of observation and inspection;
- (h) To carry out such other activities as are necessary to fulfill the objective of the Convention.

Membership

Open for accession by any State interested in research of harvesting activities in relation to the marine living resources to which the Convention applies, and by regional economic integration organizations which include among their members one or more States members of the Commission and to which the States members of the organization have transferred, in whole or in part, competence with regard to the matters covered by the Convention.

Date of adoption	20.05.1980
Place of adoption	Canberra
Date of entry into force	07.04.1982
Languages	English, French, Russian, Spanish
Depositary	Australia

(Status as of 10 September 2005)

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac) Acceptance (At) Succession (S)	Date	
Argentina	11.09.1980	R	28.05.1982	27.06.1982
Australia	11.09.1980	R	06.05.1981	07.04.1982

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac) Acceptance (At) Succession (S)	Date	
Belgium	11.09.1980	R	22.02.1984	23.03.1984
Brazil		At	28.01.1986	27.02.1986
Bulgaria		Ac	01.09.1992	01.10.1992
Canada		Ac	01.07.1988	31.07.1988
Chile	11.09.1980	R	22.07.1981	31.04.1982
European Community		Ac	21.04.1982	21.05.1982
Finland		Ac	06.09.1989	06.10.1989
France	16.09.1980	Ac	16.09.1982	16.10.1982
Germany	11.09.1980	R	23.04.1982	23.05.1982
Greece		Ac	12.02.1987	14.03.1987
India		At	17.06.1985	17.07.1985
Italy		Ac	29.03.1989	28.04.1989
Japan	12.09.1980	At	26.05.1981	07.04.1982
Mauritius		Ac	02.10.2004	
Namibia		Ac	29.06.2000	
Netherlands		Ac	23.02.1990	25.03.1990
New Zealand	11.09.1980	R	08.03.1982	07.04.1982
Norway	11.09.1980	R	06.12.1983	05.01.1984
Peru		Ac	23.06.1989	23.07.1989
Poland	11.09.1980	R	28.03.1984	27.04.1984
Republic of Korea		Ac	29.03.1985	28.04.1985
Russian Federation		S	15.01.1992	07.04.1982 ¹⁰⁹
South Africa	11.09.1980	R	23.07.1981	07.04.1982

¹⁰⁹ The Union of Soviet Socialist Republics signed the Convention on 11.09.1980 and deposited the instrument of ratification on 26.05.1981.

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac) Acceptance (At) Succession (S)	Date	
Spain		Ac	09.04.1984	09.05.1984
Sweden		R	06.06.1984	06.07.1984
Ukraine		S	22.04.1994	22.05.1994
United Kingdom	11.09.1980	R	31.08.1981	07.04.1982
United States of America	11.09.1980	R	18.02.1982	07.04.1982
Uruguay		Ac	22.03.1985	21.04.1984
Vanuatu		Ac	20.07.2001	

100. EUROPEAN OUTLINE CONVENTION ON TRANSFRONTIER COOPERATION BETWEEN TERRITORIAL COMMUNITIES OR AUTHORITIES

Objectives

To facilitate and foster transfrontier cooperation between territorial communities or authorities of each Contracting Party.

Summary of provisions

(a) Parties to endeavour to promote the conclusion of agreements and arrangements that may prove necessary for the purpose of transfrontier cooperation, with due regard to constitutional provisions of each party;

(b) Parties to encourage any initiative by territorial communities and authorities inspired by the outline arrangements between territorial communities and authorities drawn up in the Council of Europe, which may be based on model agreements, statutes and contracts appended to the Convention;

(c) Parties to endeavour to resolve any legal, administrative or technical difficulties liable to hamper the development and smooth running of transfrontier cooperation, and consult with other contracting parties concerned to the extent required;

(d) Parties to supply information to the fullest possible extent to other contracting parties, on request;

(e) Parties to inform the territorial communities or authorities concerned of the means of action open to them under this Convention.

Membership

Open for signature by the member States of the Council of Europe. The Committee of Ministers of the Council of Europe may decide unanimously to invite any European non-member State to accede to the Convention.

Date of adoption	21.05.1980
Place of adoption	Madrid
Date of entry into force	22.12.1981
Languages	English, French
Depositary	Council of Europe

(Status as of 15 December 2005)

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)	Date	Entry into force
Albania	07.05.1999	R	07.11.2001	08.02.2002
Armenia	03.04.2002	R	31.10.2003	01.02.2004
Austria	21.05.1980	R	18.10.1982	19.01.1983
Azerbaijan	05.01.2004	R	30.03.2004	01.07.2004
Belgium	24.09.1980	R	06.04.1987	07.07.1987
Bosnia and Herzegovina	30.04.2004			
Bulgaria	02.06.1998	R	07.05.1999	08.08.1999

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)	Date	Entry into force
Croatia	07.05.1999	R	17.09.2003	18.12.2003
Czech Republic	24.06.1998	R	20.12.1999	21.03.2000
Denmark	02.04.1981	R	02.04.1981	22.12.1981
Finland	11.09.1990	R	11.09.1990	12.12.1990
France	10.11.1982	R	14.02.1984	15.05.1984
Germany	21.05.1980	R	21.09.1981	22.12.1981
Hungary	06.04.1992	R	21.03.1994	22.06.1994
Iceland	15.06.1999			
Ireland	21.05.1980	R	03.11.1982	04.02.1983
Italy	21.05.1980	R	29.03.1985	30.06.1985
Latvia	28.05.1998	R	01.12.1998	02.03.1999
Liechtenstein	20.10.1983	R	26.01.1984	27.04.1984
Lithuania	07.06.1996	R	13.06.1997	14.09.1997
Luxembourg	21.05.1980	R	30.03.1983	01.07.1983
Malta	07.05.1999			
Moldova	04.05.1998	R	30.11.1999	01.02.2000
Netherlands	21.05.1980	R	26.10.1981	27.01.1982
Norway	21.05.1980	R	12.08.1980	22.12.1981
Poland	19.01.1993	R	19.03.1993	20.06.1993
Portugal	16.03.1987	R	10.01.1989	11.04.1990
Romania	27.02.1996	R	16.07.2003	17.10.2003
Russian Federation	03.11.1999	R	04.10.2002	05.01.2003
Slovakia	07.09.1998	R	01.02.2000	02.05.2000
Slovenia	28.01.1998	R	17.07.2003	18.10.2003
Spain	01.10.1986	R	24.08.1990	25.11.1990
Sweden	21.05.1980	R	23.04.1981	22.12.1981
Switzerland	16.04.1981	R	03.03.1982	04.06.1982

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)	Date	Entry into force
Turkey	04.02.1998	R	11.07.2001	12.10.2001
Ukraine		Ac	21.09.1993	22.12.1993

Secretariat

Secretariat General
Council of Europe
F-67075 Strasbourg Cedex
France
Fax: (33) 03 88 41 39 10
E-mail: Treaty.Office@coe.int
Website: <http://book.coe.int>

101. CONVENTION ON FUTURE MULTILATERAL COOPERATION IN NORTH-EAST ATLANTIC FISHERIES¹¹⁰

Objectives

To promote the conservation and optimum utilization of the fishery resources of the North-East Atlantic area within a framework appropriate to the regime of extended coastal State jurisdiction over fisheries, and accordingly to encourage international cooperation and consultation with respect to these resources.

Summary of provisions

(a) The Convention to apply to all fishery resources within the Convention area defined in article 1, with the exception of sea mammals and sedentary species;

(b) The parties to establish and maintain a North-East Atlantic Fisheries Commission, the Commission may set up such committees and other subsidiary bodies as it considers desirable for the exercise of its duties and funding (art. 3);

(c) The Commission shall perform its functions in the interests of the conservation and optimum utilization of the fisheries resources of the Convention areas, and shall take into account the best scientific evidence available to it. It shall also provide a forum for consultation and the exchange of information on the state of fisheries resources in the convention areas and on management policies (art. 4);

(d) The Commission shall make recommendations concerning fisheries conducted beyond the areas under the fisheries jurisdiction of the contracting parties (art. 5). It may make recommendations and give advice concerning fisheries conducted within an area under the fisheries jurisdiction of a contracting party if the contracting party in question so requests (art. 6);

(e) The Commission may be a qualified majority make recommendations concerning measures of control relating to fisheries (art. 8).

Membership

Open for signature by the following States: Bulgaria, Cuba, Denmark in respect of the Faeroe Islands, the European Community, Finland, Germany, Iceland, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Spain, Sweden and the Russian Federation. Any State not appearing in the list, other than a member state of the European Community, may accede to the Convention at any time after it has entered into force, provided that an application for the accession of that State meets with the approval of three quarters of all the contracting parties.

Date of adoption	08.11.1980
Place of adoption	London
Date of entry into force	17.03.1982
Languages	English, French
Depositary	United Kingdom

(Status as of September 2005)

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)	Date	Entry into force	Denunciation/ Termination
Bulgaria		Ac	24.07.1984	24.07.1984	
Cuba	18.11.1980				

¹¹⁰ Supersedes the North-East Atlantic Fisheries Convention (London, 24 January 1959).

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)	Date	Entry into force	Denunciation/ Termination
Denmark (for Faeroe Islands) ¹¹¹	18.11.1980	R	15.03.1982	17.03.1982	
Estonia		Ac	07.07.2003		15.07.2005
Iceland	18.11.1980	R	06.07.1981	17.03.1982	
Norway	18.11.1980	R	03.07.1981	17.03.1982	
Poland	17.12.1980	R	20.11.1984	20.11.1984	21.04.2005
Portugal	18.11.1980	R	29.06.1983	29.06.1983	
Russian Federation	18.11.1980	R	03.02.1982	17.03.1982	
Spain	18.11.1980	R	09.03.1984	09.03.1984	
Sweden	19.12.1980	R	17.03.1982	17.03.1982	
European Community	18.11.1980	R	18.09.1981	17.03.1982	

¹¹¹ Also in respect of Greenland with effect from 31.01.1985, the date on which Greenland ceased to be part of the European Community.

102. CONVENTION CREATING THE NIGER BASIN AUTHORITY¹¹² AND PROTOCOL RELATING TO THE DEVELOPMENT FUND OF THE NIGER BASIN

Objectives

To transform the River Niger Commission into a Niger Basin Authority and to create a Development Fund to contribute to the development of the Niger Basin.

Summary of provisions

(a) The River Niger Commission converted into a Niger Basin Authority (Convention, art. 1), the riparian States of the Niger River, its tributaries and sub-tributaries, which are signatories of the Convention, to be members of the Authority (Convention, art. 2);

(b) The functions of the Authority to include, harmonization and coordination of national development policies, in order to ensure an equitable policy as regards sharing of the water resources among member States, formulation, in agreement with the members States, of a general policy for the development of the Basin which shall be consistent with its international status, preparation and implementation of an integrated development plan for the Basin, initiation status, preparation and implementation of an integrated development plan for the Basin, initiation and monitoring of an orderly and rational regional policy for the utilization of surface and underground waters in the Basin, design and conduct of studies, research and surveys, formulation of plans, construction, exploitation and maintenance of structures and projects in keeping with the general objectives of integrated development of the Basin (Convention, art. 4);

(c) Establishment of a Development Fund to contribute to the development of the Basin (Protocol, art. 1), the Fund to obtain resources from contributions from member States, external resources, gifts and grants, trust funds, and any income from the fund's operations (Protocol, art. 3);

(d) The Fund's functions to include collection of financial resources necessary for achievement of the objectives of the Authority, and the guaranteeing of loans for the implementation of projects (Protocol, art. 2).

Membership

Restricted to the riparian signatory States.

	Convention	Protocol
Date of adoption	21.11.1980	21.11.1980
Place of adoption	Faranah, Guinea	Faranah, Guinea
Date of entry into force	03.12.1982	03.12.1982
Languages	English, French	English, French
Depositary	Niger	Niger

Participant	Entry into force for the Convention and the Protocol
Benin	03.12.1982
Burkina Faso	03.12.1982
Cameroon	03.12.1982
Chad	03.12.1982

¹¹² The Convention supersedes the Agreement signed in Niamey on 25 November 1964, as amended in Niamey on 2 February 1968 and 15 June 1973, and in Lagos on 26 January 1979.

Participant	Entry into force for the Convention and the Protocol
Côte d'Ivoire	03.12.1982
Guinea	03.12.1982
Guinea	03.12.1982
Mali	03.12.1982
Niger	03.12.1982
Nigeria	03.12.1982

103. **PROTOCOL FOR THE PROTECTION OF THE MEDITERRANEAN SEA AGAINST POLLUTION FROM LAND- BASED SOURCES**

Objectives

To prevent, abate, combat and control pollution of the Mediterranean Sea are by discharges from rivers, coastal establishments or outfalls, or emanating from any other land-based sources within their territories.

Summary of provisions

- (a) Parties to establish programmes and measures, particularly including emission standards and standards for using and discharging substances listed in annexes I and II or wastes containing such substances (arts. 5-7);
- (b) Parties to carry out activities to assess the levels of pollution along their coasts and to evaluate the effects of measures taken under the Protocol;
- (c) Parties to cooperate as far as possible in scientific and technological fields (arts. 9 and 10) as well as in the case of conflicts (arts. 11 and 12);
- (d) Parties to convene ordinary and extraordinary meetings to review the implementation of the Protocol and consider the efficacy of the measures adopted and the advisability of any other measures (art. 14);

Membership

Open to any State invited to the Conference of Plenipotentiaries of the Coastal States of the Mediterranean Region for the Protection of the Mediterranean Sea Against Pollution from Land-based Sources held in Athens from 12 to 17 May 1980, to the European Community and to any similar regional Economic grouping of which at least one member is a coastal State of the Mediterranean Sea area and which exercises competence in fields covered by the Protocol. Instruments of ratification, acceptance or approval to be deposited with the Government of Spain.

Date of adoption	17.05.1980
Place of adoption	Athens
Date of entry into force	17.06.1983
Languages	Arabic, English, French, Spanish
Depositary	Spain

(Status as of 14 September 2004)

Participants	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Approval (Ap)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date
Albania		Ac	30.05.1990
Algeria		Ac	02.05.1983
Bosnia and Herzegovina		S	22.10.1994
Croatia		S	12.06.1992
Cyprus	17.05.1980	R	28.06.1988

Participants	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Approval (Ap)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date
Egypt		Ac	18.05.1983
France ¹¹³	17.05.1980	Ap	13.07.1982
Greece	17.05.1980	R	26.01.1987
Israel	17.05.1980	R	21.02.1991
Italy	17.05.1980	R	04.07.1985
Lebanon	17.05.1980	R	27.12.1994
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	17.05.1980	Ap	06.06.1989
Malta	17.05.1980	R	02.03.1989
Monaco	17.05.1980	R	12.01.1983
Morocco	17.05.1980	R	09.02.1987
Serbia and Montenegro		Ac	16.07.2002
Slovenia		Ac	16.09.1993
Spain	17.05.1980	R	06.06.1984
Syrian Arab Republic		Ac	01.12.1993
Tunisia	17.05.1980	R	29.10.1981
Turkey		Ac	21.02.1983
European Community	17.05.1980	Ap	07.10.1983

¹¹³ With a reservation.

104. CONVENTION FOR COOPERATION IN THE PROTECTION AND DEVELOPMENT OF THE MARINE AND COASTAL ENVIRONMENT OF THE WEST AND CENTRAL AFRICAN REGION

Objectives

To protect the marine environment, coastal zones and related internal waters falling within the jurisdiction of the States of the West and Central African region.

Summary of provisions

The Parties shall:

- (a) Take all necessary measures to prevent, reduce, combat and control pollution of the Convention area (art. 4), particularly pollution from ships and aircraft (arts. 5 and 6), and activities relating to exploration and exploitation of the sea bed (art. 8) and pollution from or through the atmosphere (art. 9);
- (b) Prevent, reduce, combat and control coastal erosion (art. 10);
- (c) Protect and preserve rare or fragile ecosystems, as well as the habitat of depleted, threatened or endangered species and other marine life in specially protected areas (art. 11);
- (d) Cooperate in dealing with pollution emergencies in the Convention area (art. 12), and in exchanging data and other scientific information (art. 14);
- (e) Develop technical and other guidelines regarding environmental impact assessment of their development projects (art. 13);
- (f) Establish rules and procedures for the determination of liability and the payment of adequate and prompt compensation for pollution damage of the Convention area (art. 15).

Membership

Since 23 June 1981, the Convention is open for accession by any coastal or island State from Mauritania to Namibia inclusive, on condition that the State also becomes a party to at least one of its related Protocols. After the entry into force of the Convention, any other African State may accede to the Convention subject to the same condition.

Date of adoption	23.03.1981
Place of adoption	Abidjan
Date of entry into force	05.08.1984
Languages	English, French, Spanish
Depositary	Côte d'Ivoire

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)	Date	Entry into force
Cameroon	Ac	01.03.1983	05.08.1984
Congo	R	19.12.1987	19.02.1988
Côte d'Ivoire	R	15.01.1982	05.08.1984
Gabon	Ac	13.12.1988	11.02.1989
Gambia	R	06.12.1984	05.02.1985
Ghana	R	20.07.1989	18.09.1989

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)	Date	Entry into force
Guinea	R	04.03.1982	05.08.1984
Guinea	R	04.03.1982	05.08.1984
Nigeria	R	06.06.1984	05.08.1984
Senegal	R	10.05.1983	05.08.1984
Togo	R	16.11.1983	05.08.1984

Secretariat

United Nations Environment Programme
P.O. Box 30552, Nairobi
Kenya
Tel: 254 20 762 1234
Fax: 254 20 226890

105. PROTOCOL CONCERNING COOPERATION IN COMBATING POLLUTION IN CASES OF EMERGENCY¹¹⁴

Objectives

To protect the marine environment, the coastal zones and the related internal waters falling within the jurisdiction of the States of the West and Central African region against pollution in cases of emergency.

Summary of provisions

The Parties are to:

- (a) Cooperate in all matters relating to the protection of their respective coastline and related interests from the threat and effects of pollution resulting from marine emergencies, especially by exchanging relevant information (arts. 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 10);
- (b) Assist each other, on demand, in cases of marine emergencies (art. 8);
- (c) Endeavour to maintain and promote marine emergency contingency plans (art. 9), and take appropriate measures to prevent, reduce, combat and control the effects of pollution, including surveillance and monitoring of marine emergencies (art. 10).

Membership

Restricted to States which are parties to the Convention for Cooperation in the Protection and Development of the Marine and Coastal Environment of the West and Central African Region.

Date of adoption	23.03.1981
Place of adoption	Abidjan
Date of entry into force	05.08.1984
Languages	English, French, Spanish
Depositary	Côte d'Ivoire

Participant	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)	Date	Entry into force
Cameroon	Ac	01.03.1983	05.08.1984
Congo	R	19.12.1987	19.02.1988
Côte d'Ivoire	R	15.01.1982	05.08.1984
Gabon	Ac	13.12.1988	11.02.1989
Gambia	R	06.12.1984	05.02.1985
Ghana	R	20.07.1989	18.09.1989
Guinea	R	04.03.1982	05.08.1984
Nigeria	R	06.06.1984	05.08.1984
Senegal	R	10.05.1983	05.08.1984
Togo	R	16.11.1983	05.08.1984

¹¹⁴ To the Convention for Cooperation for the Protection and Development of the Marine and Coastal Environment of the West and Central African Region.

106. CONVENTION FOR THE PROTECTION OF THE MARINE ENVIRONMENT AND COASTAL AREA OF THE SOUTH-EAST PACIFIC

Objectives

To protect the marine environment and coastal zones of the South-East Pacific within the 200-mile area of maritime sovereignty and jurisdiction of the Parties, and beyond that area, the high seas up to a distance within which pollution of the high seas may affect that area.

Summary of provisions

The Parties agree to:

- (a) Take all necessary measures to prevent, reduce and control pollution of the Convention area (art. 3), particularly pollution from land-based sources, from or through the atmosphere, from vessels and from any other installations and devices operating in the marine environment (art. 4);
- (b) Prevent, reduce, combat and control coastal erosion (art. 10);
- (c) Cooperate in dealing with pollution emergencies in the Convention area (art. 6), and in exchanging data and other scientific information (arts. 9 and 10);
- (d) Cooperate in establishing programmes for monitoring pollution and assessing environmental impacts in the area (arts. 7 and 8);
- (e) Establish rules and procedures for the determination of civil liability and compensate for damage resulting from pollution of the environment and coastal area (art. II);
- (f) Convene ordinary and extraordinary meetings, within the framework of the Permanent Commission of the South Pacific (CPPS), for reviewing the implementation of the Convention (art. 12);
- (g) Designate the Permanent Commission for the South Pacific to discharge secretariat functions under the Convention (art. 13).

Membership

Open to States bordering the South-East Pacific.

Date of adoption	12.11.1981
Place of adoption	Lima
Date of entry into force	19.05.1986
Language	Spanish
Depositary	Permanent Commission for the South Pacific

Participant	Signature	Ratification	Entry into force
Chile	12.11.1981	20.03.1986	19.05.1986
Colombia	12.11.1981	06.08.1985	19.05.1986
Ecuador	12.11.1981	26.10.1983	19.05.1986
Panama	12.11.1981	23.07.1986	21.09.1986
Peru	12.11.1981	27.07.1988	25.02.1989

Secretariat

CPPS

Permanent Commission for the South Pacific

P O Box 17-21-720

Av. Coruña N31-83Y Whymper

Quito

Ecuador

Tel: 593 558 973/6

Fax: 593 558 978

107. AGREEMENT ON REGIONAL COOPERATION IN COMBATING POLLUTION OF THE SOUTH-EAST PACIFIC BY HYDROCARBONS OR OTHER HARMFUL SUBSTANCES IN CASES OF EMERGENCY

Objectives

To protect the coastal States and marine ecosystem against pollution of the South-East Pacific by oil and other harmful substances in cases of emergency.

Summary of provisions

(a) The parties to combine their efforts in taking the necessary measures to neutralize or control harmful effects when the marine environment is threatened (art. I);

(b) The parties to maintain and promote their contingency plans and programmes aimed at combating marine pollution by oil and other harmful substances (art. IV);

(c) The parties to carry out monitoring activities (art. V) and cooperate in salvaging harmful substances (art. VI);

(d) The parties to exchange information regarding their competent national authorities for combating pollution, assistance programmes or measures to combat pollution and the development of related research programmes (art. VII);

(e) The parties to coordinate the use of their means of communication and issue instructions for the captains of ships and the pilots of aircraft to report, on the basis of the guidelines contained in the annex to the Agreement, the presence, characteristics and extent of oil slicks and other harmful substances observed in the area (art. IX);

(f) Parties faced with an emergency to make the necessary assessment, adopt all appropriate measures to avert or reduce the effects of the pollution, inform all other parties involved and report thereon (art. X);

(g) The parties designate the Permanent Mission for the South Pacific as secretariat for the Agreement (art. XIII).

Membership

Open to States bordering the South-East Pacific.

Date of adoption	12.11.1981
Place of adoption	Lima
Date of entry into force	14.07.1986
Language	Spanish
Depositary	Permanent Commission of the South Pacific

Participant	Signature	Ratification	Entry into force
Chile	12.11.1981	14.05.1986	14.07.1986
Colombia	12.11.1981	06.08.1985	14.07.1986
Ecuador	12.11.1981	26.10.1983	14.07.1986
Panama	12.11.1981	23.07.1986	21.09.1986
Peru	12.11.1981	20.02.1989	18.04.1989

108. CONVENTION CONCERNING OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH AND THE WORKING ENVIRONMENT

Objectives

To prevent accidents and injury to health by minimizing the causes of hazards inherent in the working environment.

Summary of provisions

- (a) Each Party to formulate, implement and periodically review a coherent national policy on occupational safety, occupational health and the working environment (art. 4 (1));
- (b) The policy referred to in Article 4 of this Convention to indicate the respective functions and responsibilities in respect of occupational safety and health and the working environment of public authorities, employers, workers and others (art. 6);
- (c) Each Party to review the situation regarding occupational safety and the health and the working environment at appropriate intervals, with a view to identifying major problems involving effective methods for dealing with them and priorities of action, and evaluation results (art. 7);
- (d) Parties to take such steps as may be necessary to give effect to Article 4 of this Convention (art. 8);
- (e) The enforcement of laws and regulations concerning occupational safety and health and the working environment to be secured by an adequate and appropriate system of inspection (art. 9 (1));
- (f) The enforcement system to provide for adequate penalties for violations of the laws and regulations (art. 9 (2)).

Membership

Open for ratification to all States members of the International Labour Organization. Instruments of ratification to be deposited with the Director-General of the International Labour Office.

Date of adoption	22.06.1981
Place of adoption	Geneva
Date of entry into force	11.08.1983
Languages	English, French
Depositary	International Labour Office

(Status as of 15 December 2005)

Participant	Ratification
Albania	09.02.2004
Antigua and Barbuda	16.09.2002
Australia	26.03.2004
Belarus	30.05.2000
Belize	22.06.1999
Bosnia and Herzegovina	02.06.1993
Brazil	18.05.1992

Participant	Ratification
Cape Verde	09.08.2000
Croatia	08.10.1991
Cuba	07.09.1982
Cyprus	16.01.1989
Czech Republic	01.01.1993
Denmark	10.07.1995
El Salvador	12.10.2000
Ethiopia	28.01.1991
Finland	24.04.1985
Hungary	04.01.1994
Iceland	21.06.1991
Ireland	04.04.1995
Kazakhstan	30.07.1996
Latvia	25.07.1994
Lesotho	01.11.2001
Luxembourg	21.03.2001
Mexico	01.02.1984
Republic of Moldova	28.04.2000
Mongolia	03.02.1998
Netherlands	22.05.1991
Nigeria	03.05.1994
Norway	22.06.1982
Portugal	28.05.1985
Russian Federation	02.07.1998
Sao Tome and Principe	04.05.2005
Serbia and Montenegro	24.11.2000
Slovakia	01.01.1993

Participant	Ratification
Slovenia	29.05.1992
South Africa	18.02.2003
Spain	11.09.1985
Sweden	11.08.1982
The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	17.11.1991
Turkey	22.04.2005
Uruguay	05.09.1988
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	25.06.1984
Viet Nam	03.10.1994
Zimbabwe	09.04.2003

Secretariat

International Labour Office
4, route des Morillons
CH-1211 Geneva 22
Switzerland
Tel: +41.22.799.6111
Fax: +41.22.798.8685
E-mail: infonorm@ilo.org

109. REGIONAL CONVENTION FOR THE CONSERVATION OF THE RED SEA AND GULF OF ADEN ENVIRONMENT

Objectives

To ensure rational human use of living and non-living marine and coastal resources in a manner ensuring optimum benefit for the present generation, at the same time maintaining the potential of that environment to satisfy the needs and aspirations of future generations.

Summary of provisions

(a) The contracting parties to cooperate in the formulation of Protocols to implement the Convention, establish national standards, laws and regulations, endeavour to harmonize their national policies and cooperate with the competent international, regional and subregional organizations to establish and adopt regional standards and recommended practices and procedures (art. III);

(b) The contracting parties to prevent, abate and combat pollution from ships (art. IV), pollution caused by dumping from ships and aircraft (art. V); pollution from land-based sources (art. VI), pollution resulting from exploration and exploitation of the bed of the territorial sea, the continental shelf and the subsoil thereof (art. VII) and pollution from other human activities (art. VIII);

(c) The contracting parties to cooperate in dealing with pollution emergencies (art. IX), in the fields of science and technology (art. X) and in the formulation and adoption of rules regarding civil liability and compensation for pollution damage (art. XIII)

(d) A Regional Organization for the Conservation of the Red Sea and Gulf of Aden Environment established (art. XVI), to consist of the following organs:

(i) A Council comprised of a representative of each contracting party;

(ii) A General Secretariat;

(iii) A Committee for Settlement of Disputes.

Membership

Open for signature, ratification, acceptance, approval or accession by Governments invited to the Jeddah Regional Conference of Plenipotentiaries on the Conservation of the Marine Environment and Coastal Areas in the Red Sea and Gulf of Aden convened from 13 to 15 February 1982.

Any Party which has ratified, accepted, approved or acceded to the Convention is deemed to have ratified, accepted, approval or acceded to the Protocol, and any State member of the Arab League has a right of accession to the Convention.

Date of adoption	14.02.1982
Place of adoption	Jeddah, Saudi Arabia
Date of entry into force	20.08.1985
Language	Arabic
Depositary	Saudi Arabia

Participant	Entry into force
Djibouti	02.03.1998
Egypt	20.08.1990

Participant	Entry into force
Jordan	07.02.1989
Palestine ¹¹⁵	20.08.1985
Saudi Arabia	20.08.1985
Somalia	30.05.1988
Sudan	20.08.1985
Yemen	20.08.1985

Secretariat

PERGSA: Red Sea and Gulf of Aden Environment programme (PERGSGA)
7th floor - Baroom Center
Hail street , Al-Ruwais,
P.O. Box 53662
Jeddah 21583,Saudi Arabia
Tel: 00966 2 6573224
Fax: 00966 2 6521901
Email: information@persga.org

Arab League Educational, Cultural and Scientific Organization
P.O. Box 1358
Jeddah, 21431, Saudi Arabia
Tel: (966 2) 651 4472
Fax: (966 2) 657 0945
E-mail: persga@computec.com.bh

¹¹⁵ Represented by the Palestine Liberation Organization.

110. PROTOCOL CONCERNING REGIONAL COOPERATION IN COMBATING POLLUTION BY OIL AND OTHER HARMFUL SUBSTANCES IN CASES OF EMERGENCY¹¹⁶

Objectives

To enhance measures for responding to pollution emergencies on a national and regional basis.

Summary of provisions

(a) The contracting parties to cooperate in combating pollution by oil and other harmful substances and shall maintain and promote contingency plans (arts. II and X);

(b) The contracting parties to establish a Marine Emergency Mutual Aid Centre, which shall collect and disseminate to them information concerning matters covered by the Protocol, and assist them in the preparation of laws and regulations, contingency plans and transport procedures in the transmission of reports concerning marine emergencies and in promoting as well as developing training programmes for combating pollution (art. III);

(c) Any contracting party needing assistance in a marine emergency may request it directly from any other contracting party or through the Centre (art. XI);

(d) Each contracting party establish and maintain an appropriate authority to fulfil its obligations (art. XII);

(e) The contracting parties shall cooperate under the Protocol by exchanging relevant information (arts. V, VI, VII and VIII).

Membership

Any State which is entitled to become a party to the Regional Convention for the Conservation of the Red Sea and Gulf of Aden Environment is automatically entitled to become a party to the Protocol.

Date of adoption	14.02.1982
Place of adoption	Jeddah, Saudi Arabia
Date of entry into force	20.08.1985
Language	Arabic
Depositary	Saudi Arabia

Participant	Entry into force
Djibouti	02.03.1998
Egypt	20.08.1990
Jordan	07.02.1989
Palestine ¹¹⁷	20.08.1985
Saudi Arabia	20.08.1985
Somalia	30.05.1988

¹¹⁶ To the Regional Convention for the Conservation of the Red Sea and Gulf of Aden Environment.

¹¹⁷ Represented by the Palestine Liberation Organization.

Participant	Entry into force
Sudan	20.08.1985
Yemen	20.08.1985

111. CONVENTION FOR THE CONSERVATION OF SALMON IN THE NORTH ATLANTIC OCEAN

Objectives

To promote the conservation, restoration, enhancement and rational management of salmon stock in the North Atlantic Ocean through international cooperation, as well as the acquisition, analysis and dissemination of appropriate scientific information.

Summary of provisions

- (a) The Convention to apply to specific salmon stocks, the views of any party with regard to its jurisdiction over fisheries or the law of the sea not to be affected (art. 1);
- (b) The fishing of salmon to be prohibited in certain areas, with some exceptions (art.2). The North Atlantic Salmon Conservation Organization to be established with legal personality, its components and objectives defined in article 3;
- (c) Regulatory measures proposed to be notified by the Secretary, they shall be binding unless an objection is lodged or they are denounced. Emergency regulatory measures shall also be proposed and may be objected to (art. 13)
- (d) All parties to ensure that the provisions of the Convention as well as the regulatory measures binding on them are made effective, including the imposition of adequate penalties for violations, and to produce an annual statement of action taken in that regard (art. 14);
- (e) All parties to provide information on statistical, scientific, legal and regulatory measures and programmes relating to the conservation, restoration and enhancement of salmon stocks (art. 15). Annual reports regarding the adoption or repeal of related laws, regulation and programmes, as well as any new commitments regarding new measures, or information regarding new factors relevant to the abundance of salmon stocks, to be prepared.

Membership

The Convention is subject to ratification or approval. It is open for accession by Canada, Denmark (in respect of the Faeroe Islands), Iceland, Norway, Sweden, the United States of America and EEC, and, subject to the approval of the Council, by any other State that exercises fisheries jurisdiction in the North Atlantic Ocean or is a State of origin for salmon stocks subject to this Convention.

Date of adoption	02.03.1982
Place of adoption	Reykjavik
Date of entry into force	01.10.1983
Language	English, French
Depositary	European Community

Participant	Date of deposit of Instrument of Ratification / Approval / Accession)	Entry into force	Withdrawal
Canada	30.09.1983	01.10.1983	
Denmark ¹¹⁸	31.01.1983	01.10.1983	
Finland	18.05.1984	18.05.1984	01.01.1995

¹¹⁸ For the Faeroe Islands. With respect to Greenland, the Convention entered into force on 17.04.1985.

Participant	Date of deposit of Instrument of Ratification / Approval / Accession)	Entry into force	Withdrawal
Iceland	21.06.1982	01.10.1983	
Norway	20.05.1983	01.10.1983	
Russian Federation	20.01.1992 ¹¹⁹	11.09.1986	
Sweden	17.05.1984	17.05.1984	01.01.1995
United States of America	16.11.1982	01.10.1983	
European Community	14.12.1982	01.10.1983	

Secretariat

North Atlantic Salmon Conservation Organization (NASCO)

11 Rutland Square

Edinburgh, EH1 2AS

United Kingdom

Tel: Int +44 (0)131 228 2551

Fax: Int +44 (0)131 228 4384

E-mail: NASCO (OCSAN)

Website: <http://www.nasco.int>

¹¹⁹ As from 20.01.1992, the Russian Federation retains all the rights and fulfils the obligations formerly assumed by the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics under the Convention.

112. BENELUX CONVENTION ON NATURE CONSERVATION AND LANDSCAPE PROTECTION

Objectives

To preserve nature, natural areas and the landscapes,, especially in boundary regions.

Summary of provisions

- (a) Parties to develop the concept of the protection of transboundary natural areas and landscapes (art. 3, para. 1);
- (b) Parties to establish programmes for the protection of such areas (art. 3, para. 2);
- (c) Parties to consult on management projects concerning transboundary areas;
- (d) Parties to establish the status of protection areas (art. 3, para. 2).

Membership

Restricted to the three signatory States.

Date of adoption	08.06.1982
Place of adoption	Brussels
Date of entry into force	01.10.1983
Languages	French, Dutch
Depositary	Benelux Economic Union

Participant	Entry into force
Belgium	01.10.1983
Luxembourg	01.10.1983
Netherlands	01.10.1983

Secretariat

General Secretariat
 Benelux Economic Union
 Rue de la Régence 39
 1000 Brussels
 Belgium
 Tel : (32) (0)2/519.38.11
 Fax : (32) (0)/513.42.06
info@benelux.be
 Website: <http://www.benelux.be>

113. UNITED NATIONS CONVENTION ON THE LAW OF THE SEA

Objectives

To set up a comprehensive new legal regime for the sea and oceans and, as far as environmental provisions are concerned, to establish material rules concerning environmental standards as well as enforcement provisions dealing with pollution of the marine environment.

Summary of Provisions

- (a) Definition of the territorial sea and the contiguous zone (arts. 3 and 33);
 - (b) Use of straits for international navigation (arts. 34 to 45) and archipelagic States (arts. 46 to 54);
 - (c) Definition of the exclusive economic zone (art. 55). The parties to have sovereign rights therein for the purpose of exploring and exploiting, preserving and managing its natural resources, as well as other rights and duties (art. 56);
 - (d) The coastal State to exercise over the continental shelf, (defined in article 76) sovereign rights for the purpose of exploring it and exploiting its natural resources (defined in article 77);
 - (e) Freedom of the high seas to comprise (part VII) freedom of navigation, of overflight, of laying submarine cables and pipelines, subject to the provisions of part VI, of constructing artificial islands, etc., subject to the provisions of part VI, and of fishing and of scientific research, subject to the provisions of parts VI and XIII;
 - (f) The regime of islands described (art. 121), together with enclosed or semi-enclosed seas (arts. 122 and 123). Land-locked States to enjoy the right of access to and from the sea and freedom of transit (arts. 124 to 132);
 - (g) The Area (the sea bed and ocean floor and subsoil thereof,, beyond the limits of national jurisdiction) and its resources to be the common heritage of mankind (art. 136). The resources of the Area to be developed (arts. 150 to 155). An Authority to be established through which States Parties to the Convention shall organize and control activities in the area, particularly with a view to administering the resources of the Area (art. 157). A Sea Bed Disputes Chamber to be established, and the manner in which it shall exercise its jurisdiction specified (art. 186);
 - (h) International rules and national legislation to be developed for the prevention, reduction and control of pollution of the marine environment, and provisions set out concerning enforcement and responsibility and liability;
 - (i) Rules set out to govern marine scientific research, the development and transfer of marine technology and the settlement of disputes. The obligation to settle disputes by peaceful means specified (art. 279). Compulsory procedures set out entailing binding decisions:
 - (j) Uses of the seas for peaceful purposes (art. 301);
- The Convention has the following annexes:
- I. Highly migratory species;
 - II. Commission on the Limits of the Continental Shelf;
 - III. Basic conditions of prospecting, exploration and exploitation;
 - IV. Statute of the Enterprise;
 - V. Conciliation;
 - VI. Statute of the International Tribunal of the Law of the Sea;
 - VII. Arbitration;
 - VIII. Special arbitration;
 - IX. Participation by international organizations.

Membership

The Convention is open to all States and international organizations, as well as other entities referred to in article 305. It is subject to ratification, formal confirmation and accession. Instruments shall be deposited with the Secretary-General of the United Nations.

Date of adoption	10.12.1982
Place of adoption	Montego Bay, Jamaica
Date of entry into force	16.11.1994
Languages	Arabic, Chinese, English, French, Russian, Spanish
Depositary	Secretary-General of the United Nations

(Status as of 30 December 2005)

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Formal Confirmation (C)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date
Afghanistan	18.03.1983		
Albania		Ac	23.06.2003
Algeria	10.12.1982	R	11.06.1996
Angola	10.12.1982	R	05.12.1990
Antigua and Barbuda	07.02.1983	R	02.02.1989
Argentina	05.10.1984	R	01.12.1995
Armenia		Ac	09.12.2002
Australia	10.12.1982	R	05.10.1994
Austria	10.12.1982	R	14.07.1995
Bahamas	10.12.1982	R	29.07.1983
Bahrain	10.12.1982	R	30.05.1985
Bangladesh	10.12.1982	R	27.07.2001
Barbados	10.12.1982	R	12.10.1993
Belarus	10.12.1982		
Belgium	05.12.1984	R	13.11.1998
Belize	10.12.1982	R	13.08.1983
Benin	30.08.1983	R	16.10.1997

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Formal Confirmation (C)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date
Bhutan	10.12.1982		
Bolivia	27.11.1984	R	28.04.1995
Bosnia and Herzegovina		S	12.01.1994
Botswana	05.12.1984	R	02.05.1990
Brazil	10.12.1982	R	22.12.1988
Brunei Darussalam	05.12.1984	R	05.11.1996
Bulgaria	10.12.1982	R	15.05.1996
Burkina Faso	10.12.1982	R	25.01.2005
Burundi	10.12.1982		
Cambodia	01.07.1983		
Cameroon	10.12.1982	R	19.11.1985
Canada	10.12.1982	R	07.11.2003
Cape Verde	10.12.1982	R	10.08.1987
Central African Republic	04.12.1984		
Chad	10.12.1982		
Chile	10.12.1982	R	25.08.1997
China	10.12.1982	R	07.06.1996
Colombia	10.12.1982		
Comoros	06.12.1984	R	21.06.1994
Congo	10.12.1982		
Cook Islands	10.12.1982	R	15.02.1995
Costa Rica	10.12.1982	R	21.09.1992
Côte d'Ivoire	10.12.1982	R	26.03.1984
Croatia		S	05.04.1995
Cuba	10.12.1982	R	15.08.1984

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Formal Confirmation (C)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date
Cyprus	10.12.1982	R	12.12.1988
Czech Republic	22.02.1993	S	21.06.1996
Democratic People's Republic of Korea	10.12.1982		
Democratic Republic of the Congo	22.08.1983	R	17.02.1989
Denmark	10.12.1982	R	16.11.2004
Djibouti	10.12.1982	R	08.10.1991
Dominica	28.03.1983	R	24.10.1991
Dominican Republic	10.12.1982		
Egypt	10.12.1982	R	26.08.1983
El Salvador	05.12.1984		
Equatorial Guinea	30.01.1984	R	21.07.1997
Estonia		Ac	26.08.2005
Ethiopia	10.12.1982		
European Community	07.12.1984	C	01.04.1998
Fiji	10.12.1982	R	10.12.1982
Finland	10.12.1982	R	21.06.1996
France	10.12.1982	R	11.04.1996
Gabon	10.12.1982	R	11.03.1998
Gambia	10.12.1982	R	22.05.1984
Georgia		Ac	21.03.1996
Germany		Ac	14.10.1994
Ghana	10.12.1982	R	07.06.1983
Greece	10.12.1982	R	21.07.1995
Grenada	10.12.1982	R	25.04.1991

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Formal Confirmation (C)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date
Guatemala	08.07.1983	R	11.02.1997
Guinea	04.10.1984	R	06.09.1985
Guinea-Bissau	10.12.1982	R	25.08.1986
Guyana	10.12.1982	R	16.11.1993
Haiti	10.12.1982	R	31.07.1996
Honduras	10.12.1982	R	05.10.1993
Hungary	10.12.1982	R	05.02.2002
Iceland	10.12.1982	R	21.06.1985
India	10.12.1982	R	29.06.1995
Indonesia	10.12.1982	R	03.02.1986
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	10.12.1982		
Iraq	10.12.1982	R	30.07.1985
Ireland	10.12.1982	R	21.06.1996
Italy	07.12.1984	R	13.01.1995
Jamaica	10.12.1982	R	21.03.1983
Japan	07.02.1983	R	20.06.1996
Jordan		Ac	27.11.1995
Kenya	10.12.1982	R	02.03.1989
Kiribati		Ac	24.02.2003
Kuwait	10.12.1982	R	02.05.1986
Lao People's Democratic Republic	10.12.1982	R	05.06.1998
Latvia		Ac	23.12.2004
Lebanon	07.12.1984	R	05.01.1995
Lesotho	10.12.1982		

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Formal Confirmation (C)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date
Liberia	10.12.1982		
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	03.12.1984		
Liechtenstein	30.11.1984		
Lithuania		Ac	12.11.2003
Luxembourg	05.12.1984	R	05.10.2000
Madagascar	25.02.1983	R	22.08.2001
Malawi	07.12.1984		
Malaysia	10.12.1982	R	14.10.1996
Maldives	10.12.1982	R	07.09.2000
Mali	19.10.1983	R	16.07.1985
Malta	10.12.1982	R	20.05.1993
Marshall Islands		Ac	09.08.1991
Mauritania	10.12.1982	R	17.07.1996
Mauritius	10.12.1982	R	04.11.1994
Mexico	10.12.1982	R	18.03.1983
Micronesia (Federated States of)		Ac	29.04.1991
Monaco	10.12.1982	R	20.03.1996
Mongolia	10.12.1982	R	13.08.1996
Morocco	10.12.1982		
Mozambique	10.12.1982	R	13.03.1997
Myanmar	10.12.1982	R	21.05.1996
Namibia	10.12.1982	R	18.04.1983
Nauru	10.12.1982	R	23.01.1996
Nepal	10.12.1982	R	02.11.1998
Netherlands	10.12.1982	R	28.06.1996

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Formal Confirmation (C)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date
New Zealand	10.12.1982	R	19.07.1996
Nicaragua	09.12.1984	R	03.05.2000
Niger	10.12.1982		
Nigeria	10.12.1982	R	14.08.1986
Niue	05.12.1984		
Norway	10.12.1982	R	24.06.1996
Oman	01.07.1983	R	17.08.1989
Pakistan	10.12.1982	R	26.02.1997
Palau		Ac	30.09.1996
Panama	10.12.1982	R	01.07.1996
Papua New Guinea	10.12.1982	R	14.01.1997
Paraguay	10.12.1982	R	26.09.1986
Philippines	10.12.1982	R	08.05.1984
Poland	10.12.1982	R	13.11.1998
Portugal	10.12.1982	R	03.11.1997
Qatar	27.11.1984	R	09.12.2002
Republic of Korea	14.03.1983	R	29.01.1996
Romania	10.12.1982	R	17.12.1996
Russian Federation	10.12.1982	R	12.03.1997
Rwanda	10.12.1982		
Saint Kitts and Nevis	07.12.1984	R	07.01.1993
Saint Lucia	10.12.1982	R	27.03.1985
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	10.12.1982	R	01.10.1993
Samoa	28.09.1984	R	14.08.1995
Sao Tome and Principe	13.07.1983	R	03.11.1987

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Formal Confirmation (C)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date
Saudi Arabia	07.12.1984	R	24.04.1996
Senegal	10.12.1982	R	25.10.1984
Serbia and Montenegro		S	12.03.2001
Seychelles	10.12.1982	R	16.09.1991
Sierra Leone	10.12.1982	R	12.12.1994
Singapore	10.12.1982	R	17.11.1994
Slovakia	28.05.1993	S	08.05.1996
Slovenia		S	16.06.1995
Solomon Islands	10.12.1982	R	23.06.1997
Somalia	10.12.1982	R	24.07.1989
South Africa	05.12.1984	R	23.12.1997
Spain	04.12.1984	R	15.01.1997
Sri Lanka	10.12.1982	R	19.07.1994
Sudan	10.12.1982	R	23.01.1985
Suriname	10.12.1982	R	09.07.1998
Swaziland	18.01.1984		
Sweden	10.12.1982	R	25.06.1996
Switzerland	17.10.1984		
Thailand	10.12.1982		
The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia		S	19.08.1994
Togo	10.12.1982	R	16.04.1985
Tonga		Ac	02.08.1995
Trinidad and Tobago	10.12.1982	R	25.04.1986
Tunisia	10.12.1982	R	24.04.1985
Tuvalu	10.12.1982	R	09.12.2002

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Formal Confirmation (C)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date
Uganda	10.12.1982	R	09.11.1990
Ukraine	10.12.1982	R	26.07.1999
United Arab Emirates	10.12.1982		
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland		Ac	25.07.1997
United Republic of Tanzania	10.12.1982	R	30.09.1985
Uruguay	10.12.1982	R	10.12.1992
Vanuatu	10.12.1982	R	10.08.1999
Viet Nam	10.12.1982	R	25.07.1994
Yemen	10.12.1982	R	21.07.1987
Zambia	10.12.1982	R	07.03.1983
Zimbabwe	10.12.1982	R	24.02.1993

114. **PROTOCOL TO AMEND THE CONVENTION ON WETLANDS OF INTERNATIONAL IMPORTANCE ESPECIALLY AS WATERFOWL HABITAT**

Objectives

To render the Convention more effective.

Summary of provisions

- (a) article 1 provides for the inclusion in the Convention of an article 10 bis which defines a mechanism for amending the Convention;
- (b) Article 2 provides for the deletion of the words "in any case of divergency, the English text prevailing" from the testimonium following article 12;
- (c) Article 3 states that the revised text of the original French version of the Convention is reproduced in the annex to the Protocol.

Membership

Any of the States referred to in article 9, paragraph 2, of the Convention may become a contracting party to the Protocol by: (a) signature without reservation as to ratification, acceptance or approval; (b) signature subject to ratification, acceptance or approval; (c) accession.

Date of adoption	03.12.1982
Place of adoption	Paris
Date of entry into force	01.10.1986
Languages	English, French
Depository	Director-General of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization

(Status as of 15 December 2005)

Participant	Date of deposit of instrument of definitive signature, ratification, accession, notification of succession, or acceptance
Albania	31.10.1995
Antigua and Barbuda	02.06.2005
Argentina	04.05.1992
Armenia	06.07.1993
Australia	12.08.1983
Austria	18.12.1992
Azerbaijan	21.05.2001
Bahamas	07.02.1997
Bahrain	27.10.1997
Bangladesh	21.05.1992
Barbados	12.12.2005

Participant	Date of deposit of instrument of definitive signature, ratification, accession, notification of succession, or acceptance
Belarus	10.09.1999
Belgium	28.10.1998
Belize	22.04.1998
Benin	24.01.2000
Bolivia	27.06.1990
Botswana	09.12.1996
Brazil	24.05.1993
Bulgaria	27.02.1986
Burkina Faso	27.06.1990
Burundi	05.06.2002
Cambodia	23.06.1999
Canada	02.06.1983
Cape Verde	18.07.2005
Central African Republic	05.12.2005
Chad	13.06.1990
Chile	14.02.1985
China	31.03.1992
Colombia	18.06.1998
Comoros	09.02.1995
Congo	18.06.1998
Costa Rica	27.12.1991
Côte d'Ivoire	27.02.1996
Cuba	12.04.2001
Cyprus	11.07.2001
Czech Republic	26.03.1993
Democratic Republic of Congo	18.01.1996
Denmark	03.12.1982

Participant	Date of deposit of instrument of definitive signature, ratification, accession, notification of succession, or acceptance
Djibouti	22.11.2002
Dominican Republic	15.05.2002
Ecuador	07.09.1990
Egypt	09.09.1988
El Salvador	22.01.1999
Equatorial Guinea	02.06.2003
Estonia	29.03.1994
Finland	15.05.1984
France	01.12.1986
Gabon	30.12.1986
Gambia	16.09.1996
Georgia	07.02.1997
Germany	13.01.1983
Ghana	22.02.1988
Greece	02.06.1988
Guatemala	26.06.1990
Guinea	18.11.1992
Guinea-Bissau	14.05.1990
Honduras	23.06.1993
Hungary	28.08.1986
Iceland	11.06.1986
India	09.03.1984
Indonesia	08.04.1992
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	29.04.1986
Ireland	15.11.1984
Israel	12.11.1996
Italy	27.07.1987

Participant	Date of deposit of instrument of definitive signature, ratification, accession, notification of succession, or acceptance
Jamaica	07.10.1997
Japan	26.06.1987
Jordan	15.03.1984
Kenya	05.06.1990
Kyrgyzstan	12.11.2002
Latvia	25.07.1995
Lebanon	16.04.1999
Lesotho	01.07.2004
Liberia	02.07.2003
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	05.04.2000
Liechtenstein	06.08.1991
Lithuania	20.08.1993
Luxembourg	15.04.1998
Madagascar	25.09.1998
Malawi	14.11.1996
Malaysia	10.11.1994
Malta	30.09.1988
Marshall Islands	13.07.2004
Mauritania	31.05.1989
Mauritius	30.05.2001
Mexico	04.07.1986
Monaco	20.08.1997
Mongolia	08.12.1997
Morocco	03.10.1985
Mozambique	03.08.2004
Myanmar	17.11.2004
Namibia	23.08.1995

Participant	Date of deposit of instrument of definitive signature, ratification, accession, notification of succession, or acceptance
Nepal	17.12.1987
Netherlands	12.10.1983
New Zealand	07.07.1993
Nicaragua	30.07.1997
Niger	30.04.1987
Nigeria	02.10.2001
Norway	03.12.1982
Pakistan	13.08.1985
Palau	18.10.2002
Panama	26.11.1990
Papua New Guinea	16.03.1993
Paraguay	07.06.1995
Peru	30.03.1992
Philippines	08.07.1994
Poland	08.02.1984
Portugal	18.12.1984
Republic of Korea	28.03.1997
Republic of Moldova	20.06.2000
Romania	21.05.1991
Russian Federation	11.02.1992
Rwanda	01.12.2005
Saint Lucia	19.02.2002
Samoa	06.10.2004
Senegal	15.05.1985
Seychelles	22.11.2004
Sierra Leone	13.12.1999
Slovakia	31.03.1993

Participant	Date of deposit of instrument of definitive signature, ratification, accession, notification of succession, or acceptance
Slovenia	13.04.2004
South Africa	26.05.1983
Spain	27.05.1987
Sri Lanka	15.06.1990
Sudan	07.01.2005
Sweden	03.05.1984
Switzerland	30.05.1984
Syrian Arab Republic	05.03.1998
Tajikistan	18.07.2001
Thailand	13.05.1998
Togo	04.07.1995
Trinidad and Tobago	21.12.1992
Tunisia	15.05.1987
Turkey	13.07.1994
Uganda	04.03.1988
Ukraine	15.07.1997
United Kingdom	19.04.1984
United Republic of Tanzania	13.04.2000
United States of America	18.12.1986
Uzbekistan	08.10.2001
Venezuela	23.11.1988
Viet Nam	20.09.1988
Zambia	28.08.1991

Note: The amendment to articles 6 and 7 of the Convention was adopted in Regina, Canada on 28 May 1987, which entered into force on 1 May 1994.

115. PROTOCOL CONCERNING MEDITERRANEAN SPECIALLY PROTECTED AREAS

Objectives

To protect and improve the state of the natural resources and natural sites of the Mediterranean Sea.

Summary of provisions

The Parties are to:

- (a) Establish, maintain and restore protected areas (arts. 3 and 4), including buffer areas in which activities are less severely restricted (art. 5);
- (b) Take the measures required to protect specified areas, such as the prohibition of the dumping or discharge of wastes (art. 7 (b)), the regulation of any act likely to harm or disturb the fauna or flora (art. 7 (f) or the regulation of trade in and import and export of animals which originate in protected areas and are subject to measures of protection (art. 7 (j));
- (c) Give appropriate publicity to the establishment and significance of the protected areas (arts. 8 and 11);
- (d) Establish and develop scientific and technical research on protected areas and their ecosystems and archaeological heritage (art. 10);
- (e) Cooperate in establishing and managing protected areas (arts. 6, 12, 13 and 15);
- (f) Convene ordinary and extraordinary meetings to review the implementation of the Protocol and the efficacy of the measures adopted (art. 17).

Membership

Open to any Contracting Party to the Convention for the Protection of the Mediterranean Sea against Pollution, any State invited to the Conference of Plenipotentiaries on the Protocol Concerning Mediterranean Specially Protected Areas and any regional economic grouping of which at least one member is a coastal State of the Mediterranean Sea area and which exercises competence in fields covered by this Protocol. Instruments of ratification, acceptance or approval to be deposited with the Government of Spain.

Date of adoption	03.04.1982
Place of adoption	Geneva
Date of entry into force	23.03.1986
Languages	Arabic, English, French, Spanish
Depositary	Spain

(Status as of 14 September 2004)

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Approval (Ap)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date	Entry into force
Albania		Ac	30.05.1990	29.06.1990
Algeria		Ac	16.05.1985	23.03.1986
Bosnia and Herzegovina		S	22.10.1994	01.03.1992
Croatia		S	12.06.1992	08.10.1991

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Approval (Ap)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Date	Entry into force
Cyprus		Ac	28.06.1988	28.07.1988
Egypt	16.02.1983	R	08.07.1983	23.03.1986
France	03.04.1982	Ap	02.09.1986	02.10.1986
Greece	03.04.1982	R	26.01.1987	25.02.1987
Israel	03.04.1982	R	28.10.1987	27.07.1987
Italy	03.04.1982	R	04.07.1985	23.03.1986
Lebanon		Ac	27.12.1994	26.01.1995
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya		Ac	06.06.1989	06.07.1989
Malta	03.04.1982	R	11.01.1988	10.02.1988
Monaco	03.04.1982	R	29.05.1989	28.06.1989
Morocco	02.04.1983	R	22.06.1990	22.07.1990
Serbia and Montenegro		S	16.07.2002	
Slovenia		R	16.09.1993	15.03.1994
Spain	03.04.1983	R	22.12.1987	21.01.1988
Syrian Arab Republic		Ac	11.09.1992	11.10.1992
Tunisia ¹²⁰	03.04.1982	R	26.05.1983	23.03.1986
Turkey		Ac	06.11.1986	06.12.1986
European Community	30.03.1983	Ap	30.06.1984	23.03.1986

¹²⁰ With a reservation.

116. CONVENTION FOR THE PROTECTION AND DEVELOPMENT OF THE MARINE ENVIRONMENT OF THE WIDER CARIBBEAN REGION

Objectives

To protect and manage the marine environment and coastal areas of the Wider Caribbean region.

Summary of provisions

The Parties are to:

- (a) Take all necessary measures to prevent, reduce and control pollution of the Convention area (art. 4), particularly pollution from ships (art. 5), dumping (art. 6), land-based sources (art. 7), activities relating to exploration and exploitation of the sea bed (art. 8) and airborne pollution (art. 9);
- (b) Project and preserve rare or fragile ecosystems as well as the habitat of depleted, threatened or endangered species and other marine life in specially protected areas (art. 10);
- (c) Cooperate in dealing with pollution emergencies in the Convention area (art. 11);
- (d) Cooperate in assessing environmental impacts in the Convention area (art. 12) and in exchanging data and other scientific and technical information (art. 13)
- (e) Establish rules and procedures for the determination for liability and compensation for damage resulting from pollution of the Convention area (art. 14);
- (f) Designate UNEP to discharge secretariat functions under the Convention (art. 15).

Membership

Open to the Coastal States invited to the Cartagena Conference held from 21 to 24 March 1983, and to any regional economic organization invited to the Conference within exercises competence in the field covered by the Convention and at least one member of which belongs to the Caribbean region.

Date of adoption	24.03.1983
Place of adoption	Cartagena de Indias, Colombia
Date of entry into force	11.10.1986
Languages	English, French, Spanish
Depositary	Colombia

(Status as of September 2003)

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Acceptance (At)/ Approval (Ap)/ Accession (Ac)	Date	Entry into force
Antigua and Barbuda		Ac	11.09.1986	11.10.1986
Barbados	05.03.1984	R	28.05.1985	11.10.1986
Belize		R	22.09.1999	
Colombia	24.03.1983	R	03.03.1988	02.04.1988

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Acceptance (At)/ Approval (Ap)/ Accession (Ac)	Date	Entry into force
Costa Rica		Ac	01.08.1991	01.09.1991
Cuba		Ac	15.09.1988	15.10.1988
Dominica		Ac	05.10.1990	04.11.1990
Dominican Republic		Ac	24.11.1998	
European Community	24.03.1983	R		
France	24.03.1983	Ap	13.11.1985	11.10.1986
Grenada	24.03.1983	R	17.08.1987	16.09.1987
Guatemala	05.07.1983	R	18.12.1989	17.01.1990
Honduras	24.03.1983			
Jamaica	24.03.1983	R	01.04.1987	01.05.1987
Mexico	24.03.1983	R	11.04.1985	11.10.1986
Netherlands ¹²¹¹²²	24.03.1983	At	16.04.1984	11.10.1986
Nicaragua	24.03.1983			
Panama	24.03.1983	R	07.10.1987	06.11.1987
St. Lucia	24.03.1983	R	20.11.1984	11.10.1986
Saint Vincent and Grenadines		Ac	11.07.1990	09.08.1990
Trinidad and Tobago		Ac	24.01.1986	11.10.1986
United Kingdom ¹²³	24.03.1983	R	28.02.1986	11.10.1986
United States of America	24.03.1983	R	31.10.1984	11.10.1986
Venezuela	24.03.1983	R	18.12.1986	17.01.1987

¹²² Extended to the Netherlands Antilles on 16.04.1984

¹²³ Included Cayman Islands, Turks and Caicos Islands, and the British Virgin Islands.

Secretariat

UNEP - Caribbean Environment Programme
Regional Co-ordinating Unit
14 - 20 Port Royal Street
Kingston, Jamaica
Tel: (876) 922 - 9267
Fax: (876) 922 - 9292
E-mail: uneprcuja@cwjamaica.com
Website: <http://www.cep.unep.org>

117. PROTOCOL CONCERNING COOPERATION IN COMBATING OIL SPILLS IN THE WIDER CARIBBEAN REGION

Objectives

To provide a framework for regional cooperation and assistance in the event of an oil spill incident in the Caribbean region.

Summary of provisions

(a) The Parties to combine their efforts in taking the necessary measures to protect the marine environment of the Caribbean region against pollution from oil spill incidents, and cooperate in maintaining and promoting contingency plans and means of combating pollution (art.3);

(b) The Parties to exchange information regarding their competent national authorities for combating pollution and on laws, institutions and procedures aimed at combating marine pollution by oil (art. 4);

(c) Any contracting party faced with a marine emergency to take appropriate measures to combat pollution, inform other States of the measures it has taken or intends to take, make an assessment of the nature and extent of the marine emergency and determine the necessary and appropriate action to be taken (arts. 5 and 7)

(d) Any contracting party may call on the others for assistance (art. 6);

(e) To facilitate implementation of the Protocol, in particular arts. 6 and 7, the contracting parties should conclude bilateral or multilateral subregional arrangements, as appropriate (art. 8);

(f) Parties agree to designate UNEP to discharge secretariat functions under the Protocol (art. 9)

Membership

Open to the coastal States invited to the Cartagena Conference held from 21 to 24 March 1983, and to any regional economic organization invited to the Conference which exercises competence in the field covered by the Convention and at least one member of which belongs to the Caribbean region.

Date of adoption	24.03.1983
Place of adoption	Cartagena de Indias, Colombia
Date of entry into force	11.10.1986
Languages	English, French, Spanish
Depositary	Colombia

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Approval (Ap)/ Acceptance (At)/ Accession (Ac)	Date	Entry into force
Antigua and Barbuda		Ac	11.09.1986	11.10.1986
Barbados	05.03.1984	R	28.05.1985	11.10.1986
Belize		Ac	22.09.1999	
Colombia	24.03.1983	R	03.03.1988	02.04.1988

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Approval (Ap)/ Acceptance (At)/ Accession (Ac)	Date	Entry into force
Costa Rica		Ac	01.08.1991	01.09.1991
Cuba		Ac	15.09.1988	15.10.1988
Dominica		Ac	05.10.1990	04.11.1990
Dominican Republic		Ac	24.11.1998	
European Community	24.03.1983			
France	24.03.1983	Ap	13.11.1985	11.10.1986
Grenada	24.03.1983	R	17.08.1987	16.09.1987
Guatemala	05.07.1983	R	18.12.1989	17.01.1990
Honduras	24.03.1983			
Jamaica	24.03.1983	R	01.04.1987	01.05.1987
Mexico	24.03.1983	R	11.04.1985	11.10.1986
Netherlands ¹²⁴	24.03.1983	R	16.04.1984	11.10.1986
Nicaragua	24.03.1983			
Panama	24.03.1983	R	07.11.1987	16.11.1986
Saint Lucia	24.03.1983	R	30.11.1984	11.10.1986
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines		Ac	11.07.1990	10.08.1990
Trinidad and Tobago	24.03.1983	Ac	24.01.1986	11.10.1986
United Kingdom ¹²⁵	24.03.1983	R	28.02.1986	11.10.1986
United States of America	24.03.1983	R	31.10.1984	11.10.1986
Venezuela	24.03.1983	R	18.12.1986	17.01.1987

¹²⁴ Extended to the Netherlands Antilles on 16.04.1984.

¹²⁵ Included Cayman Islands, Turks and Caicos Islands, and the British Virgin Islands.

118. AGREEMENT FOR COOPERATION IN DEALING WITH POLLUTION OF THE NORTH SEA BY OIL AND OTHER HARMFUL SUBSTANCES

Objectives

To ensure cooperation between the coastal States in providing manpower, supplies, equipment and scientific advice at short notice to deal with discharges of oil or other harmful substances in the North Sea.

Summary of provisions

(a) Covers the North Sea south of latitude 61° north and the English Channel east of a line 50 nautical miles west of a line joining the Scilly Isles and Ushant (art. 2);

(b) Parties to cooperate in informing each other of casualties of oil or other harmful substances in the area and in requiring masters of the ships and pilots of aircraft registered in their territories to report such incidents (art. 5);

(c) Area divided into national zones, for each of which the relevant party has prime responsibility (art. 6);

(d) Assistance should be requested first from any other State likely to be affected by the pollution (art. 7);

(e) Apportionment of the costs of actions taken by Contracting Parties (arts. 9 and 10).

Membership

Open to any Government for signature, ratification or approval. Instruments of ratification or approval to be deposited with the Government of Germany.

Date of adoption	13.09.1983	Amendment 22.09.1989
Place of adoption	Bonn	
Date of entry into force	01.09.1989	01.04.1994
Languages	English, French, German	English, French, German
Depositary	Germany	Germany

Participant	Entry into force: Agreement	Entry into force: Amendment
Belgium	01.09.1989	01.04.1994
Denmark	01.09.1989	01.04.1994
France	01.09.1989	01.04.1994
Germany	01.09.1989	01.04.1994
Netherlands	01.09.1989	01.04.1994
Norway	01.09.1989	01.04.1994
Sweden	01.09.1989	01.04.1994
United Kingdom	01.09.1989	01.04.1994
European Community	01.09.1989	01.04.1994

Secretariat

Bonn Agreement Secretariat

New Court

48 Carey Street

London WC2A 2JQ, United Kingdom

Tel: +44 (0) 20 7430 5200

Fax: +44 (0) 20 7430 5225

E-mail: secretariat@bonnagreement.org

119. INTERNATIONAL TROPICAL TIMBER AGREEMENT¹²⁶

Objectives

To provide an effective framework for cooperation and consultation between countries producing and consuming tropical timber, to promote the expansion and diversification of international trade in tropical timber and the improvement of structural conditions in the tropical timber market, to promote and support research and development with a view to improving forest management and wood utilization and conservation of tropical forests and their genetic resources, and at maintaining the ecological balance in the regions concerned.

Summary of provisions

- (a) Establishment of an International Tropical Timber Organization to administer the provisions and supervise the operation of the Agreement (art. 3, para. 1), functioning through the International Tropical Timber Council established under article 6 of the Agreement;
- (b) The Council shall make arrangements for consultation or cooperation with the United Nations and its organs such as UNCTAD, UNDP, UNEP, and UNIDO and with FAO and other United Nations specialized agencies and intergovernmental, governmental and non-governmental organizations;
- (c) Establishment of the following permanent committees:
- Committee on Economic Information and Market Intelligence;
 - Committee on Reforestation and Forest Management;
 - Committee on Forest Industry (art. 24).

Membership

Open for signature by Governments invited to the United Nations Conference on Tropical Timber, 1983, open for accession by the Governments of all States upon conditions established by the Council.

Date of adoption	18.11.1983
Place of adoption	Geneva, Switzerland
Date of entry into force	01.04.1985 (provisionally)
Languages	Arabic, Chinese, English, French, Russian, Spanish
Depositary	Secretary-General of the United Nations

(Status as of 31 March 1994)

Participant	Signature	Provisional application	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)/ Acceptance (At)/ Approval (Ap)	Date
Australia			Ac	16.02.1988

¹²⁶The Agreement was extended until 31 March 1992, by Decision 3 (VI) confirmed by the International Tropical Timber Council at its session held in Abidjan, Côte d'Ivoire on 24 May 1989, and was further extended until 31 March 1994 by Decision 4 (X) taken at its session held in Quito, Ecuador from 29 May to 6 June 1991, respectively. The Agreement was terminated in accordance with its provisions on 31 March 1994.

Participant	Signature	Provisional application	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)/ Acceptance (At)/ Approval (Ap)	Date
Austria			Ac	06.03.1986
Belgium	29.06.1984	28.09.1984	R	21.02.1986
Bolivia	01.11.1984	25.06.1985		
Brazil	31.03.1985	31.03.1985		
Cameroon	15.04.1985	14.06.1985	R	19.11.1985
Canada			Ac	21.05.1986
China			Ac	02.07.1986
Colombia			Ac	27.03.1990
Congo	07.03.1985		R	28.03.1985
Côte d'Ivoire	27.03.1985	27.03.1985		
Denmark	29.06.1984		R	28.09.1984
Ecuador	31.03.1985	31.03.1985	R	19.01.1988
Egypt	31.03.1985	31.03.1985	R	16.01.1986
Fiji			Ac	09.08.1995
Finland	10.05.1984		R	13.02.1985
France	29.06.1984	29.06.1984	Ap	06.08.1985
Gabon	25.06.1984	19.03.1985	R	31.10.1988
Germany	29.06.1984	29.06.1984	R	21.03.1986
Ghana	29.03.1985		R	09.03.1985
Greece	29.06.1984	28.11.1984	R	26.07.1988
Guyana			Ac	07.10.1992
Honduras	27.09.1984	29.03.1985		
India			Ac	19.02.1986
Indonesia	13.06.1984		R	09.10.1984
Ireland	29.06.1984		R	04.10.1984
Italy	29.06.1984		R	29.03.1985

Participant	Signature	Provisional application	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)/ Acceptance (At)/ Approval (Ap)	Date
Japan	28.03.1984		At	28.06.1984
Liberia	08.03.1984		R	29.03.1985
Luxembourg	29.09.1984	28.09.1984	R	21.02.1986
Malaysia	14.12.1984		R	14.12.1984
Myanmar			Ac	16.11.1993
Nepal			Ac	03.07.1990
Netherlands	29.06.1984	20.09.1984	At	29.05.1987
New Zealand			Ac	05.08.1992
Norway	23.03.1984		R	21.08.1984
Panama			Ac	03.03.1989
Papua New Guinea			Ac	27.11.1985
Peru	31.03.1985	31.03.1985		
Philippines	31.03.1985	31.03.1985		
Portugal			Ac	03.07.1989
Republic of Korea			Ac	25.06.1985
Russian Federation	28.03.1985		At	20.05.1985
Spain	27.02.1985	24.04.1985	R	01.04.1986
Sweden	23.03.1984		R	09.11.1984
Switzerland	30.04.1985		R	09.05.1985
Thailand			Ac	09.10.1985
Togo			Ac	08.05.1990
Trinidad and Tobago	29.04.1985		R	09.05.1986
United Kingdom	29.06.1984		R	18.09.1984
United States of America	26.04.1985	26.04.1985	At	25.05.1990
Venezuela			Ac	31.03.1994

Participant	Signature	Provisional application	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Accession (Ac)/ Acceptance (At)/ Approval (Ap)	Date
Zaire			Ac	20.11.1990
European Community	29.06.1984	29.03.1985		

**120. SUPPLEMENTARY PROTOCOL TO THE AGREEMENT ON
REGIONAL COOPERATION IN COMBATING POLLUTION OF THE
SOUTH-EAST PACIFIC BY HYDROCARBONS OR OTHER
HARMFUL SUBSTANCES IN CASES OF EMERGENCY**

Objectives

To protect the marine environment of the South-East Pacific area against pollution by oil and other harmful substances in cases of emergency.

Summary of provisions

(a) Parties to designate national authorities competent to provide or request assistance in cases of emergency, and to undertake an inventory of the available technical equipment and procedures to combat pollution (art. 1);

(b) Parties to specify elements of the national contingency plans under art. 4 of the Agreement (art. II);

(c) Parties to undertake regular training programmes (art. III)

Membership

Open for accession by any coastal State of the South-East Pacific. Instruments of accession to be deposited with the Secretariat of the Permanent Commission for the South Pacific.

Date of adoption	22.07.1983
Place of adoption	Quito
Date of entry into force	20.05.1987
Language	Spanish
Depositary	Permanent Commission for the South Pacific

Participant	Signature	Ratification	Entry into force
Chile	22.07.1983	20.02.1987	20.05.1987
Colombia	22.07.1983	06.08.1985	20.05.1987
Ecuador	22.07.1983	12.11.1987	11.01.1988
Panama	22.07.1983	23.07.1986	20.05.1987
Peru	22.07.1983	20.02.1989	18.04.1989

121. PROTOCOL FOR THE PROTECTION OF THE SOUTH-EAST PACIFIC AGAINST POLLUTION FROM LAND-BASED SOURCES

Objectives

To prevent, abate, combat and control pollution of the South-East Pacific area caused by discharges from rivers, coastal establishments or outfalls, or emanating from any other land-based sources within the territories of the coastal States.

Summary of provisions

- (a) Parties to establish programmes and measures, including particularly emission standards and standards for using and discharging substances listed in annexes I and II or wastes containing such substances (arts. 3-6);
- (b) Parties to carry out activities to assess the levels of pollution along their coasts and to evaluate the effects of measures taken under the Protocol (art. 8);
- (c) Parties to cooperate in scientific and technological fields (arts. 7 and 10), the exchange of information and consultations (arts. 9 and 12);
- (d) Parties to convene, within the framework of the Permanent Commission for the South Pacific (CPPS), ordinary and extraordinary meetings for considering the implementation of the Protocol, the efficacy of the measures adopted and the need for amendments (art. 15).

Membership

Open for accession by any coastal State of the South-East Pacific. Instruments of accession to be deposited with the secretariat of the Permanent Commission for the South Pacific.

Date of adoption	22.07.1983
Place of adoption	Quito
Date of entry into force	21.09.1986
Language	Spanish
Depositary	Permanent Commission for the South Pacific

Participant	Signature	Ratification	Entry into force
Chile	22.07.1983	30.03.19986	21.09.1986
Colombia	22.07.1983	06.08.1985	21.09.1986
Ecuador	22.07.1983	12.11.1987	11.01.1988
Panama	22.07.1983	23.07.1986	21.09.1986
Peru	22.07.1983	27.12.1989	25.02.1990

**122. **PROTOCOL TO THE 1979 CONVENTION ON LONG-RANGE
TRANSBOUNDARY AIR POLLUTION ON LONG-TERM FINANCING
OF THE COOPERATIVE PROGRAMME FOR MONITORING AND
EVALUATION OF THE LONG-RANGE TRANSMISSION OF AIR
POLLUTANTS IN EUROPE (EMEP)****

Objectives

To provide for long-term funding after 1984 for the implementation of the Cooperative Programme for the Monitoring and Evaluation of the Long-range Transmission of Air Pollution in Europe (EMEP).

Summary of provisions

(a) The contracting parties to finance EMEP by covering the annual costs of the international centres cooperating within EMEP for the activities appearing in the work programme of the Steering Body of EMEP (art. 2)

(b) The financing of EMEP shall consist of mandatory contributions, supplemented by voluntary contributions; contributions may be made in convertible currency, non-convertible currency, or in kind (art. 3(1));

(c) Mandatory contributions to be made annually by all contracting parties which are within the geographical scope of EMEP (art. 3(2));

(d) Voluntary contributions may be made by the contracting parties or signatories to the Protocol, even if their territory lies outside the geographical scope of EMEP, as well as, subject to approval by the Executive Body, by any other country, organization or individual which wishes to contribute to the work programme (art. 3(3));

(e) Mandatory and voluntary contributions in cash to be deposited in the General Trust Fund (art. 3(5));

(f) An annual budget for EMEP to be drawn up by the Steering Body of EMEP, and to be adopted by the Executive Body not later than one year in advance of the financial year to which it applies (art. 5).

Membership

Open for signature by the member States of the Economic Commission for Europe, as well as States having consultative status with the Economic Commission for Europe and regional economic integration organizations constituted by sovereign States members of ECE.

Date of adoption	28.09.1984
Place of adoption	Geneva
Date of entry into force	28.01.1988
Languages	English, French, Russian
Depositary	Secretary-General of the United Nations

(Status as of 30 December 2005)

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Acceptance (At)/ Approval (Ap)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Deposit of Instrument
Austria		Ac	04.06.1987
Belarus	28.09.1984	At	04.10.1985

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Acceptance (At)/ Approval (Ap)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Deposit of Instrument
Belgium	25.02.1985	R	05.08.1987
Bosnia and Herzegovina		S	01.09.1993
Bulgaria	04.04.1985	Ap	26.09.1986
Canada	03.10.1984	R	04.12.1985
Croatia		S	21.09.1992
Cyprus		Ac	20.11.1991
Czech Republic		S	30.09.1993
Denmark	28.09.1984	R	29.04.1986
Estonia		Ac	07.12.2001
European Community	28.09.1984	Ap	17.07.1986
Finland	07.12.1984	R	24.06.1986
France	22.02.1985	Ap	30.10.1987
Germany	26.02.1985	R	07.10.1986
Greece		Ac	24.06.1988
Hungary	27.03.1985	Ap	08.05.1985
Ireland	04.04.1985	Ap	26.06.1987
Italy	28.09.1984	R	12.01.1989
Latvia		Ac	18.02.1997
Liechtenstein		Ac	01.05.1985
Lithuania		Ac	07.11.2003
Luxembourg	21.11.1984	R	24.08.1987
Malta		Ac	14.03.1997
Monaco		Ac	27.08.1999
Netherlands ¹²⁷	28.09.1984	At	22.10.1985

¹²⁷ For the Kingdom in Europe.

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Acceptance (At)/ Approval (Ap)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (S)	Deposit of Instrument
Norway	28.09.1984	At	12.03.1985
Poland		Ac	14.09.1988
Portugal		Ac	19.01.1989
Romania		Ac	28.04.2003
Russian Federation	28.09.1984	At	21.08.1985
Serbia and Montenegro ¹²⁸		S	12.03.2001
Slovakia		S	28.05.1993
Slovenia		S	06.07.1992
Spain		Ac	11.08.1987
Sweden	28.09.1984	R	12.08.1985
Switzerland	03.10.1984	R	26.07.1985
Turkey	03.10.1984	R	20.12.1985
Ukraine	28.09.1994	At	30.08.1985
United Kingdom	20.11.1984	R	12.08.1985
United States of America	28.09.1984	At	29.10.1984

¹²⁸ The former Yugoslav had acceded to the Protocol on 28 October 1987.

123. VIENNA CONVENTION FOR THE PROTECTION OF THE OZONE LAYER

Objectives

To protect human health and the environment against adverse effects resulting from modifications of the ozone layer.

Summary of provisions

(a) Parties to cooperate in research concerning substances and process that modify the ozone layer on human health and environmental effects of such modifications, and on alternative substances and technologies; and in systematic observation of the State of the ozone layer (arts. 2 and 3);

(b) Parties to cooperate in formulation and implementation of measures to control activities that cause adverse effects through modification of the ozone layer, and, particularly, the development of protocols for such purposes (arts. 2 and 4);

(c) Parties to exchange scientific, technical, socio-economic, commercial and legal information relevant to the Convention, and cooperate in the development and transfer of technology and knowledge (art. 4).

The Convention has two annexes: setting forth important issues for scientific research on and systematic observation of the ozone layer; and describing the kinds of information to be collected and shared under its terms.

Membership

The Convention is open for ratification, acceptance, approval and accession to all States and regional economic integration organizations.

Date of adoption	22.03.1985
Place of adoption	Vienna
Date of entry into force	22.09.1988
Languages	Arabic, Chinese, English, French, Russian, Spanish
Depositary	Secretary-General of the United Nations

(Status as of 30 December 2005)

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Acceptance (At)/ Approval (Ap)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (Sc)	Date
Afghanistan		Ac	17.06.2004
Albania		Ac	08.10.1999
Algeria		Ac	20.10.1992
Angola		Ac	17.05.2000
Antigua and Barbuda		Ac	03.12.1992
Argentina	22.03.1985	R	18.01.1990

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Acceptance (At)/ Approval (Ap)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (Sc)	Date
Armenia		Ac	01.10.1999
Australia		Ac	16.09.1987
Austria	16.09.1985	R	19.08.1987
Azerbaijan		Ac	12.06.1996
Bahamas		Ac	01.04.1993
Bahrain		Ac	27.04.1990
Bangladesh		Ac	02.08.1990
Barbados		Ac	16.10.1992
Belarus	22.03.1985	At	20.06.1986
Belgium	22.03.1985	R	17.10.1988
Belize		Ac	06.06.1997
Benin		Ac	01.07.1993
Bhutan		Ac	23.08.2004
Bolivia		Ac	03.10.1994
Bosnia and Herzegovina		Sc	01.09.1993
Botswana		Ac	04.12.1991
Brazil		Ac	19.03.1990
Brunei Darussalam		Ac	26.07.1990
Bulgaria		Ac	20.11.1990
Burkina Faso	12.12.1985	R	30.03.1989
Burundi		Ac	06.01.1997
Cambodia		Ac	27.06.2001
Cameroon		Ac	30.08.1989
Canada	22.03.1985	R	04.06.1986
Cape Verde		Ac	31.07.2001

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Acceptance (At)/ Approval (Ap)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (Sc)	Date
Central African Republic		Ac	29.03.1993
Chad		Ac	18.05.1989
Chile	22.03.1985	R	06.03.1990
China		Ac	11.09.1989
Colombia		Ac	16.07.1990
Comoros		Ac	31.10.1994
Congo		Ac	16.11.1994
Cook Islands		Ac	22.12.2003
Costa Rica		Ac	30.07.1991
Côte d'Ivoire		Ac	05.04.1993
Croatia		Sc	21.09.1992
Cuba		Ac	14.07.1992
Cyprus		Ac	28.05.1992
Czech Republic		Sc	30.09.1993
Democratic People's Republic of Korea		Ac	24.01.1995
Democratic Republic of the Congo		Ac	30.11.1994
Denmark	22.03.1985	R	29.09.1988
Djibouti		Ac	30.07.1999
Dominica		Ac	31.03.1993
Dominican Republic		Ac	18.05.1993
Ecuador		Ac	10.04.1990
Egypt	22.03.1985	R	09.05.1988
El Salvador		Ac	02.10.1992

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Acceptance (At)/ Approval (Ap)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (Sc)	Date
Equatorial Guinea		Ac	17.08.1988
Eritrea		Ac	10.03.2005
Estonia		Ac	17.10.1996
Ethiopia		Ac	11.10.1994
European Community	22.03.1985	Ap	17.10.1988
Fiji		Ac	23.10.1989
Finland	22.03.1985	R	26.09.1986
France	22.03.1985	Ap	04.12.1987
Gabon		Ac	09.02.1994
Gambia		Ac	25.07.1990
Georgia		Ac	21.03.1996
Germany	22.03.1985	R	30.09.1988
Ghana		Ac	24.07.1989
Greece	22.03.1985	R	29.12.1988
Grenada		Ac	31.03.1993
Guatemala		Ac	11.09.1987
Guinea		Ac	25.06.1992
Guinea-Bissau		Ac	12.11.2002
Guyana		Ac	12.08.1993
Haiti		Ac	29.03.2000
Honduras		Ac	14.10.1993
Hungary		Ac	04.05.1988
Iceland		Ac	29.08.1989
India		Ac	18.03.1991
Indonesia		Ac	26.06.1992

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Acceptance (At)/ Approval (Ap)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (Sc)	Date
Iran (Islamic Republic of)		Ac	03.10.1990
Ireland		Ac	15.09.1988
Israel		Ac	30.06.1992
Italy	22.03.1985	R	19.09.1988
Jamaica		Ac	31.03.1993
Japan		Ac	30.09.1988
Jordan		Ac	31.05.1989
Kazakhstan		Ac	26.08.1998
Kenya		Ac	09.11.1988
Kiribati		Ac	07.01.1993
Kuwait		Ac	23.11.1992
Kyrgyzstan		Ac	31.05.2000
Lao People's Democratic Republic		Ac	21.08.1998
Latvia		Ac	28.04.1995
Lebanon		Ac	30.03.1993
Lesotho		Ac	25.03.1994
Liberia		Ac	15.01.1996
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya		Ac	11.07.1990
Liechtenstein		Ac	08.02.1989
Lithuania		Ac	18.01.1995
Luxembourg	17.04.1985	R	17.10.1988
Madagascar		Ac	07.11.1996
Malawi		Ac	09.01.1991
Malaysia		Ac	29.08.1989

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Acceptance (At)/ Approval (Ap)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (Sc)	Date
Maldives		Ac	26.04.1988
Mali		Ac	28.10.1994
Malta		Ac	15.09.1988
Marshall Islands		Ac	11.03.1993
Mauritania		Ac	26.05.1994
Mauritius		Ac	18.08.1992
Mexico	01.04.1985	R	14.09.1987
Micronesia (Federated States of)		Ac	03.08.1994
Monaco		Ac	12.03.1993
Mongolia		Ac	07.03.1996
Morocco	07.02.1986	R	28.12.1995
Mozambique		Ac	09.09.1994
Myanmar		Ac	24.11.1993
Namibia		Ac	20.09.1993
Nauru		Ac	12.11.2001
Nepal		Ac	06.07.1994
Netherlands	22.03.1985	At	28.09.1988
New Zealand	21.03.1986	R	02.06.1987
Nicaragua		Ac	05.03.1993
Niger		Ac	09.10.1992
Nigeria		Ac	21.10.1988
Niue		Ac	22.12.2003
Norway	22.03.1985	R	23.09.1986
Oman		Ac	30.06.1999

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Acceptance (At)/ Approval (Ap)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (Sc)	Date
Pakistan		Ac	18.12.1992
Palau		Ac	29.05.2001
Panama		Ac	13.02.1989
Papua New Guinea		Ac	27.10.1992
Paraguay		Ac	03.12.1992
Peru	22.03.1985	R	07.04.1989
Philippines		Ac	17.07.1991
Poland		Ac	13.07.1990
Portugal		Ac	17.10.1988
Qatar		Ac	22.01.1996
Republic of Korea		Ac	27.02.1992
Republic of Moldova		Ac	24.10.1996
Romania		Ac	27.01.1993
Russian Federation	22.03.1985	At	18.06.1986
Rwanda		Ac	11.10.2001
Saint Kitts and Nevis		Ac	10.08.1992
Saint Lucia		Ac	28.07.1993
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines		Ac	02.12.1996
Samoa		Ac	21.12.1992
Sao Tome and Principe		Ac	19.11.2001
Saudi Arabia		Ac	01.03.1993
Senegal		Ac	19.03.1993
Serbia and Montenegro		Sc	12.03.2001
Seychelles		Ac	06.01.1993

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Acceptance (At)/ Approval (Ap)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (Sc)	Date
Sierra Leone		Ac	29.08.2001
Singapore		Ac	05.01.1989
Slovakia		Sc	28.05.1993
Slovenia		Sc	06.07.1992
Solomon Islands		Ac	17.06.1993
Somalia		Ac	01.08.2001
South Africa		Ac	15.01.1990
Spain		Ac	25.07.1988
Sri Lanka		Ac	15.12.1989
Sudan		Ac	29.01.1993
Suriname		Ac	14.10.1997
Swaziland		Ac	10.11.1992
Sweden	22.03.1985	R	26.11.1986
Switzerland	22.03.1985	R	17.12.1987
Syrian Arab Republic		Ac	12.12.1989
Tajikistan		Ac	06.05.1996
Thailand		Ac	07.07.1989
The Former Yugoslav Republic to Macedonia		Sc	10.03.1994
Togo		Ac	25.02.1991
Tonga		Ac	29.07.1998
Trinidad and Tobago		Ac	28.08.1989
Tunisia		Ac	25.09.1989
Turkey		Ac	20.09.1991
Turkmenistan		Ac	18.11.1993

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Acceptance (At)/ Approval (Ap)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (Sc)	Date
Tuvalu		Ac	15.07.1993
Uganda		Ac	24.06.1988
Ukraine	22.03.1985	At	18.06.1986
United Arab Emirates		Ac	22.12.1989
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	20.05.1985	R	15.05.1987
United Republic of Tanzania		Ac	07.04.1993
United States of America	22.03.1985	R	27.08.1986
Uruguay		Ac	27.02.1989
Uzbekistan		Ac	18.05.1993
Vanuatu		Ac	21.11.1994
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)		Ac	01.09.1988
Viet Nam		Ac	26.01.1994
Yemen		Ac	21.02.1996
Zambia		Ac	24.01.1990
Zimbabwe		Ac	03.11.1992

Secretariat

Ozone Secretariat
 United Nations Environment Programme
 P.O. Box 30552
 Nairobi 00100, Kenya
 Tel: (254-20) 762 3851/3834
 Fax: (254-20) 762 4691/92/9

124. CONVENTION FOR THE PROTECTION, MANAGEMENT AND DEVELOPMENT OF THE MARINE AND COASTAL ENVIRONMENT OF THE EASTERN AFRICAN REGION

Objectives

To protect and manage the marine environment and coastal areas of the Eastern African region.

Summary of provisions

The Parties agree to:

- (a) take all appropriate measures to prevent, reduce and combat pollution of the Convention area (art. 4), particularly pollution from ships (art. 5), dumping (art. 6), land-based sources (art. 7), exploration and exploitation of the sea bed (art. 8), and airborne pollution (art. 9);
- (b) Protect and preserve rare or fragile ecosystems as well as the habitat of depleted, threatened or endangered species and other marine life in specially protected areas (art. 10);
- (c) Cooperate in dealing with pollution emergencies in the Convention area (art. 11);
- (d) Take all appropriate measures to prevent, reduce and combat environmental damage in the Convention area resulting from dredging, land reclamation, and other engineering activities (art. 12);
- (e) Develop guidelines for the planning of major development projects in the Convention area, assess the environmental effects of development projects likely to cause significant adverse changes in the Convention area, and develop procedures for dissemination of information and consultation among the parties in such assessments (art. 13);
- (f) Cooperate in scientific research and monitoring in the Convention area and exchange of data collected (art. 14);
- (g) Cooperate in the development of rules and procedures to govern liability and compensation for damage caused by pollution in the Convention area (art. 15);
- (h) Designate UNEP to discharge Secretariat functions under the Convention (art. 16).

The Convention includes an annex, establishing arbitration procedures for resolution of disputes between Contracting Parties.

Membership

Open to any State invited as a participant to the Nairobi Conference held from 17 and 21 June 1985, and to any regional intergovernmental integration organization invited to the Conference which exercise competence in the field covered by the Convention and having at least one member which belongs to the Eastern African region.

Date of adoption	21.06.1985
Place of adoption	Nairobi
Date of entry into force	30.05.1996
Languages	English, French
Depositary	Kenya

(Status as of September 2005)

Participant	Signature	Ratification (R) Accession (Ac)	Date
Comoros		Ac	26.09.1994
France (Reunion)	21.06.1985	R	18.08.1989

Participant	Signature	Ratification (R) Accession (Ac)	Date
Kenya		Ac	11.09.1990
Madagascar	21.06.1985	R	26.06.1999
Mauritius		Ac	10.07.2000
Mozambique		Ac	04.03.1999
Seychelles	231.06.1985	R	29.05.1990
South Africa			16.05.2003
Somalia	21.06.1985	R	01.03.1988
United Republic of Tanzania		Ac	01.03.1996
European Community	19.06.1986		

Secretariat

United Nations Environment Programme
P.O. Box 30552
Nairobi, Kenya
Tel: 254 20 762 1234
Fax: 254 20 226890

125. PROTOCOL CONCERNING PROTECTED AREAS AND WILD FAUNA AND FLORA IN THE EASTERN AFRICAN REGION

Objectives

To provide for the protection of threatened and endangered species of flora and fauna, and important natural habitats, in the Eastern African region.

Summary of provisions

The Parties agree to:

- (a) Take all appropriate measures to protect the endangered species of flora and fauna listed in annexes I and II to the Protocol against capture, killing, destruction of habitat, possession, and sale (arts. 3 and 4);
- (b) Regulate the harvest and sale of threatened or depleted fauna species, listed in annex III, and protect critical habitats of breeding stocks of such species (art. 5);
- (c) Coordinate efforts to protect migratory species, listed in annex IV (art. 6);
- (d) Take measures to prevent the introduction of potentially harmful alien species (art. 7);
- (e) As necessary, establish protected areas to safeguard important ecosystems, including particularly those ecosystems that provide habitat for species of fauna and flora that are endangered, endemic, migratory, or economically important (art. 8), taking into account traditional activities of local populations (art. 11);
- (f) Cooperate in development of guidelines for selection and management of such areas (arts. 9 and 10), and coordinate establishment of protected areas to ensure adequate protection for frontier areas and creation of a representative network of protected areas in the region (arts. 13 and 16);
- (g) Take measures to ensure that the public is informed about protected areas, and has the opportunity to participate in protection efforts (arts. 14 and 15), and to encourage scientific research (art. 17);
- (h) Provide the Convention secretariat with information about their activities under this Protocol and relevant scientific research, and cooperate in providing technical and management assistance to each other (arts. 18 and 19).

The Protocol has four annexes, listing the protected species of wild flora (annex I), the species of wild fauna requiring special protection (annex II), the harvestable species of wild fauna requiring protection (annex III), and the protected migratory species (annex IV).

Membership

The Protocol is open to Contracting Parties to the Convention for the Protection, Management and Development of the Marine and Coastal Environment of the Eastern African Region.

Date of adoption	21.06.1985
Place of adoption	Nairobi
Date of entry into force	30.05.1996
Languages	English, French
Depositary	Kenya

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R) Accession (Ac)	Date
Comoros		Ac	26.09.1994

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R) Accession (Ac)	Date
France	21.06.1985	R	18.08.1989
Kenya		Ac	11.09.1990
Madagascar	21.06.1985		--.11.1999
Mauritius		Ac	10.07.2000
Mozambique		Ac	04.03.1999
Seychelles	21.06.1985	R	29.05.1990
Somalia	21.06.1985	R	01.03.1988
United Republic of Tanzania		Ac	01.03.1996
European Community	19.06.1986		

126. PROTOCOL CONCERNING COOPERATION IN COMBATING MARINE POLLUTION IN CASES OF EMERGENCY IN THE EASTER AFRICAN REGION

Objectives

To provide a framework for coordinated response in major spillages of oil and other harmful substances in the Convention area.

Summary of provisions

The Parties agree to:

- (a) Cooperate in undertaking all necessary measures for prevention and remedy of marine pollution incident, including development of legislation and contingency plans, and exchange of relevant information (arts. 3 and 4);
- (b) Establish procedures for the rapid reporting of marine pollution incidents (art. 5);
- (c) Provide assistance to each other in the event of a marine pollution incident (art. 6);
- (d) Undertake to provide for prompt response to marine pollution incidents, including assessment, notification, consultation, and remedy of the incident (art. 7); such measures to be undertaken through subregional agreements, as appropriate (art. 8);
- (e) The Convention secretariat (UNEP) coordinating and otherwise assisting activities under the Protocol (art. 9).

The Protocol has one annex, specifying guidelines for reporting marine pollution incidents under the terms of article 5.

Membership

The Protocol is open to Contracting Parties to the Convention for the Protection, Management and Development of the Marine and Coastal Environment of the Eastern African region.

Date of adoption	21.06.1985
Place of adoption	Nairobi
Date of entry into force	30.05.1996
Languages	English, French
Depositary	Kenya

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R) Accession (Ac)	Date
Comoros		Ac	26.09.1994
France	21.06.1985	R	18.08.1989
Kenya		Ac	11.09.1990
Madagascar	21.06.1985	¹²⁹	--.11.1999
Mauritius		Ac	10.07.2000
Mozambique		Ac	04.03.1999

¹²⁹ Ratified but the instrument of ratification had not been deposited with the Depositary.

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R) Accession (Ac)	Date
Seychelles	21.06.1985	R	29.05.1990
Somalia	21.06.1985	R	01.03.1988
United Republic of Tanzania		Ac	01.03.1996
European Community	19.06.1986		

127. CONVENTION CONCERNING OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH SERVICES

Objectives

To establish and maintain a safe and healthy working environment and the adoption of work to the capabilities of workers in light of their state of physical and mental health.

Summary of provisions

- (a) Each Member to formulate, implement and periodically review a coherent national policy on occupational health services (art. 2);
- (b) Each Member to develop progressively occupational health services for all workers, including those in the public sector and the members of the production cooperatives, in all branches of economic activity and all undertakings (art. 3, para. 1);
- (c) If occupational health services cannot be immediately established for all undertakings, each Member concerned to draw up plans for the establishment of such services in consultation with the most representative organizations of employers and workers, where they exist (art. 3, para. 2)
- (d) Each Member concerned to indicate, in the first report on the application of the Convention submitted under article 22 of the constitution of the International Labour Organization, the plans drawn up pursuant to paragraph 2 of this article, and to indicate in subsequent reports any progress in their application (art. 3, para.2).

Membership

Open for ratification to all States Members of the International Labour Organization. Instruments of ratification to be deposited with the Director-General of the International Labour Office.

Date of adoption	26.06.1985
Place of adoption	Geneva
Date of entry into force	17.02.1988
Languages	English, French
Depositary	International Labour Office

(Status as of September 2005)

Participant	Date of Ratification
Antigua and Barbuda	16.09.2002
Benin	10.11.1998
Bosnia and Herzegovina	02.06.1993
Brazil	18.05.1990
Burkina Faso	25.08.1997
Chile	30.09.1999
Colombia	25.01.2001
Croatia	08.10.1991
Czech Republic	01.01.1993

Participant	Date of Ratification
Finland	27.04.1987
Germany	17.10.1994
Guatemala	18.04.1989
Hungary	24.02.1988
The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	17.11.1991
Mexico	17.02.1987
San Marino	19.04.1988
Serbia and Montenegro	24.11.2000
Slovakia	01.01.1993
Slovenia	29.05.1992
Sweden	01.07.1986
Turkey	22.04.2005
Uruguay	05.09.1988
Zimbabwe	09.04.2003

Secretariat

International Labour Office
4, route des Morillons
CH-1211 Geneva 22
Switzerland
Tel: +41.22.799.7149
Fax: +41.22.799.7139
Email: infonorm@ilo.org

128. SOUTH PACIFIC NUCLEAR-FREE ZONE TREATY

Objectives

To establish a nuclear-free zone in the region and to keep the region free of environmental pollution by radioactive wastes.

Summary of provisions

The Parties undertake:

- (a) Not to acquire any nuclear explosive device (art. 3 (a)) and not assist the acquisition of any nuclear explosive device by any state (art. 3 (c));
- (b) To apply strict non-proliferation measures to all exports of nuclear materials to ensure exclusively peaceful, non-explosive use (art. 4);
- (c) To prevent the stationing of nuclear weapons on their territories (art. 5 (1));
- (d) To prevent the testing of any nuclear explosive device on their territories (art. 6 (a)) and not to assist the testing of any nuclear explosive device by any State (art. 6 (b));
- (e) Not to dump radioactive wastes at sea within the South Pacific Nuclear-Free Zone (art. 7 (a));
- (f) To prevent the dumping of radioactive wastes in their territorial sea (art. 7 (b)).

The treaty includes three Protocols. The first invites France, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America to apply the prohibitions contained in Articles 3, 5 and 6 to territories within the South Pacific Nuclear-Free Zone for which they are internationally responsible. The other two respectively invite France, the People's Republic of China, the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America not to use nuclear explosive devices within the zone.

Membership

The Treaty is open to member States of the South Pacific Forum. Protocol 1 is open for signature by France, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America. Protocols 2 and 3 are open for signature by France, the People's Republic of China, the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America. Instruments of ratification shall be deposited with the Director of the South Pacific Bureau for Economic Cooperation.

Date of adoption	06.08.1985
Place of adoption	Rarotonga, Cook Islands
Date of entry into force	11.12.1986
Language	English
Depositary	Secretary-General of the South Pacific Forum Secretariat

(Status as of 31 October 2003)

Participant	Signature	Ratification	Entry into force
Australia	06.08.1985	11.12.1986	11.12.1986
Cook Islands	06.08.1985	28.10.1985	11.12.1986
Fiji	06.08.1985	04.10.1985	11.12.1986

Participant	Signature	Ratification	Entry into force
Kiribati	06.08.1985	28.10.1986	11.12.1986
Nauru	17.07.1986	13.04.1986	13.04.1987
New Zealand	06.08.1985	13.11.1986	11.12.1986
Niue	06.08.1985	12.05.1986	11.12.1986
Papua New guinea	16.09.1985	15.09.1989	15.09.1989
Samoa	06.08.1985	20.10.1986	11.12.1986
Solomon Islands	29.05.1987	27.01.1989	27.01.1989
Tonga	02.08.1996	18.12.2000	18.12.2000
Tuvalu	06.08.1985	16.01.1986	11.12.1986
Vanuatu	16.09.1995	09.02.1996	09.02.1996

PROTOCOL 1

Participant	Signature	Ratification	Entry into force
France	25.03.1996	20.09.1996	20.09.1996
United Kingdom	25.03.1996	19.09.1997	19.09.1997
United States	25.03.1996		

PROTOCOL 2

Participant	Signature	Ratification	Entry into force
China	10.02.1987	21.10.1988	21.10.1988
France	25.03.1996	20.09.1996	20.09.1996
United Kingdom	25.03.1996	19.09.1997	19.09.1997
United States	25.03.1996		
Russian Federation	15.12.1986	21.04.1988	21.04.1988

PROTOCOL 3

Participant	Signature	Ratification	Entry into force
China	10.02.1987	21.10.1988	21.10.1988
France	25.03.1996	20.09.1996	20.09.1996
United Kingdom	25.03.1996	19.09.1997	19.09.1997
United States	25.03.1996		
Russian Federation	15.12.1986	21.04.1988	21.04.1988

Secretariat

Pacific Islands Forum Secretariat

Private Mail Bag

Suva, Fiji

Tel : +679-3312 600

Fax : +679-3305 573

Email : info@forumsec.org.fjWebsite: <http://www.forumsec.org.fj>

129. ASSOCIATION OF SOUTH EAST ASIAN NATIONS AGREEMENT ON THE CONSERVATION OF NATURE AND NATURAL RESOURCES

Objectives

To promote joint and individual State action for the conservation and management of the natural resources of the Association of South East Asian Nations (ASEAN) Region.

Summary of provisions

The Parties agree to promote joint or individual State action:

- (a) To preserve genetic diversity by ensuring the conservation and preservation of all species in their jurisdiction especially by protecting endangered species and conserving endemic species (arts. 1, 3 and 5);
- (b) To maintain harvested species through sound management and ensure sustainable utilization (arts. 1, 4 and 6);
- (c) To take measures towards soil conservation, improvement and rehabilitation, to conserve underground and surface water and to take all appropriate measures towards air quality management (arts. 1, 10 and 11);
- (d) To conserve ecological processes by reducing, controlling or preventing environmental degradation and pollution (arts. 1, 10 and 11);
- (e) To set up protected areas including natural parks and reserves to conserve biological diversity, and especially endangered species;
- (f) To ensure that the conservation and management of natural resources is an integral part of development planning both at the national and regional levels (art. 2, chapters VI and VII);
- (g) To harmonize the utilization of shared resources without prejudice to the environment and avoid transfrontier environmental effects (arts. 19 and 20)
- (h) To cooperate in the formulation of and adoption of protocols to prescribe agreed measures, procedures and standards to implement the agreement (art. 24).

Membership

Open for ratification by member States of the Association of South East Asian Nations (ASEAN).

Date of adoption	09.07.1985
Place of adoption	Kuala Lumpur
Date of entry into force	30 th day after deposit of the Sixth Instrument of Ratification
Language	English
Depositary	The Association of South East Asian Nations

(Status as of October 2005)

Participant	Signature	Ratification
Brunei Darussalam	09.07.1985	
Cambodia		30.04.1999
Indonesia	09.07.1985	10.07.1986

Participant	Signature	Ratification
Lao People's Democratic Republic		16.10.1999
Malaysia	09.07.1985	
Myanmar		16.10.1997
Philippines	09.07.1985	04.09.1986
Singapore	09.07.1985	
Thailand	09.07.1985	19.05.1986
Viet Nam		03.07.1997

Secretariat

The ASEAN Secretariat
70A Jl. Sisingamangaraja
Jakarta 12110

Indonesia

Tel : (6221) 7262991, 7243372

Fax : (6221) 7398234, 7243504

Email : public@aseansec.org

Website: <http://www.aseansec.org/>

130. **PROTOCOL TO THE 1979 CONVENTION ON LONG-RANGE TRANSBOUNDARY AIR POLLUTION ON THE REDUCTION OF SULPHUR EMISSIONS OR THEIR TRANSBOUNDARY FLUXES BY AT LEAST 30 PER CENT**

Objectives

To provide for a 30 per cent reduction in sulphur emissions or transboundary fluxes by 1993.

Summary of provisions

- (a) The Parties agree to reduce their national annual sulphur emissions, or their transboundary fluxes, to at least 30 per cent below 1980 levels by 1993 (arts. 2 and 6);
- (b) The Parties agree to study the need for further reductions (art. 3);
- (c) The Parties agree to report their annual sulphur emissions to the Executive Body of the Convention (art. 4);
- (d) EMEP (the "Cooperative programme for the monitoring and evaluation of the long-range transmission of air pollutants in Europe", created under the Convention) shall annually report to the Executive Body of the Convention its calculations of the sulphur budget, transboundary fluxes, and sulphur depositions within the geographical scope of the Convention (art. 5).

Membership

Open for signature by the member States of the Economic Commission for Europe (ECE), as well as States having consultative status with ECE and regional economic integration organizations constituted by sovereign States members of ECE.

Date of adoption	08.07.1985
Place of adoption	Helsinki
Date of entry into force	02.09.1987
Languages	English, French, Russian
Depositary	Secretary-General of the United Nations

(Status as of 30 December 2005)

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Acceptance (At)/ Approval (Ap)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession	Date
Austria	09.07.1985	R	04.06.1987
Belarus	09.07.1985	At	10.09.1986
Belgium	09.07.1985	R	09.06.1989
Bulgaria	09.07.1985	Ap	26.09.1986
Canada	09.07.1985	R	04.12.1985
Czech Republic		S	30.09.1993
Denmark	09.07.1985	R	29.04.1986

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Acceptance (At)/ Approval (Ap)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession	Date
Estonia		Ac	07.03.2000
Finland	09.07.1985	R	24.06.1986
France	09.04.1985	Ap	13.03.1986
Germany	09.07.1985	R	03.03.1987
Hungary	09.07.1985	R	11.09.1986
Italy	09.07.1985	R	05.02.1990
Liechtenstein	09.07.1985	R	13.02.1986
Luxembourg	09.07.1985	R	24.08.1987
Netherlands ¹³⁰	09.07.1985	At	30.04.1986
Norway	09.07.1985	R	04.11.1986
Russian Federation	09.07.1985	At	10.09.1986
Slovakia		S	28.05.1993
Sweden	09.07.1985	R	31.03.1986
Switzerland	09.07.1985	R	21.09.1987
Ukraine	09.07.1985	At	02.10.1986

¹³⁰ For the Kingdom in Europe.

131. CONVENTION CONCERNING SAFETY IN THE USE OF ASBESTOS

Objectives

To prevent and control the exposure of workers to asbestos and to protect them against health hazards due to occupational exposure to asbestos.

Summary of provisions

- (a) National laws and regulations to prescribe the measures to be taken for the prevention and control of, and protection of workers against health hazards due to occupational exposure to asbestos (art. 3(1));
- (b) The enforcement of the laws and regulations adopted pursuant to Article 3 of this Convention to be secured by an adequate and appropriate system of inspection (art. 5 (1));
- (c) National laws and regulations to provide for the necessary measures including appropriate penalties to ensure effective enforcement of a compliance with the provisions of this Convention (art. 5 (2));
- (d) Employers to be made responsible for compliance with the prescribed measures (art. 6);
- (e) Workers to be required to comply with prescribed safety and hygiene procedures relating to the prevention and control of, and protection against, health hazards due to occupational exposure to asbestos (art. 7);

Membership

Open for ratification to all States members of the International Labour Organization. Instruments of ratification to be deposited with the Director-General of the International Labour Office.

Date of adoption	24.06.1986
Place of adoption	Geneva
Date of entry into force	16.06.1989
Languages	English, French
Depositary	International Labour Office

(Status as of 15 December 2005)

Participant	Ratification date
Belgium	11.10.1996
Bolivia	11.06.1990
Bosnia and Herzegovina	02.06.1993
Brazil	18.05.1990
Cameroon	20.02.1989
Canada	16.06.1988
Chile	14.10.1994
Colombia	25.01.2001

Participant	Ratification date
Croatia	08.10.1991
Cyprus	07.08.1992
Ecuador	11.04.1990
Finland	20.06.1988
Germany	18.11.1993
Guatemala	18.04.1989
Japan	11.08.2005
The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	17.11.1991
Netherlands	15.09.1999
Norway	04.02.1992
Portugal	03.05.1999
Russian Federation	04.09.2000
Serbia and Montenegro	24.11.2000
Slovenia	29.05.1992
Spain	02.08.1990
Sweden	02.09.1987
Switzerland	16.06.1992
Uganda	27.03.1990
Uruguay	06.09.1995
Zimbabwe	09.04.2003

Secretariat

International Labour Office
 4, route des Morillons
 CH-1211 Geneva 22, Switzerland
 Tel: +41.22.799.7149
 Fax: +41.22.799.7139
 Email: infonorm@ilo.org

132. CONVENTION ON EARLY NOTIFICATION OF A NUCLEAR ACCIDENT

Objectives

To provide relevant information about nuclear accidents as early as possible in order that transboundary radiological consequences can be minimized.

Summary of provisions

(a) In the event of a nuclear accident, the Party referred to in article 1 to notify, directly or through the International Atomic Energy Agency thereafter referred to as the "Agency", those states which are or may be physically affected as specified in article 1 and the Agency of the nuclear accident, its nature, the time of its occurrence and the exact location where appropriate (art. 2 (a));

(b) In the event of a nuclear accident, the Party referred to in article 1 to provide the states referred to in subparagraph (a), directly or through the Agency, and the Agency with such available information relevant to minimizing the radiological consequences in those states, as specified in article 5 (art. 2 (b));

(c) With a view to minimizing the radiological consequences, Parties may notify in the event of nuclear accidents other than those specified in article 1 (art. 3);

(d) The Agency to inform Parties, member States, other States which are or may be physically affected as specified in article 1 and relevant international organizations of a notification received pursuant to subparagraph (a) of article 2 (art. 4 (a));

(e) The Agency to provide any Party, member States or relevant international organizations, upon request, with the information received pursuant to subparagraph (b) or article 2 (art. 4 (b)).

Membership

This Convention is open to all States, Namibia, represented by the United Nations Council for Namibia, international organizations and regional integration organizations referred to in article 14. Instruments shall be deposited with the Director-General of the International Atomic Energy Agency.

Date of adoption	26.09.1986
Place of adoption	Vienna
Date of entry into force	27.10.1986
Languages	Arabic, Chinese, English, French, Russian, Spanish
Depositary	International Atomic Energy Agency

(Status as of 15 December 2005)

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R) Acceptance (At) Approval (Ap) Definitive signature (DS) Accession (Ac) Succession (S)	Date	Entry into force
Afghanistan ¹³¹	26.09.1986			
Albania		Ac	30.09.2003	30.10.2003
Algeria ¹³¹	24.09.1987	R	15.01.2004	15.02.2004

¹³¹ With a reservation or declaration deposited upon signature or ratification.

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R) Acceptance (At) Approval (Ap) Definitive signature (DS) Accession (Ac) Succession (S)	Date	Entry into force
Angola		Aac	22.12.2004	22.01.2005
Argentina ¹³¹		Ac	17.01.1990	17.02.1990
Armenia		Ac	24.08.1993	24.09.1993
Australia ¹³¹	26.09.1986	R	22.09.1987	23.10.1987
Austria	26.09.1986	R	18.02.1988	20.03.1988
Bangladesh		Ac	07.01.1988	07.02.1988
Belarus	26.09.1986	R	26.01.1987	26.02.1987
Belgium	26.09.1986	R	04.01.1999	04.02.1999
Bolivia ¹³¹		Ac	22.08.2003	21.09.2003
Bosnia and Herzegovina		S	30.06.1998	01.03.1992
Brazil	26.09.1986	R	04.12.1990	04.01.1991
Bulgaria ¹³¹	26.09.1986	R	24.02.1988	26.03.1988
Cameroon	25.09.1987			
Canada ¹³¹	26.09.1986	R	18.01.1990	18.02.1990
Chile	26.09.1986	R	15.11.2005	15.12.2005
China ¹³¹	26.09.1986	R	10.09.1987	11.10.1987
Colombia		Ac	28.03.2003	28.04.2003
Costa Rica	26.09.1986	R	16.09.1991	17.10.1991
Côte d'Ivoire	26.09.1986			
Croatia		S	29.09.1992	08.10.1991
Cuba ¹³¹	26.09.1986	R	08.01.1991	08.02.1991
Cyprus		Ac	04.01.1989	04.02.1989
Czech Republic		S	24.03.1993	01.01.1993

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R) Acceptance (At) Approval (Ap) Definitive signature (DS) Accession (Ac) Succession (S)	Date	Entry into force
Democratic People's Republic of Korea ¹³¹	29.09.1986			
Democratic Republic of the Congo	30.09.1986			
Denmark	26.09.1986	DS	26.09.1986	27.10.1986
Egypt ¹³¹	26.09.1986	R	06.07.1988	06.08.1988
El Salvador		Ac	26.01.2005	26.02.2005
Estonia		Ac	09.05.1994	09.06.1994
Finland	26.09.1986	Ap	11.12.1986	11.01.1987
France ¹³¹	26.09.1986	Ap	06.03.1989	06.04.1989
Germany ¹³¹	26.09.1986	R	14.09.1989	15.10.1989
Greece	26.09.1986	R	06.06.1991	07.07.1991
Guatemala	26.09.1986	R	08.08.1988	08.09.1988
Holy See	26.09.1986			
Hungary ¹³¹	26.09.1986	R	10.03.1987	10.04.1987
Iceland	26.09.1986	R	27.09.1989	28.10.1989
India ¹³¹	29.09.1986	R	28.01.1988	28.02.1988
Indonesia ¹³¹	26.09.1986	R	12.11.1993	13.12.1993
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	26.09.1986	R	09.10.2000	09.11.2000
Iraq ¹³¹	12.08.1987	R	21.07.1988	21.08.1988
Ireland	26.09.1986	R	13.09.1991	14.10.1991
Israel ¹³¹	26.09.1986	R	25.05.1989	25.06.1989
Italy ¹³¹	26.09.1986	R	08.02.1990	11.03.1990
Japan	06.03.1987	At	09.06.1987	10.07.1987
Jordan	02.10.1986	R	11.12.1987	11.01.1988

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R) Acceptance (At) Approval (Ap) Definitive signature (DS) Accession (Ac) Succession (S)	Date	Entry into force
Kuwait		Ac	13.05.2003	13.06.2003
Latvia		Ac	28.12.1992	28.01.1993
Lebanon	26.09.1986	R	17.04.1997	18.05.1997
Liechtenstein	26.09.1986	R	19.04.1994	20.05.1994
Lithuania		Ac	16.11.1994	17.12.1994
Luxembourg	26.09.1986	R	26.09.2000	27.10.2000
Malaysia ¹³¹	01.09.1987	DS	01.09.1987	02.10.1987
Mali	02.10.1986			
Mauritius ¹³¹		Ac	17.08.1992	17.09.1992
Mexico	26.09.1986	R	10.05.1988	10.06.1988
Monaco ¹³¹	26.09.1986	Ap	19.07.1989	19.08.1989
Mongolia ¹³¹	08.01.1987	R	11.06.1987	12.07.1987
Morocco	26.09.1986	R	07.10.1993	07.11.1993
Myanmar ¹³¹		Ac	18.12.1997	18.01.1998
Netherlands ¹³¹	26.09.1986	At	23.09.1991	24.10.1991
New Zealand		Ac	11.03.1987	11.04.1987
Nicaragua ¹³¹		Ac	11.11.1993	12.12.1993
Niger	26.09.1986			
Nigeria	21.01.1987	R	10.08.1990	10.09.1990
Norway	26.09.1986	DS	26.09.1986	27.10.1986
Pakistan ¹³¹		Ac	11.09.1989	12.10.1989
Panama	26.09.1986	R	01.04.1999	02.05.1999
Paraguay	02.10.1986			
Peru ¹³¹		Ac	17.07.1995	17.08.1995

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R) Acceptance (At) Approval (Ap) Definitive signature (DS) Accession (Ac) Succession (S)	Date	Entry into force
Philippines		Ac	05.05.1997	05.06.1997
Poland ¹³¹	26.09.1986	R	24.03.1988	24.04.1988
Portugal	26.09.1986	R	30.04.1993	31.05.1993
Qatar		Ac	04.11.2005	04.12.2005
Republic of Korea		Ac	08.06.1990	09.07.1990
Republic of Moldova		Ac	07.05.1998	07.06.1998
Romania ¹³¹		Ac	12.06.1990	13.07.1990
Russian Federation ¹³¹	26.09.1986	R	23.12.1986	24.01.1987
Saint Vincent & the Grenadines		Ac	18.09.2001	19.10.2001
Saudi Arabia ¹³¹		Ac	03.11.1989	04.12.1989
Senegal	15.06.1987			
Serbia and Montenegro	27.05.1987	S	05.02.2002	27.04.1992
Sierra Leone	25.03.1987			
Singapore		Ac	15.12.1997	15.01.1998
Slovakia ¹³¹		S	10.02.1993	01.01.1993
Slovenia		S	07.07.1992	25.06.1991
South Africa ¹³¹	10.08.1987	R	10.08.1987	10.09.1987
Spain ¹³¹	26.09.1986	R	13.09.1989	14.10.1989
Sri Lanka		Ac	11.01.1991	11.02.1991
Sudan	26.09.1986			
Sweden	26.09.1986	R	27.02.1987	30.03.1987
Switzerland	26.09.1986	R	31.05.1988	01.07.1988
Syrian Arab Republic	02.07.1987			

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R) Acceptance (At) Approval (Ap) Definitive signature (DS) Accession (Ac) Succession (S)	Date	Entry into force
Thailand ¹³¹	25.09.1987	R	21.03.1989	21.04.1989
The Former Yugoslavia Republic of Macedonia		S	20.09.1996	17.11.1991
Tunisia	24.02.1987	R	24.02.1989	27.03.1989
Turkey	26.09.1986	R	03.01.1991	03.02.1991
Ukraine	26.09.1986	R	26.01.1987	26.02.1987
United Arab Emirates		Ac	02.10.1987	02.11.1987
United Kingdom ¹³¹	26.09.1986	R	09.02.1990	12.03.1990
United Republic of Tanzania		Ac	27.01.2005	26.02.2005
United States of America ¹³¹	26.09.1986	R	19.09.1988	20.10.1988
Uruguay		Ac	21.12.1989	21.01.1990
Vietnam ¹³¹		Ac	29.09.1987	30.10.1987
Zimbabwe	26.09.1986			
Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations ¹³¹		Ac	19.10.1990	19.11.1990
World Health Organization ¹³¹		Ac	10.08.1988	10.09.1988
World Meteorological Organization ¹³¹		Ac	17.04.1990	18.05.1990

133. CONVENTION ON ASSISTANCE IN THE CASE OF A NUCLEAR ACCIDENT OR RADIOLOGICAL EMERGENCY

Objectives

To facilitate the prompt provision of assistance in the event of a nuclear accident or radiological emergency.

Summary of provisions

- (a) Parties to cooperate between themselves and with the International Atomic Energy Agency (hereinafter referred to as the "Agency") to facilitate prompt assistance in the event of a nuclear accident or radiological emergency (art. 1 (1));
- (b) Parties to request the Agency to use its best endeavours in accordance with the provisions of this Convention to promote, facilitate and support the cooperation between states Parties provided for in this Convention (art. 1 (3));
- (c) If a Party needs assistance in the event of a nuclear accident or radiological emergency, whether or not such accident or emergency originates within its territory, jurisdiction or control, it may call for such assistance from any other State Party, directly or through the Agency, and from the Agency, or, where appropriate, from other international intergovernmental organizations (art. 2 (a));
- (d) A Party to which a request for such assistance is directed to promptly decide and notify the requesting States Party, directly or through the Agency, where it is in a position to render the assistance requested, and the scope and terms of the assistance that might be rendered (art. 2 (3));
- (e) A Party may request assistance relating to medical or temporary relocation into the territory of another State Party of people involved in a nuclear accident or radiological emergency (art. 2 (5)).

Membership

This Convention is open to all States, Namibia, represented by the United Nations Council for Namibia, international organizations and regional integration organizations referred to in article 14. Instruments shall be deposited with the director-General of the International Atomic Energy Agency.

Date of adoption	26.09.1986
Place of adoption	Vienna
Date of entry into force	26.02.1987
Languages	Arabic, Chinese, English, French, Russian, Spanish
Depositary	International Atomic Energy Agency

(Status as of 15 December 2005)

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R) Acceptance (At) Approval (Ap) Definitive signature (DS) Accession (Ac) Succession (S)	Date	Entry into force
Afghanistan ¹³²	26.09.1986			
Albania		Ac	30.04.2003	31.05.2003

¹³² With a reservation or declaration deposited upon signature or ratification.

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R) Acceptance (At) Approval (Ap) Definitive signature (DS) Accession (Ac) Succession (S)	Date	Entry into force
Algeria ¹³²	24.09.1987	R	15.01.2004	15.02.2004
Argentina ¹³²		Ac	17.01.1990	17.02.1990
Armenia		Ac	24.08.1993	24.09.1993
Australia ¹³²	26.09.1986	R	22.09.1987	23.10.1987
Austria	26.09.1986	R	21.11.1989	22.12.1989
Bangladesh		Ac	07.01.1988	07.02.1988
Belarus	26.09.1986	R	26.01.1987	26.02.1987
Belgium	26.09.1986	R	04.01.1999	04.02.1999
Bolivia ¹³²		Ac	22.08.2003	21.09.2003
Bosnia and Herzegovina		S	30.06.1998	01.03.1992
Brazil	26.09.1986	R	04.12.1990	04.01.1991
Bulgaria ¹³²	26.09.1986	R	24.02.1988	26.03.1988
Cameroon	25.09.1987			
Canada ¹³²	26.09.1986	R	12.08.2002	12.09.2002
Chile	26.09.1986	R	22.09.2004	23.10.2004
China ¹³²	26.09.1986	R	10.09.1987	11.10.1987
Colombia		Ac	23.06.2005	23.07.2005
Costa Rica	26.09.1986	R	16.09.1991	17.10.1991
Côte d'Ivoire	26.09.1986			
Croatia		S	29.09.1992	08.10.1991
Cuba ¹³²	26.09.1986	R	08.01.1991	08.02.1991
Cyprus		Ac	04.01.1989	04.02.1989
Czech Republic		S	24.03.1993	01.01.1993

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R) Acceptance (At) Approval (Ap) Definitive signature (DS) Accession (Ac) Succession (S)	Date	Entry into force
Democratic People's Republic of Korea ¹³²	29.09.1986			
Democratic Republic of the Congo	30.09.1986			
Denmark	26.09.1986			
Egypt ¹³²	26.09.1986	R	17.10.1988	17.11.1988
El Salvador		Ac	28.07.2005	27.08.2005
Estonia		Ac	09.05.1994	09.06.1994
Finland	26.09.1986	Ap	27.11.1990	28.12.1990
France ¹³²	26.09.1986	Ap	06.03.1989	06.04.1989
Germany ¹³²	26.09.1986	R	14.09.1989	15.10.1989
Greece	26.09.1986	R	06.06.1991	07.07.1991
Guatemala	26.09.1986	R	08.08.1988	08.09.1988
Holy See	26.09.1986			
Hungary ¹³²	26.09.1986	R	10.03.1987	10.04.1987
Iceland	26.09.1986	R		
India ¹³²	29.09.1986	R	28.01.1988	28.02.1988
Indonesia ¹³²	26.09.1986	R	12.11.1993	13.12.1993
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	26.09.1986	R	09.10.2000	09.11.2000
Iraq ¹³²	12.08.1987	R	21.07.1988	21.08.1988
Ireland ¹³²	26.09.1986	R	13.09.1991	14.10.1991
Israel ¹³²	26.09.1986	R	25.05.1989	25.06.1989
Italy ¹³²	26.09.1986	R	25.10.1990	25.11.1990
Japan	06.03.1987	At	09.06.1987	10.07.1987
Jordan	02.10.1986	R	11.12.1987	11.01.1988

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R) Acceptance (At) Approval (Ap) Definitive signature (DS) Accession (Ac) Succession (S)	Date	Entry into force
Kuwait		Ac	13.05.2003	13.06.2003
Latvia		Ac	28.12.1992	28.01.1993
Lebanon	26.09.1986	R	17.04.1997	18.05.1997
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya		Ac	27.06.1990	28.07.1990
Liechtenstein	26.09.1986	R	19.04.1994	20.05.1994
Lithuania		Ac	21.09.2000	22.10.2000
Luxembourg		R	26.09.2000	27.10.2000
Malaysia ¹³²	01.09.1987	DS	01.09.1987	02.10.1987
Mali	02.10.1986			
Mauritius ¹³²		Ac	17.08.1992	17.09.1992
Mexico	26.09.1986	R	10.05.1988	10.06.1988
Monaco ¹³²	26.09.1986	Ap	19.07.1989	19.08.1989
Mongolia ¹³²	08.01.1987	R	11.06.1987	12.07.1987
Morocco	26.09.1986	R	07.10.1993	07.11.1993
Netherlands ¹³²	26.09.1986	At	23.09.1991	24.10.1991
New Zealand		Ac	11.03.1987	11.04.1987
Nicaragua ¹³²		Ac	11.11.1993	12.12.1993
Niger	26.09.1986			
Nigeria	21.01.1987	R	10.08.1990	10.09.1990
Norway	26.09.1986	DS	26.09.1986	26.02.1987
Pakistan ¹³²		Ac	11.09.1989	12.10.1989
Panama	26.09.1986	R	01.04.1999	02.05.1999
Paraguay	02.10.1986			
Peru ¹³²		Ac	17.07.1995	17.08.1995

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R) Acceptance (At) Approval (Ap) Definitive signature (DS) Accession (Ac) Succession (S)	Date	Entry into force
Philippines		Ac	05.05.1997	05.06.1997
Poland ¹³²	26.09.1986	R	24.03.1988	24.04.1988
Portugal	26.09.1986	R	23.10.2003	23.11.2003
Qatar		Ac	04.11.2005	04.12.2005
Republic of Korea		Ac	08.06.1990	09.07.1990
Republic of Moldova		Ac	07.05.1998	07.06.1998
Romania ¹³²		Ac	12.06.1990	13.07.1990
Russian Federation ¹³²	26.09.1986	R	23.12.1986 ¹³³	26.02.1987
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines		Ac	18.09.2001	19.10.2001
Saudi Arabia ¹³²		Ac	03.11.1989	04.12.1989
Senegal	15.06.1987			
Serbia and Montenegro		S	05.02.2002	27.04.1992
Sierra Leone	25.03.1987			
Singapore		Ac	15.12.1997	15.01.1998
Slovakia ¹³²		S	10.02.1993	01.01.1993
Slovenia		S	07.07.1992	25.06.1991
South Africa ¹³²	10.08.1987	R	10.08.1987	10.09.1987
Spain ¹³²	26.09.1986	R	13.09.1989	14.10.1989
Sri Lanka		Ac	11.01.1991	11.02.1991
Sudan	26.09.1986			
Sweden	26.09.1986	R	24.06.1992	25.07.1992
Switzerland	26.09.1986	R	31.05.1988	01.07.1988

¹³³ Continuation notified on 26.12.1991

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R) Acceptance (At) Approval (Ap) Definitive signature (DS) Accession (Ac) Succession (S)	Date	Entry into force
Syrian Arab Republic	02.07.1987			
Thailand ¹³²	25.09.1987	R	21.03.1989	21.04.1989
The Former Yugoslavia Republic of Macedonia		S	20.09.1996	17.11.1991
Tunisia	24.02.1987	R	24.02.1989	27.03.1989
Turkey	26.09.1986	R	03.01.1991	03.02.1991
Ukraine	26.09.1986	R	26.01.1987	26.02.1987
United Arab Emirates		Ac	02.10.1987	02.11.1987
United Kingdom ¹³²	26.09.1986	R	09.02.1990	12.03.1990
United Republic of Tanzania		Ac	27.01.2005	26.02.2005
United States of America ¹³²	26.09.1986	R	19.09.1988	20.10.1988
Uruguay		Ac	21.12.1989	21.01.1990
Vietnam ¹³²		Ac	29.09.1987	30.10.1987
Zimbabwe	26.09.1986			
Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations ¹³²		Ac	19.10.1990	19.11.1990
World Health Organization ¹³²		Ac	10.08.1988	10.09.1988
World Meteorological Organization ¹³²		Ac	17.04.1990	18.05.1990

Secretariat

International Atomic Energy Agency
P.O. Box 200, Wagramer Strasse 5
A-1400 Vienna, Austria
Tel: (431) 2600-0
Fax: (431) 2600-7
E-mail: Official.Mail@iaea.org
Website: <http://www.iaea.org>

134. UNITED NATIONS CONVENTION ON CONDITIONS FOR REGISTRATION OF SHIPS

Objectives

To strengthen the genuine link between a State and ships flying its flag so that State may exercise effective jurisdiction and control over such ships respecting identification and accountability of ship owners and operators as well as administrative, technical, economic and social matters.

Summary of provisions

(a) The Convention provides for the right of each State, whether coastal or landlocked, to sail ships flying its flag on the high seas;

(b) It provides for conditions for identification and accountability, ownership of ships, manning of ships, control of flag States over ship-owning companies and ships, registration of ships, bareboat chargers and the protection of interests of labour-supplying countries;

(c) Article 5 requires the flag State to implement applicable international rules and standards for the safety of ships and persons on board and for the prevention of the pollution of the marine environment, as well as to ensure that ships comply with those rules and standards.

Membership

Open to all States for signature, ratification, acceptance, approval or accession.

Date of adoption	07.02.1986
Place of adoption	Geneva
Date of entry into force	Not yet in force
Languages	Arabic, English, French, Russian, Spanish
Depositary	Secretary-General of the United Nations

(Status as of 30 December 2005)

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R) Accession (Ac) Succession (S)	Date
Albania		Ac	04.10.2004
Algeria	24.02.1987		
Bolivia	18.08.1986		
Bulgaria		Ac	27.12.1996
Cameroon	29.12.1986		
Côte d'Ivoire	02.04.1987	R	28.10.1987
Czech Republic	02.06.1993	S	
Egypt	03.03.1987	R	09.01.1992
Georgia		Ac	07.08.1995
Ghana		Ac	29.08.1990

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R) Accession (Ac) Succession (S)	Date
Haiti		Ac	17.05.1989
Hungary		Ac	23.01.1989
Indonesia	26.01.1987		
Iraq		Ac	01.02.1989
Liberia		Ac	16.09.2005
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	21.04.1987	R	28.02.1989
Mexico	07.08.1986	R	21.01.1988
Morocco	31.07.1986		
Oman		Ac	18.10.1990
Poland	01.04.1987		
Russian Federation	12.02.1987		
Senegal	16.07.1986		
Slovakia	28.05.1993	S	
Syrian Arab Republic		Ac	29.09.2004

135. AGREEMENT ON THE PRESERVATION OF CONFIDENTIALITY OF DATA CONCERNING DEEP SEA BED AREAS

Objectives

To safeguard the confidentiality of the coordinates of the deep sea bed areas as well as of other proprietary or confidential information regarding those areas.

Summary of provisions

(a) The Parties undertake to take appropriate measures within the framework of existing legislation to preserve the confidentiality of data on proprietary or confidential information about sea bed areas, and to ensure that natural and artificial persons within their jurisdiction having access to such information preserve its confidentiality (arts. 1 and 2);

(b) The confidentiality of the coordinates is to be kept for two years and of other confidential information for five years and may, in either case, be prolonged subject to the agreement of the Parties.

Membership

Belgium, Canada, Italy, Netherlands and Russian Federation.

Date of adoption	05.12.1986
Place of adoption	Moscow
Date of entry into force	05.12.1986
Languages	English, French, Italian, Dutch, Russian
Depositary	(not stated)

Participant	Entry into force
Belgium	05.12.1986
Canada	05.12.1986
Italy	05.12.1986
Netherlands	05.12.1986
Russian Federation	05.12.1986

136. CONVENTION FOR THE PROTECTION OF THE NATURAL RESOURCES AND ENVIRONMENT OF THE SOUTH PACIFIC REGION

Objectives

To protect and manage the natural resources and environment of the South Pacific region.

Summary of provisions

The Parties agree to:

- (a) Take all appropriate measures to prevent, reduce and control pollution of the Convention area (art. 5), particularly pollution from vessels (art. 6), land-based sources (art. 7), exploration and exploitation of the sea bed (art. 8), airborne pollution (art. 9), dumping (art. 10) and the testing of nuclear devices (art. 12);
- (b) Ensure that the implementation of this Convention shall not result in an increase in pollution in the marine environment outside the Convention area (art. 5 (2));
- (c) Establish laws and regulations for the effective discharge of the obligations prescribed in this Convention (art. 5 (5));
- (d) Prohibit the storage of radioactive wastes in the Convention area (art. 11);
- (e) Take all appropriate measures to protect and preserve rare ecosystems and endangered flora and fauna, as well as their habitat, in the Convention area (art. 14);
- (f) Cooperate in taking all necessary measures to deal with pollution emergencies in the Convention area (art. 15).

Membership

Open for ratification, acceptance, approval or accession to States invited to participate in the High-level Conference on the Protection of the Natural Resources and Environment at Noumea, New Caledonia from 24-25 November 1986. Any State that was not invited to participate in the High-level Conference may accede to the Convention subject to prior approval by three-fourths of the Parties.

Date of adoption	24.11.1986
Place of adoption	Noumea, New Caledonia
Date of entry into force	22.08.1990
Languages	English, French
Depositary	South Pacific Forum Secretariat

(Status as of October 2005)

Participant	Signature	Ratification (R) Acceptance (At) Approval (Ap) Accession (Ac)
Australia	24.11.1987	19.07.1989
Cook Islands	25.11.1986	09.09.1987
Fiji		18.09.1989
France	25.11.1986	17.07.1990
Marshall Islands	25.11.1986	04.05.1987

Participant	Signature	Ratification (R) Acceptance (At) Approval (Ap) Accession (Ac)
Micronesia, Federated States of	09.04.1987	29.11.1988
Nauru	15.04.1987	28.08.1995
New Zealand	25.11.1986	03.05.1990
Palau	25.11.1986	
Papua New Guinea	03.11.1987	15.09.1989
Solomon Islands		10.08.1989
Tuvalu	14.08.1987	
United Kingdom	16.07.1987	
United States of America	25.11.1986	10.06.1991
Western Samoa	25.11.1986	23.07.1990

Secretariat

South Pacific Regional Environment Programme (SPREP)
P.O. Box 240
Apia
Western Samoa
Tel: (685) 21929
Fax: (685) 20231
Email: sprep@sprep.org
Website: <http://www.sprep.org.ws>

137. PROTOCOL FOR THE PREVENTION OF POLLUTION OF THE SOUTH PACIFIC REGION BY DUMPING

Objectives

To prevent, reduce and control pollution by dumping of wastes and other matter in the South Pacific.

Summary of provisions

The Parties agreed:

- (a) To take all appropriate measures to prevent, reduce and control pollution in the Protocol Area by dumping (art. 3, para. 1);
- (b) Dumping within the territorial sea and the exclusive economic zone or onto the continental shelf of a Party as defined in international law not to be carried out without the express prior approval of the Party (art. 3, para. 2);
- (c) National laws, regulations and measures adopted by the Parties not to be less effective in preventing, reducing and controlling pollution by dumping than the relevant internationally recognized rules and procedures relating to the control of dumping established within the framework of the Convention on the Prevention of Marine Pollution by Dumping of Waste and Other Matter 1972, (art. 3, para. 3);
- (d) The dumping in the Protocol Area of wastes or other matter listed in annex I to this Protocol is prohibited except as provided in this Protocol (art. 4, para. 1);
- (e) The dumping in in the Protocol Area of wastes or other matter listed in annex II to this Protocol requires, in each case, a prior general permit (art. 5);
- (f) The dumping in the Protocol Area of all wastes or other matter not listed in annexes I and II to this Protocol requires a prior general permit (art. 6);
- (g) The permits referred to in articles 5 and 6 to be issued only after careful consideration of all the factors set forth in annex III to this Protocol (art. 7).

Membership

Open for ratification, acceptance, approval or accession to the States invited to participate in the High-level Conference on the Protection of the Natural Resources and Environment of the South Pacific Region, held at Noumea, New Caledonia from 24-25 November 1986. Any State that was not invited to participate in the High-level Conference may accede to the Convention subject to prior approval by three-fourths of the Parties.

Date of adoption	25.11.1986
Place of adoption	Noumea, New Caledonia
Date of entry into force	22.08.1990
Languages	English, French
Depositary	South Pacific Forum Secretariat

(Status as of October 2005)

Participant	Signature	Ratification / Acceptance/ Approval / Accession
Australia	24.11.1987	19.07.1989
Cook Islands	25.11.1986	09.09.1987
Fiji		18.09.1989

Participant	Signature	Ratification / Acceptance/ Approval / Accession
France	25.11.1986	17.07.1990
Marshall Islands	25.11.1986	04.05.1987
Micronesia, Federated States of	09.04.1987	29.11.1986
Nauru	15.04.1987	28.08.1995
New Zealand	25.11.1986	03.05.1990
Palau	25.11.1986	
Papua New Guinea	03.11.1987	15.09.1989
Solomon Islands		10.08.1989
Tuvalu		14.08.1987
United Kingdom	16.07.1987	
United States of America	25.11.1986	10.06.1991
Western Samoa	25.11.1986	23.07.1990

138. PROTOCOL CONCERNING COOPERATION IN COMBATING POLLUTION EMERGENCIES IN THE SOUTH PACIFIC REGION

Objectives

To enhance cooperation among the Parties to protect the South Pacific Region from threats and effects of pollution incidents.

Summary of provisions

The Parties agreed to:

- (a) Cooperate in taking all necessary measures for the protection of the South Pacific Region from the threat and effects of pollution incidents (art. 3, para. 1);
- (b) Establish and maintain or ensure the establishment and maintenance of the means of preventing and combating pollution incidents, and reducing the risk thereof. Such means shall include the enactment, as necessary, of relevant legislation, the preparation of contingency plans, the development and strengthening of the capability to respond to pollution incidents and the designation of a national authority responsible for the implementation of the Protocol (art. 3, para. 2);
- (c) Periodically exchange with other Parties current information relating to the implementation of this Protocol, including the identification of the officials charged with carrying out the activities covered by it and information laws, institutions procedures aimed at combating marine pollution (art. 4);
- (d) Establish appropriate procedures to ensure that information regarding pollution incidents is reported as rapidly as possible (art. 5, para. 1);
- (e) In the event of receiving a report regarding a pollution incident, promptly inform all other Parties whose interests are likely to be affected by such incident, the flag State of any vessel involved in it and the competent international organizations (art. 5, para. 2)
- (f) Each Party requiring assistance to deal with a pollution incident may request the assistance of other Parties (art. 6, para. 1).

Membership

Open to the Parties to the 1986 Convention for the Protection of the Natural Resources and Environment of the South Pacific Region.

Date of adoption	25.11.1986
Place of adoption	Noumea, New Caledonia
Date of entry into force	22.08.1990
Languages	English, French
Depositary	South Pacific Forum Secretariat

(Status as of October 2005)

Participant	Signature	Ratification /Acceptance / Approval / Accession
Australia	24.11.1987	19.07.1989
Cook Islands	25.11.1986	09.09.1987
Fiji		18.09.1989
France	25.11.1986	17.07.1990
Marshall Islands	25.11.1986	04.05.1987

Participant	Signature	Ratification /Acceptance / Approval / Accession
Micronesia, Federated States of	09.04.1987	29.11.1988
Nauru	15.04.1987	28.08.1995
New Zealand	25.11.1986	03.05.1990
Palau	25.11.1986	
Papua New Guinea	03.11.1987	15.09.1989
Solomon Islands		10.08.1989
Tuvalu	14.08.1987	
United Kingdom	16.07.1987	
United States of America	25.11.1986	10.06.1991
Western Samoa	25.11.1986	23.07.1990

139. EUROPEAN CONVENTION FOR THE PROTECTION F VERTEBRATE ANIMALS USED FOR EXPERIMENTAL AND OTHER SCIENTIFIC PURPOSES

Objectives

To protect vertebrate animals used for experimental and other scientific purposes from cruel and inhumane scientific procedures.

Summary of provisions

The Parties agree on:

- (a) Regulation of the purposes for which procedures may be performed i.e. avoidance of prevention of disease, diagnosis or treatment of disease, protection of the environment, scientific research, education and training and forensic inquiries (art. 2);
- (b) Undertaking to ensure that procedures are supervised under an effective system of control (art. 3);
- (c) Control over conduct of procedure to ensure that procedures are humane (arts. 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12);
- (d) Registration and approval of breeding and supplying establishments (art. 14) and user establishments (art. 18);
- (e) Measures for cooperation in education and training exchange of information, recognition of procedures carried out by other Parties and multilateral consultations through the Council of Europe.

Membership

Open to members of the Council of Europe and the European Communities and States not members of the Council of Europe upon invitation by the unanimous vote of the Parties to the Convention.

Date of adoption	18.03.1986
Place of adoption	Strasbourg, France
Date of entry into force	01.01.1991
Languages	English, French
Depositary	Council of Europe

(Status as of 15 December 2005)

Participant	Signature	Ratification	Entry into force
Belgium	18.03.1986	20.12.1991	01.07.1992
Bulgaria	21.05.2003	20.07.2004	01.02.2005
Cyprus	09.12.1993	09.12.1993	01.07.1994
Czech Republic	09.11.2000	20.03.2003	01.10.2003
Denmark	18.03.1986	08.09.2000	01.04.2001
Finland	14.06.1990	14.06.1990	01.01.1991
France	02.09.1987	05.06.2000	01.12.2000

Participant	Signature	Ratification	Entry into force
Germany	21.06.1988	19.04.1991	01.11.1991
Greece	18.03.1986	27.05.1992	01.12.1992
Ireland	06.12.1990		
Lithuania	13.09.2005		
Netherlands	04.08.1986	21.01.1997	01.08.1997
Norway	18.03.1986	09.07.1986	01.01.1991
Portugal	25.05.2000		
Slovenia	31.01.2002		
Spain	11.08.1988	12.09.1989	01.01.1991
Sweden	18.08.1988	15.09.1988	01.01.1991
Switzerland	29.05.1989	03.11.1993	01.06.1994
The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	22.01.2004	22.01.2004	01.08.2004
Turkey	05.09.1986		
United Kingdom	18.03.1986	17.12.1999	01.07.2000
European Community	10.02.1987	30.04.1998	01.11.1998

Secretariat

Secretariat General
Council of Europe
Avenue de l'Europe
67075 Strasbourg Cedex
Tel. +33 (0)3 88 41 20 33
Fax +33 (0)3 88 41 27 45
Email : infopoint@coe.int

140. MONTREAL PROTOCOL ON SUBSTANCES THAT DEplete THE OZONE LAYER

Objectives

To protect the ozone layer by taking precautionary measures to control global emissions of substances that deplete it.

Summary of provisions

- (a) The Parties agreed to control:
- Annual consumption and production of substances named in annex A at the 1986 annual level; for substances in both groups I and II, of annex A commencing 7 months and 36 months, respectively, after the protocol enters into force;
 - Annual consumption and production of the substances in Group I to be reduced to fifty percent (50 per cent) of the 1986 annual level from 1 July 1988 (art. 2).
- (b) Developing countries consuming less than 0.3 kg per capita of the controlled substances, on the entry into force of the Protocol for them, may delay compliance with paragraphs 2, 3 and 4 of article 2 of the Protocol by ten years, provided in that period they do not exceed 0.3 kg per capita (arts. 2 and 5).
- (c) A year after the entry of the Protocol into force Parties may not import the substances from a non-party to the Protocol. After January 1993 developing countries may not export such substances to a non-party (arts. 4 and 5).
- (d) The Protocol, which operates with the framework of the Vienna Convention for the Protection of the Ozone Layer, provides for measures of exchange of technology and information, calculation of control levels and assessment and review of the progress achieved.

Membership

Open for ratification, acceptance, approval or accession of any state or regional economic integration organization which are Parties to the Vienna Convention for the Protection of the Ozone Layer.

Date of adoption	16.09.1987
Place of adoption	Montreal, Canada
Date of entry into force	01.01.1989
Languages	Arabic, Chinese, English, French, Russian, Spanish
Depositary	Secretary-General of the United Nations

(Status as of 30 December 2005)

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Acceptance (At)/ Approval (Ap)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (Sc)	Date
Afghanistan		Ac	17.06.2004
Albania		Ac	08.10.1999
Algeria		Ac	20.10.1992

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Acceptance (At)/ Approval (Ap)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (Sc)	Date
Angola		Ac	17.05.2000
Antigua and Barbuda		Ac	03.12.1992
Argentina	29.06.1988	R	18.01.1990
Armenia		Ac	01.10.1999
Australia	08.06.1988	R	19.05.1989
Austria	29.08.1988	R	03.05.1989
Azerbaijan		Ac	12.06.1996
Bahamas		Ac	04.05.1993
Bahrain		Ac	27.04.1990
Bangladesh		Ac	02.08.1990
Barbados		Ac	16.10.1992
Belarus	22.01.1988	At	31.10.1988
Belgium	16.09.1987	R	30.12.1988
Belize		Ac	09.01.1998
Benin		Ac	01.07.1993
Bhutan		Ac	23.08.2004
Bolivia		Ac	03.10/1994
Bosnia and Herzegovina		Sc	01.09.1993
Botswana		Ac	04.12.1991
Brazil		Ac	19.03.1990
Brunei Darussalam		Ac	27.05.1993
Bulgaria		Ac	20.11.1990
Burkina Faso	14.09.1988	R	20.07.1989
Burundi		Ac	06.01.1997
Cambodia		Ac	27.06.2001

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Acceptance (At)/ Approval (Ap)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (Sc)	Date
Cameroon		Ac	30.08.1989
Canada	16.09.1987	R	30.06.1988
Cape Verde		Ac	31.07.2001
Central African Republic		Ac	29.03.1993
Chad		R	07.06.1994
Chile	14.06.1988	R	26.03.1990
China		Ac	14.06.1991
Colombia		Ac	06.12.1993
Comoros		Ac	31.10.1994
Congo	15.09.1988	R	16.11.1994
Cook Islands		Ac	22.12.2003
Costa Rica		Ac	30.07.1991
Côte d'Ivoire		Ac	05.04.1993
Croatia		Sc	21.09.1992
Cuba		Ac	14.07.1992
Cyprus		Ac	28.05.1992
Czech Republic		Sc	30.09.1993
Democratic People's Republic of Korea		Ac	24.01.1995
Democratic Republic of the Congo		Ac	30.11.1994
Denmark	16.09.1987	R	16.12.1988
Djibouti		Ac	30.07.1999
Dominica		Ac	31.03.1993
Dominican Republic		Ac	18.05.1993

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Acceptance (At)/ Approval (Ap)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (Sc)	Date
Ecuador		Ac	30.04.1990
Egypt	16.09.1987	R	02.08.1988
El Salvador		Ac	02.10.1992
Eritrea		Ac	10.03.2005
Estonia		Ac	17.10.1996
Ethiopia		Ac	11.10.1994
European Community	16.09.1987	Ap	16.12.1988
Fiji		Ac	23.10.1989
Finland	16.09.1987	At	23.12.1988
France	16.09.1987	Ap	28.12.1988
Gabon		Ac	09.02.1994
Gambia		Ac	25.07.1990
Georgia		Ac	21.03.1996
Germany	16.09.1987	R	16.12.1988
Ghana	16.09.1987	Ac	24.07.1989
Greece	29.10.1987	R	29.12.1988
Grenada		Ac	31.03.1993
Guatemala		Ac	07.11.1989
Guinea		Ac	25.06.1992
Guinea Bissau		Ac	12.11.2002
Guyana		Ac	12.08.1993
Haiti		Ac	29.03.2000
Honduras		Ac	14.10.1993
Hungary		Ac	20.04.1989
Iceland		Ac	29.08.1989

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Acceptance (At)/ Approval (Ap)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (Sc)	Date
India		Ac	19.06.1992
Indonesia	21.07.1988	R	26.06.1992
Iran (Islamic Republic of)		Ac	03.10.1990
Ireland	15.09.1988	Ac	16.12.1988
Israel	14.01.1988	Ac	30.06.1992
Italy	16.09.1987	R	16.12.1988
Jamaica		Ac	31.03.1993
Japan	16.09.1987	At	30.09.1988
Jordan		Ac	31.05.1989
Kazakhstan		Ac	26.08.1998
Kenya	16.09.1987	Ac	09.11.1988
Kiribati		Ac	07.01.1993
Kuwait		Ac	23.11.1992
Kyrgyzstan		Ac	31.05.2000
Lao People's Democratic Republic		Ac	21.08.1998
Latvia		Ac	28.04.1995
Lebanon		Ac	31.03.1993
Lesotho		Ac	25.03.1994
Liberia		Ac	15.01.1996
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya		Ac	11.07.1990
Liechtenstein		Ac	08.02.1989
Lithuania		Ac	18.01.1995
Luxembourg	29.01.1988	R	17.10.1988
Madagascar		Ac	07.11.1996

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Acceptance (At)/ Approval (Ap)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (Sc)	Date
Malawi		Ac	09.01.1991
Malaysia		Ac	29.08.1989
Maldives	12.07.1988	R	16.04.1989
Mali		Ac	28.10.1994
Malta	15.09.1988	Ac	29.09.1988
Marshall Islands		Ac	11.03.1993
Mauritania		Ac	26.05.1994
Mauritius		Ac	18.08.1992
Mexico	16.09.1987	R	31.03.1988
Micronesia (Federated States of)		Ac	06.09.1995
Monaco		Ac	12.03.1993
Mongolia		A	07.03.1996
Morocco	07.01.1988	R	28.12.1995
Mozambique		Ac	09.09.1994
Myanmar		Ac	24.11.1993
Namibia		Ac	20.09.1993
Nauru		Ac	12.11.2001
Nepal		Ac	06.07.1994
Netherlands	16.09.1987	At	16.12.1988
New Zealand	16.09.1987	R	21.07.1988
Nicaragua		Ac	05.03.1993
Niger		Ac	09.10.1992
Nigeria		Ac	31.10.1988
Niue		Ac	22.12.2003

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Acceptance (At)/ Approval (Ap)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (Sc)	Date
Norway	16.09.1987	R	24.06.1988
Oman		Ac	30.06.1999
Pakistan	16.09.1987	Ac	18.12.1992
Palau		Ac	29.05.2001
Panama		Ac	13.02.1989
Papua New Guinea		Ac	27.10.1992
Paraguay		Ac	03.12.1992
Peru		Ac	31.03.1993
Philippines	14.09.1988	R	17.07.1991
Poland		Ac	13.07.1990
Portugal	16.09.1987	R	17.10.1988
Qatar		Ac	22.01.1996
Republic of Korea		Ac	27.02.1992
Republic of Moldova		Ac	24.10.1996
Romania		Ac	27.01.1993
Russian Federation	29.12.1987	Ac	10.11.1988
Rwanda		Ac	11.10.2001
Saint Kitts and Nevis		Ac	10.08.1992
Saint Lucia		Ac	28.07.1993
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines		Ac	02.12.1996
Samoa		Ac	21.12.1992
Sao Tome and Principe		Ac	19.11.2001
Saudi Arabia		Ac	01.03.1993
Senegal	16.09.1987	R	06.05.1993

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Acceptance (At)/ Approval (Ap)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (Sc)	Date
Seychelles		Ac	06.01.1993
Sierra Leone		Ac	29.08.2001
Singapore		Ac	05.01.1989
Slovakia		Sc	28.05.1993
Slovenia		Sc	06.07.1992
Solomon Islands		Ac	17.06.1993
Somalia		Ac	01.08.2001
South Africa		Ac	15.01.1990
Spain	21.07.1988	R	16.12.1988
Sri Lanka		Ac	15.12.1989
Sudan		Ac	29.01.1993
Suriname		Ac	14.10.1997
Swaziland		Ac	10.11.1992
Sweden	16.09.1987	R	29.06.1988
Switzerland	16.09.1987	R	28.12.1988
Syrian Arab Republic		Ac	12.12.1989
Tajikistan		Ac	07.01.1998
Thailand	15.09.1988	R	07.07.1989
The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia		Sc	10.03.1994
Togo	16.09.1987	Ac	25.02.1991
Tonga		Ac	29.07.1998
Trinidad and Tobago		Ac	28.08.1989
Tunisia		Ac	25.09.1989
Turkey		Ac	20.09.1991

Participant	Signature	Instrument of Ratification (R)/ Acceptance (At)/ Approval (Ap)/ Accession (Ac)/ Succession (Sc)	Date
Turkmenistan		Ac	18.11.1993
Tuvalu		Ac	15.07.1993
Uganda	15.09.1988	R	15.09.1988
Ukraine	18.02.1988	At	20.09.1988
United Arab Emirates		Ac	22.12.1989
United Kingdom	16.09.1987	R	16.12.1987
United Republic of Tanzania		Ac	16.04.1993
United States of America	16.09.1987	R	21.04.1988
Uruguay		Ac	08.01.1991
Uzbekistan		Ac	18.05.1993
Vanuatu		Ac	21.11.1994
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	16.09.1987	R	06.02.1989
Viet Nam		Ac	26.01.1994
Yemen		Ac	21.02.1996
Yugoslavia		Sc	12.03.2001
Zambia		Ac	24.01.1990
Zimbabwe		Ac	03.11.1992

Secretariat

Ozone Secretariat
 United Nations Environment Programme
 P.O. Box 30552
 Nairobi, Kenya
 Tel: (254-20) 7621234
 Fax: (254-20) 762 3601 or 762 3913

141. AGREEMENT ON THE ACTION PLAN FOR THE ENVIRONMENTALLY SOUND MANAGEMENT OF THE COMMON ZAMBEZI RIVER SYSTEM

Objectives

To coordinate the efforts of the Parties in the sound management of the water resources and the environment of the Common Zambezi River System.

Summary of provisions

The Parties:

- (a) Adopt the Action Plan for the Environmentally Sound Management of the Common Zambezi River System encompassing the territories within or related to the Zambezi River Basin;
- (b) Provide for institutional and financial arrangements for the Plan through the normal institutional arrangements of the Southern Africa Development Coordination Conference or through the alternative plan in annex II;
- (c) Establish national focal points to harmonize the implementation of the Plan.

The Action Plan forms annex I of the agreement. The Parties emphasize four elements: (i) environmental assessment at national and subregional levels; (ii) environmental management; (iii) encouragement of national legislation and the development of the Basin; and (iv) the encouragement of support measures such as training of experts and increasing public awareness through the education of the Action Plan.

Membership

The Parties to the Agreement: Botswana, Mozambique, United Republic of Tanzania, Zambia and Zimbabwe but also open to Angola, Malawi and Namibia (represented by the United Nations Council for Namibia).

Date of adoption	28.05.1987
Place of adoption	Harare
Date of entry into force	28.05.1987
Language	English
Depositary	Southern African Development Coordination Conference

Participant	Entry into force
Botswana	28.05.1987
Mozambique	28.05.1987
United Republic of Tanzania	28.05.1987
Zambia	28.05.1987
Zimbabwe	28.05.1987

142. EUROPEAN CONVENTION FOR THE PROTECTION OF PET ANIMALS

Objectives

To protect pet animals kept by a person or legal entity in any household or in any establishment for trading, for commercial breeding and boarding and in animals sanctuaries.

Summary of provisions

(a) Parties undertake to ensure that pet animals are not caused pain, suffering, distress or abandoned (art. 7);

(b) Parties undertake to encourage the development of information and education programmes so as to promote awareness and knowledge amongst organizations and individuals concerned with the keeping, breeding, training, trading and boarding of pet animals of the provisions and the Principles in the Convention (art. 14);

(c) The Parties shall within five years from the entry into force of the Convention and every five years thereafter, and in any case, whenever a majority of the Parties so request, hold multilateral consultations within the Council of Europe examine the application of the Convention and the advisability of revising it or extending any of its provisions (art. 15).

Membership

Open for signature by the members States of the Council of Europe and subject to ratification, acceptance or approval.

Date of adoption	13.11.1987
Place of adoption	Strasbourg, France
Date of entry into force	01.05.1992
Languages	English, French
Depositary	Council of Europe

(Status as of 15 December 2005)

Participant	Signature	Ratification	Entry into force
Austria	02.10.1997	10.08.1999	01.03.2000
Azerbaijan	22.10.2003		
Belgium	13.11.1987	20.12.1991	01.07.1992
Bulgaria	21.05.2003	20.07.2004	01.02.2005
Cyprus	09.12.1993	09.12.1993	01.07.1994
Czech Republic	24.06.1998	23.09.1998	24.03.1999
Denmark	13.11.1987	20.10.1992	01.05.1993
Finland	02.12.1991	02.12.1991	01.07.1992
France	18.12.1996	03.10.2003	01.05.2004
Germany	21.06.1988	27.05.1991	01.05.1992

Participant	Signature	Ratification	Entry into force
Greece	13.11.1987	29.04.1992	01.11.1992
Italy	13.11.1987		
Lithuania	11.09.2003	19.05.2004	01.12.2004
Luxembourg	13.11.1987	25.10.1991	01.05.1992
Netherlands	13.11.1987		
Norway	13.11.1987	03.02.1988	01.05.1992
Portugal	13.11.1987	26.06.1993	01.01.1994
Romania	23.06.2003	06.08.2004	01.03.2005
Sweden	14.03.1989	14.03.1989	01.05.1992
Switzerland	13.11.1990	03.11.1993	01.06.1994
Turkey	18.11.1999	28.11.2003	01.06.2004

Secretariat

Secretariat General
 Council of Europe
 Avenue de l'Europe
 67075 Strasbourg Cedex
 Tel. +33 (0)3 88 41 20 33
 Fax +33 (0)3 88 41 27 45
 Email : infopoint@coe.int